APPENDIX D

THE ISLAND OF HAWAII

- 1. Hawaii 2024 Updated State and County Bridge Matrix
- 2. Hawaii 2013 State Bridge Matrix
- 3. Hawaii 2013 County Bridge Matrix

HAWAII HISTORY

The biggest island, Hawaii (also called The Big Island), has a land area of 4,038 square miles and comprises two-thirds of the land area of the state. It is composed of five mountain masses; the highest peaks are Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea at 13,680 feet and 13,796 feet, respectively. Kilauea Crater on Mauna Loa is the world's most active volcano. Sheer sea cliffs, as well as deep valleys and gulches, grace the rugged, meandering coastline of the island.

Hawaii Island contains by far the greatest concentration of historic bridges, perhaps due to its rural nature and consequent lack of development, and an abundance of land for alternate transportation routes without the destruction of older bridges and roads. Most of the Big Island's bridges are located along the Hamakua Coast, north of Hilo, due to its abundant rainfall and innumerable streams and gulches. In the 42.5-mile stretch from Hilo to Honokaa on Federal Aid Primary Route (FAP) 19, there are fifty-one bridges, more than one bridge per mile. Remnants of the Mamalahoa Highway, the former belt road which runs parallel to the new highway, serve as a sort of "bridge museum" with examples of almost every remaining bridge type in the islands, including some of the oldest and rarest bridges found in the islands. A number of early masonry (lava rock) arch bridges dating from 1894-1903 are located along the Mamalahoa Highway and are the oldest remaining bridges in the state. A second major area of bridges is in the Kau District, south of the Volcano National Park, albeit with considerably fewer than on the Hamakua Coast. In Kau, eleven bridges are lined up in a row along the FAP 11 within twelve miles of each other. In addition, numerous small county bridges were constructed over streams along the early twentieth-century homestead roads.



FIGURE 1. MAP OF HAWAII (SOURCE: HTTPS://HISTATEGIS.MAPS.ARCGIS.COM/).

Hawaii 2024 Updated State and County Bridge Matrix

					\$	tate-Owned			
Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001000110310346	2-Metal Pipe Culvert	Double Pipe Culvert (Volcano)	Hawaii Belt Road (Volcano Road)	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	No Parapet/Railing	No	Not Eligible**	Research did not indicate significance under NRHP Criteria A, B, C, or D or HRS 6E criteria a, b, c, d, or e.
001000110310424	2-Metal Pipe Culvert	Double Pipe Culvert (Volcano)	Hawaii Belt Road (Volcano Road)	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	No Parapet/Railing	No	Not Eligible**	Research did not indicate significance under NRHP Criteria A, B, C, or D or HRS 6E criteria a, b, c, d, or e.
001000110310410	3-Metal Pipe Culvert	Triple Pipe Culvert (Volcano)	Hawaii Belt Road (Volcano Road)	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	No Parapet/Railing	No	Not Eligible**	Research did not indicate significance under NRHP Criteria A, B, C, or D or HRS 6E criteria a, b, c, d, or e.
001000191108426	Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass)	Plantation Road	1953	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Associated with the railroad and Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline Associated with development of the Hawaii Belt Road, particularly as part of the midcentury "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project" Representative of the work of a master: William R. Bartels See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190308410	Hakalau Stream Bridge	Hakalau Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1953	Steel Trestle	Concrete Open Horizontal	Yes	Eligible***	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c One of six registered steel trestle bridges on the Hamakua coast Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Engineering significance of the trestle structure of the early twentieth century Associated with the sugar plantation industry Associated with the Hilo Railroad Company Associated with there founders of the Hilo railroad company Longest steel bridge built postwar (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 Associated with postwar Hawaii Belt Road District See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5 See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form in appendices
001001900503405	Kamakoa Bridge No. 1	Kamakoa Stream No. 1	Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c Very modest concrete slab bridge with solid parapets Typical of its period in its design, materials, methods of construction, and craftsmanship
001000190308549	Kolekole Stream Bridge	Kolekole Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1950	Steel Truss	Concrete Open Horizontal	Yes	Eligible***	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c One of six registered steel trestle bridges on the Hamakua coast Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Engineering significance of the trestle structure of the early twentieth century Associated with the sugar plantation industry Associated with the Hilo Railroad Company Associated with three founders of the Hilo railroad company See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form in appendices Associated with postwar Hawaii Belt Road District See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190409696	Wailuku River Bridge	Wailuku Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1950	Steel Stringer	Metal Horizontal	No	Eligible***	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Associated with the railroad, and specific federal funding of the U.S. Works Program Grade Crossing Program Associated with development of the Hawaii Belt Road, particularly as part of the mid-20th-century "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project" Representative of the work of a master: William R. Bartels Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
					Co	ounty-Owned			
Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001002700502390	Niulii Stream Bridge	Niulii Stream	Akoni Pule Highway	1918	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1910s reinforced concrete bridge
001002700502386	Waikane Stream Bridge	Waikane Stream	Akoni Pule Highway	1918	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	NRHP/HRS 6E Criteria A/a, C/c Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1910s reinforced concrete bridge

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

General Information

TMK: 318007999, 318008010 **Bridge Number**: 001000110310346

(adjacent)

Common Name: 2-Metal Pipe Culvert

Historic Name: 2-Metal Pipe Culvert

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway/Hawaii Belt Road/Volcano Road/Route

11

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 19.239





Construction Information

	Construction Date: 1966				
Designer/Engineer:					
Builder/Contractor: J.M. Ta	anaka Construction	, Inc.			
Alteration Date(s):					
Alterations:					
esign Information					
Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 16.1	ft.	Total Length: 43.0	ft.	Deck Width: 71.9 ft.
Superstructure:					-
Substructure: Metal Corruç	gated Steel Culvert				
Floor/Decking: Asphalt Cor	ncrete (AC) Pavem	ent			
Parapets/Railings: No Para	apets or Railings				
Other Features:					
listoric Information		riteria: A□	B□ C□ D□		NRHP No.: N/A
NDUD Ctatus: Not Eligible					
					14014/74
HRHP Status: Not Listed	S	SIHP No.: N/A	4	•□	THAT HOS. IV/A
HRHP Status: Not Listed 6E Status: Not Significant	S	i IHP No. : N/ <i>A</i> criteria: a□	A b□ c□ d□	e 🗆	
HRHP Status: Not Listed 6E Status: Not Significant Integrity: Location □ Desi	S	SIHP No.: N/A	A b□ c□ d□	e□ Feeling□	Association□
Historic District:	S	i IHP No. : N/ <i>A</i> criteria: a□	b□ c□ d□ Workmanship□ I	Feeling□	
HRHP Status: Not Listed 6E Status: Not Significant Integrity: Location□ Desi Historic District: Current Function: Culvert	s C ign□ Setting□	i IHP No. : N/ <i>A</i> criteria: a□	A b□ c□ d□	Feeling□	Association□
HRHP Status: Not Listed 6E Status: Not Significant Integrity: Location□ Desi Historic District: Current Function: Culvert Areas of Significance: Eng	s C ign□ Setting□	i IHP No. : N/ <i>A</i> criteria: a□	b□ c□ d□ Workmanship□ I	Feeling□	Association□
HRHP Status: Not Listed 6E Status: Not Significant Integrity: Location □ Desi Historic District: Current Function: Culvert	gineering Setting □	al HP No. : N/A criteria: a□ Materials□	b□ c□ d□ Workmanship□ I	Feeling□	Association□

headwall on the north side of the culvert, all of which support the asphalt concrete (AC) two-lane roadway. The culvert

lacks parapets/railings and pedestrian walkways.

SHBIE Update 2024

Statement of Significance:

The 2-Metal Pipe Culvert carries a reconstructed portion of the Mamalahoa Highway, a part of the Hawaii Belt Road, and provides road access from Hilo to Volcanoes National Park. The Mamalahoa Highway is named after King Kamehameha I's "the way or law of the broken canoe paddle" edict, popularly known as the "Law of the Splintered Paddle" that guaranteed the safety of all highways to travelers. The Mamalahoa Highway is also associated with Volcano Road, which was originally promoted by Minister of the Interior Lorrin Thurston in 1888 to link Hilo with Volcano House at the edge of Kilauea Crater, supporting tourism and connecting coffee and sugar plantations to Hilo. Completed in 1894 as a carriage road, Volcano Road was reconstructed to automobile standards as tourism to Hawaii National Park increased in the first half of the 20th-century. By 1947, roadside development encroached on fern-ohia forests and lead the National Parks Service (NPS) to begin planning for a bypass road and new entrance to the park to divert commercial traffic while preserving and enhancing the area's natural features for park visitors. The bypass road's construction began in 1961 and was completed by 1962. In 1964, the State of Hawaii took over maintenance responsibility for the Mamalahoa Highway, though the NPS has authority to review and approve any plans or changes to this stretch of road. The 2-Metal Pipe Culvert was part of HDOT's Volcano Road – Glenwood Section (Federal-Aid Project No. F-011-2(5)) project and indicated as Sta. 438+77.30 in diagrams. This project rebuilt a 4-mile-long section of Volcano Road for \$1.8 million and was completed between 1967 and 1970 by J.M. Tanaka Construction, Inc.

This culvert was previously determined eligible in the 2013 SHBIE as a "unique lava rock culvert." As a result of additional research, the culvert has been determined to be not eligible.

The culvert was constructed after the Mamalahoa Highway bypass was completed in 1962 and after the State of Hawaii took over maintenance from the National Parks Service. It is not associated with earlier transportation improvements or with the transition from Hawaii's agricultural plantation economy to tourism. Therefore, the culvert is not significant under Criterion A.

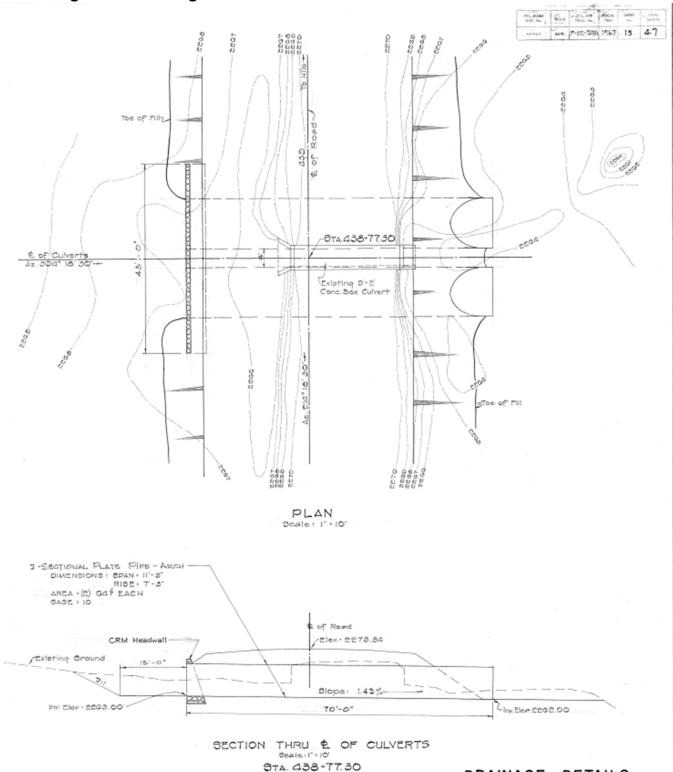
Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past and is therefore not significant under Criterion B.

The culvert makes use of local basalt rock (lava rock) on one headwall and prefabricated corrugated steel tubes. It is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. The culvert is therefore not significant under Criterion C.

The culvert was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

Therefore, the 2-Metal Pipe Culvert is not eligible for the NRHP.

Historic Images and Drawings



Source: State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. "As Built" Plans of Volcano Road – Glenwood Section: Federal Aid Primary Project F-011-2(5), District of Puna, Island of Hawaii. July 27, 1967. Sheet 15. Accessed May 12, 2023. http://162.221.244.142:8080/As-Built/res/Hawaii/Route%200011/0011-044/DRAINAGE%20DETAILS.pdf).

References

- Duensing, Dawn E. *Hawaiʻi's Scenic Roads: Paving the Way for Tourism in the Islands*. Honolulu: University of Hawaiʻi Press, 2015. http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt13x1jdz.
- Duensing, Dawn E. "Hawaii Volcano National Park Roads, Volcano Vicinity, Hawaii County, Hawaii, HAER No. HI-47." Historic American Engineering Record, National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, DC, 1999.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. "As Built" Plans of Volcano Road Glenwood Section: Federal Aid Primary Project F-011-2(5), District of Puna, Island of Hawaii. July 27, 1967. Accessed May 12, 2023, http://162.221.244.142:8080/As-Built/res/Hawaii/Route%200011/0011-044/0011-044.htm.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. [Annual Report] Year Ending June 30, 1971. N.p., n.d. Retrieved from https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/000548436.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. Culvert, facing southeast.



Image 2. Culvert, facing northeast.



Image 3. View from roadway, facing northeast.



Image 4. Interior view of culvert.

General Information

500

1000

1500

Bridge Number: 001000110310424 **TMK**: 318007016 (adjacent) Common Name: 2-Metal Pipe Culvert Historic Name: 2-Metal Pipe Culvert Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway/Hawaii Belt Road/Volcano Road/Route Island: Hawaii Milepost: 18.37 Latitude: 19.50464 **Longitude**: -155.1422 Ownership: State Image Date: 11/01/2023 Mauna Loa Di HAWAII ISLAND 2 Metal Pipe Culvert Bridge Lehuanani St 001000110310424

Construction Information

Bridge Type: Metal Corru	Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert				Construction Date: 1966			
Designer/Engineer:								
Builder/Contractor: J.M.	Tanaka Construction, Ir	C.						
Alteration Date(s):								
Alterations: None								
Design Information								
Number of Spans: 2	Max Span : 17.1 ft.	Tota	Length: 42	ft.	Deck Width: 69.9 ft			
Superstructure: N/A	<u>'</u>							
Substructure: Metal Corr	ugated Culvert							
Floor/Decking: Asphalt C	Concrete (AC) Pavement							
Parapets/Railings: No Parapets/Railings	arapets/Railings							
Other Features:								
Historic Information								
NRHP Status: Not Eligible	e Crite	eria: A□ B□	C□ D□		NRHP No.: N/A			
HRHP Status: Not Listed	SIH	P No.: N/A						
6E Status: Not Significan	t Crite	eria: a□ b□	c□ d□	e□				
Integrity: Location □ Do	esign□ Setting□ Ma	ıterials□ Worl	manship□	Feeling□	Association□			

Current Function: Culvert

Historic District:

Areas of Significance:
Period of Significance:

Supplemental Documentation: HAER No. HI-47

Narrative Description:

The culvert, comprised of two identical corrugated steel pipes, carries the roadway across an unnamed stream. The pipes are enclosed within an earthen embankment and there is one lava rock (concrete rubble masonry or CRM) headwall on the north side of the culvert, all of which support a deck of asphalt concrete pavement. The culvert lacks parapets and railings.

Historic Function: Culvert

Contributing:

Statement of Significance:

The 2-Metal Pipe Culvert carries a reconstructed portion of the Mamalahoa Highway, a part of the Hawaii Belt Road, and provides road access from Hilo to Volcanoes National Park. The Mamalahoa Highway is named after King Kamehameha I's "the way or law of the broken canoe paddle" edict, popularly known as the "Law of the Splintered Paddle" that guaranteed the safety of all highways to travelers. The Mamalahoa Highway is also associated with Volcano Road, which was originally promoted by Minister of the Interior Lorrin Thurston in 1888 to link Hilo with Volcano House at the edge of Kilauea Crater, supporting tourism and connecting coffee and sugar plantations to Hilo. Completed in 1894 as a carriage road, Volcano Road was reconstructed to automobile standards as tourism to Hawaii National Park increased in the first half of the 20th-century. By 1947, roadside development encroached on fern-ohia forests and lead the National Parks Service (NPS) to begin planning for a bypass road and new entrance to the park to divert commercial traffic while preserving and enhancing the area's natural features for park visitors. The bypass road's construction began in 1961 and was completed by 1962. In 1964, the State of Hawaii took over maintenance responsibility for the Mamalahoa Highway, though the NPS has authority to review and approve any plans or changes to this stretch of road. The 2-Metal Pipe Culvert was part of HDOT's Volcano Road – Glenwood Section (Federal-Aid Project No. F-011-2(5)) project and indicated as Sta. 484+16 in diagrams. This project rebuilt a 4-mile-long section of Volcano Road for \$1.8 million and was completed between 1967 and 1970 by J.M. Tanaka Construction, Inc.

This culvert was previously determined eligible in the 2013 SHBIE as a "unique lava rock culvert." As a result of additional research, the culvert has been determined to be not eligible.

The culvert was constructed after the Mamalahoa Highway bypass was completed in 1962 and after the State of Hawaii took over maintenance from the National Parks Service. It is not associated with earlier transportation improvements or with the transition from Hawaii's agricultural plantation economy to tourism. Therefore, the culvert is not significant under Criterion A.

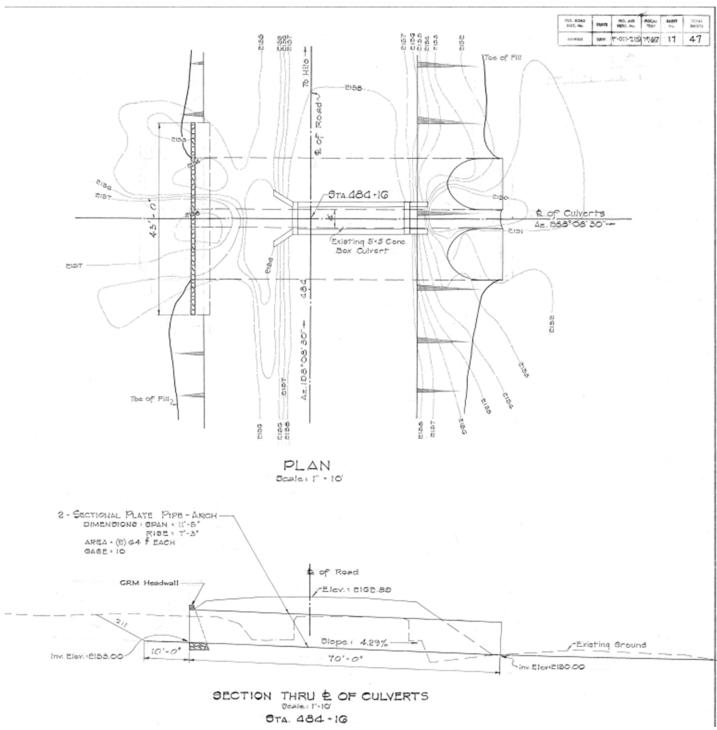
Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past and is therefore not significant under Criterion B.

The culvert makes use of local basalt rock (lava rock) on one headwall and prefabricated corrugated steel tubes. It is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. The culvert is therefore not significant under Criterion C.

The culvert was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

Therefore, the 2-Metal Pipe Culvert is not eligible for the NRHP.

Historic Images and Drawings



(Source: State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. "As Built" Plans of Volcano Road – Glenwood Section: Federal Aid Primary Project F-011-2(5), District of Puna, Island of Hawaii. July 27, 1967. Sheet 17. Accessed May 12, 2023. http://162.221.244.142:8080/As-Built/res/Hawaii/Route%200011/0011-044/DRAINAGE%20DETAILS.pdf).

References

- Duensing, Dawn E. *Hawaiʻi's Scenic Roads: Paving the Way for Tourism in the Islands*. Honolulu: University of Hawaiʻi Press, 2015. http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt13x1jdz.
- Duensing, Dawn E. "Hawaii Volcano National Park Roads, Volcano Vicinity, Hawaii County, Hawaii, HAER No. HI-47." Historic American Engineering Record, National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, DC, 1999.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. "As Built" Plans of Volcano Road Glenwood Section: Federal Aid Primary Project F-011-2(5), District of Puna, Island of Hawaii. July 27, 1967. Accessed May 12, 2023. http://162.221.244.142:8080/As-Built/res/Hawaii/Route%200011/0011-044/0011-044.htm.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. *Year Ending June 30, 1971*. N.p., n.d. Retrieved from https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/000548436.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of culvert, facing southeast.



Image 2. General view of culvert, facing northwest.



Image 3. View from road, facing northeast.



Image 4. Interior view of culvert cell.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000110310410 **TMK**: 318007016 (adjacent)

Common Name: 3-Metal Pipe Culvert

Historic Name: 3-Metal Pipe Culvert

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway/Hawaii Belt Road/Volcano Road/Route

11

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 18.46

Latitude: 19.50337 **Longitude**: -155.1427







Construction Information

parapets/railings and pedestrian walkways.

	•					
Bridge Type: Metal Corrugate	t		Construction Date: 1966		iction Date: 1966	
Designer/Engineer:						
Builder/Contractor: J.M. Tan	aka Constructi	on, Inc.				
Alteration Date(s):						
Alterations: None						
esign Information						
Number of Spans: 3	5.1 ft.	Total Len	gth : 59.′	l ft.	Deck Width: 71.9 ft.	
Superstructure:						-
Substructure: Metal Corrugat	ted Steel Culve	ert				
Floor/Decking: Asphalt Conc	rete (AC) Pave	ment				
Parapets/Railings: No Parape	ets/Railings					
Other Features:						
istoric Information NRHP Status: Not Eligible		Criteria: A□	B□ C□			NRHP No.: N/A
HRHP Status: Not Listed		SIHP No.: N/A				
6E Status : Not Significant		Criteria: a□	b□ c□	d□	e□	
ntegrity: Location□ Design	n□ Setting□	Materials□	Workman	ship□	Feeling□	Association□
Historic District:						Contributing:
Current Function: Culvert			Historic F	unction	: Culvert	
Areas of Significance:						
Period of Significance:						
Supplemental Documentation	n: HAER No. I	HI-47				
Narrative Description:						
The culvert, comprised of thre pipes are enclosed within an e headwall on the north side of t	earthen emban	kment and ther	e is one lav	a rock (c	oncrete ru	bble masonry or CRM)

SHBIE Update 2024

Statement of Significance:

The 3-Metal Pipe Culvert carries a reconstructed portion of the Mamalahoa Highway, a part of the Hawaii Belt Road, and provides road access from Hilo to Volcanoes National Park. The Mamalahoa Highway is named after King Kamehameha I's "the way or law of the broken canoe paddle" edict, popularly known as the "Law of the Splintered Paddle" that guaranteed the safety of all highways to travelers. The Mamalahoa Highway is also associated with Volcano Road, which was originally promoted by Minister of the Interior Lorrin Thurston in 1888 to link Hilo with Volcano House at the edge of Kilauea Crater, supporting tourism and connecting coffee and sugar plantations to Hilo. Completed in 1894 as a carriage road, Volcano Road was reconstructed to automobile standards as tourism to Hawaii National Park increased in the first half of the 20th-century. By 1947, roadside development encroached on fern-ohia forests and lead the National Parks Service (NPS) to begin planning for a bypass road and new entrance to the park to divert commercial traffic while preserving and enhancing the area's natural features for park visitors. The bypass road's construction began in 1961 and was completed by 1962. In 1964, the State of Hawaii took over maintenance responsibility for the Mamalahoa Highway, though the NPS has authority to review and approve any plans or changes to this stretch of road. The 3-Metal Pipe Culvert was part of HDOT's Volcano Road – Glenwood Section (Federal-Aid Project No. F-011-2(5)) project and indicated as Sta. 479+50 in diagrams. This project rebuilt a 4-mile-long section of Volcano Road for \$1.8 million and was completed between 1967 and 1970 by J.M. Tanaka Construction, Inc.

This culvert was previously determined eligible in the 2013 SHBIE as a "unique lava rock culvert." As a result of additional research, the culvert has been determined to be not eligible.

The culvert was constructed after the Mamalahoa Highway bypass was completed in 1962 and after the State of Hawaii took over maintenance from the National Parks Service. It is not associated with earlier transportation improvements or with the transition from Hawaii's agricultural plantation economy to tourism. Therefore, the culvert is not significant under Criterion A.

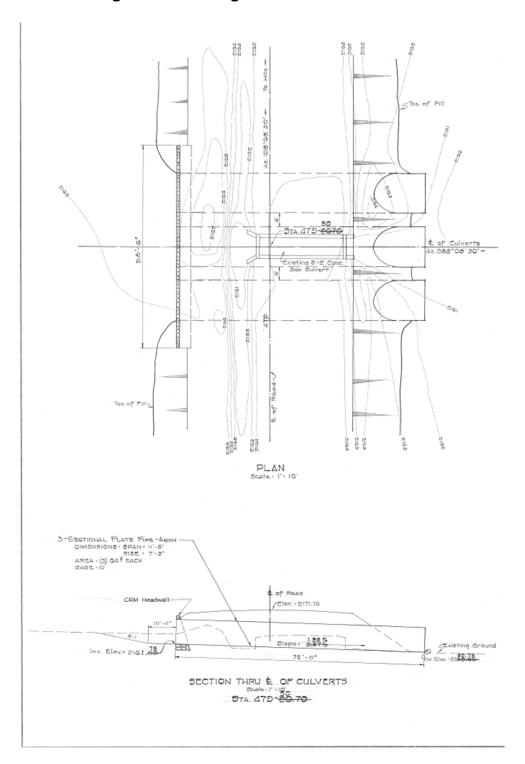
Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past and is therefore not significant under Criterion B.

The culvert makes use of local basalt rock (lava rock) on one headwall and prefabricated corrugated steel tubes. It is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. The culvert is therefore not significant under Criterion C.

The culvert was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

Therefore, the 3-Metal Pipe Culvert is not eligible for the NRHP.

Historic Images and Drawings



(Source: State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. "As Built" Plans of Volcano Road – Glenwood Section: Federal Aid Primary Project F-011-2(5), District of Puna, Island of Hawaii. July 27, 1967. Sheet 17. Accessed May 12, 2023. http://162.221.244.142:8080/As-Built/res/Hawaii/Route%200011/0011-044/DRAINAGE%20DETAILS.pdf).

References

- Duensing, Dawn E. *Hawaiʻi's Scenic Roads: Paving the Way for Tourism in the Islands*. Honolulu: University of Hawaiʻi Press, 2015. http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt13x1jdz.
- Duensing, Dawn E. "Hawaii Volcano National Park Roads, Volcano Vicinity, Hawaii County, Hawaii, HAER No. HI-47." Historic American Engineering Record, National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, DC, 1999.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. "As Built" Plans of Volcano Road Glenwood Section: Federal Aid Primary Project F-011-2(5), District of Puna, Island of Hawaii. July 27, 1967. Accessed May 12, 2023. http://162.221.244.142:8080/As-Built/res/Hawaii/Route%200011/0011-044/0011-044.htm.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. *Year Ending June 30, 1971.* N.p., n.d. Retrieved from https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/000548436.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of culvert, facing northeast.



Image 2. General view of culvert, facing southwest.



Image 3. General view of culvert area, facing northeast.



Image 4. View inside culvert cell.

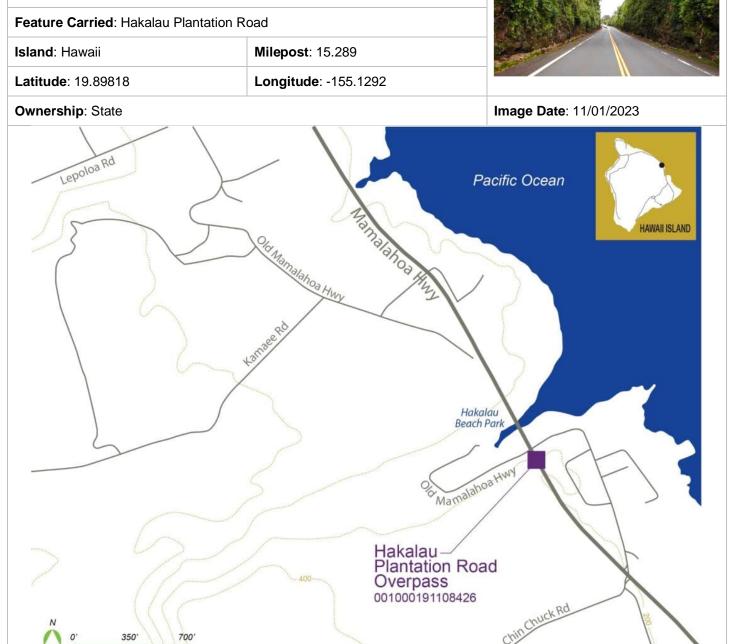
General Information

Bridge Number: 001000191108426 **TMK**: 329006021

Common Name: Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass

Historic Name: Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass

Feature Crossed: Hawaii Belt Road/Route 19



Construction Information

Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1953
Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels	
Builder/Contractor:	
Alteration Date(s):	
Alterations:	

Design Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span : 79.1 ft.	Total Length: 83.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.4 ft.				
Superstructure: Steel Two-Girder							
Substructure: Reinforced Concrete Abutment							
Floor/Decking: Reinforced Concrete Deck with Asphalt Concrete (AC) Overlay							
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal							
Other Features:							

Historic Information

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	B□ C⊠ D□		NRHP No.: N/A		
HRHP Status: Not Listed	SIHP No.: N/A	1				
6E Status : Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□	e□			
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship⊠	Feeling⊠	Association⊠		
Historic District: N/A				Contributing: N/A		
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge					
Areas of Significance: Transportation, Engineering						
Period of Significance: 1953						
Narrative Description:						
Narrative Description: The Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass carries the Hakalau Plantation Road over the Hawaii Belt Road. This single-span steel stringer bridge rests on reinforced concrete abutments. The reinforced concrete deck, supported by steel I-beam girders with a truss support structure, carries a one-lane roadway paved in asphalt concrete (AC) overlay. Flanking the roadway are concrete open horizontal railings.						

Statement of Significance:

The Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass is part of the 1950 "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project" that followed the 1946 tsunami. This tsunami caused irreparable damage to the Hilo Railroad Company which sold its bridges for scrap and its right-of-way was repurposed into the Hawaii Belt Road, itself constructed between 1932 and 1958. William R. Bartels, the Territorial Highway Department director, drew up plans for the belt road's bridges and repurposed components of rail bridges into the new belt road. The Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass used steel girders salvaged from the 80-foot span of the Maulua Gulch Railroad Bridge as lateral cross-bracing members. Since 2015, the bridge has not been in service.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements, as well as Hawaii's sugar plantation economy and reconstruction efforts following the 1946 tsunami, it is therefore significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past. National Register Bulletin 15, How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation, provides additional guidance for evaluating individuals under Criterion B. While the bridge is associated with William R. Bartels, master engineers are represented by their works and evaluated under Criterion C. Therefore, the bridge is not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge's steel construction is an example of a distinctive and rare structural type as the extreme marine environment of Hawaii precluded widespread use of steel. Its later adaptation into a highway bridge is illustrative of changing travel patterns of the mid-20th century. The bridge is also associated with master engineer William R. Bartels. For these reasons, the bridge is significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location. It retains integrity of design, materials, and workmanship. Its integrity of setting is intact as development surrounding the bridge is limited and its lush, semi-rural surroundings remains. The bridge retains integrity of feeling and association as a mid-twentieth century highway structure associated with the Hawaii Belt Road and the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project."

Therefore, the Hakalau Plantation Road Overpass is eligible for the NRHP.

References

- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing southeast.



Image 2. View of deck and parapets.



Image 3. Underside of bridge superstructure.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190308410 **TMK**: 331001999

Common Name: Hakalau Stream Bridge

Historic Name: Hakalau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Hakalau Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road/Route 19

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 15.299



Latitude: 19.89928 Longitude: -155.1298 Ownership: State Image Date: 11/01/2023 Pacific Ocean HAWAII ISLAND Hakalau Stream Bridge 001000190308410 Hakalau Beach Park

Construction Information

Bridge Type: Steel Trestle	Construction Date: 1953				
Designer/Engineer: John Mason Young (1911)/William R. Bartels (1953)					
Builder/Contractor : W. W. Beers (1911) – Fabricator: Hamilton and Chambers, NY (1911)/Independent Iron Works, CA (1953)					
Alteration Date(s):					
Alterations: Thrie beams have been added to the bridge's end posts at an unkn	own date.				

Design Information

Number of Spans: 14	Max Span: 71.9	Total Length: 774.9	Deck Width: 38.4				
Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder							
Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Steel Trestle							
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay							
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal							
Other Features: Concrete	end piers with incised bridge na	me and date of construction	n (added 1953)				

Historic Information

beams have been attached to the bridge end posts.

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	B□ C⊠ D□	NRHP No.: N/A		
HRHP Status: Listed	SIHP No.: 50-	10-16-09090			
6E Status: Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□ e			
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship⊠ Fee	eling⊠ Association⊠		
Historic District: N/A			Contributing: N/A		
Current Function: Highway Bridge		Historic Function: Railroad Bridge			
Areas of Significance: Engineering, Transportation, Commerce					
Period of Significance: 1911, 1953					
Narrative Description:					
The Hakalau Stream Bridge carries the Haw	aii Belt Road ov	ver the Hakalau Stream	. At 171 feet in height, it is a six-		

span, steel trestle bridge featuring a reinforced concrete deck supported by steel girders/beams. Six steel truss piers support the bridge and feature reinforced concrete pile footings. The bridge substructure includes reinforced concrete abutments. Along the bridge are open horizontal concrete railings and end piers, which were added in 1953. Thrie

Statement of Significance:

Originally constructed for Benjamin Dillingham's Hilo Railroad Company in 1911-1912 following plans drawn up by engineer John Mason Young, the Hakalau Stream Bridge figured among the longest and tallest structures on the line. When in service as a railroad bridge for the Hilo Railroad Company, the structure contributed to Hawaii's sugar plantation economy and emerging tourism industry along the Hamakua Coast. Following the 1946 tsunami that caused irreparable damage to the railroad, the company sold the railroad for scrap. The Territorial Highway Department, under the direction of William R. Bartels and in accordance with the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project," decided to relocate the Hawaii Belt Road along the railroad right-of-way in 1950. When converted to carry the Hawaii Belt Road, the widened Hakalau Stream Bridge used steel girders salvaged from other railroad structures (Kealakaha, Laupahoehoe, and Kaula trestles). This is evident in the bridge piers where the original steel truss piers are joined to outer truss piers to support the additional width of the highway bridge. The Hawaii Belt Road, constructed by the Territorial Highway Department between 1932 and 1958, replaced the circuitous Old Mamalahoa Highway. During the Fall of 2023 the bridge underwent a rehabilitation project. The scope of the project involved foundation replacement for scour, replacement or rehabilitation of columns and trusses, deck rehabilitation, and painting.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements in both rail and road infrastructure, as well as Hawaii's sugar plantation economy and the important "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project," it is significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past. National Register Bulletin 15, How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation, provides additional guidance for evaluating individuals under Criterion B. While the bridge is associated with John Mason Young and William R. Bartels, master engineers are represented by their works and evaluated under Criterion C. Additionally, the individual bridge does not best represent Benjamin Dillingham's productive life when compared to the numerous other examples of Dillingham's prolific business ventures in Hawaii. Therefore, the bridge is not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge's steel construction is an example of a distinctive and rare structural type, as the extreme marine environment of Hawaii precluded widespread use of steel. Its later adaptation into a highway bridge is illustrative of changing travel patterns of the early and mid-20th century. The bridge is also associated with masters John Mason Young, who designed the original structure, and William R. Bartels, who worked with Young when adapting the bridge in 1953. This bridge is therefore significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location, situated over Hakalau Stream. Its integrity of setting is intact, as development surrounding the bridge is limited, and its lush, rural surroundings remain. It retains integrity of design, materials, and workmanship demonstrating its conversion from a rail to road bridge. The bridge retains integrity of feeling as a railroad trestle turned roadway bridge and integrity of association with mid-twentieth century roadway improvements in Hawaii, particularly the Hawaii Belt Road, and the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project."

Therefore, the Hakalau Stream Bridge is eligible for the NRHP.

The bridge is documented in the 2009 NRHP Multiple Property Documentation Form for the "Steel Trestle Bridges on the Hamakua Coast" and on an individual NRHP Registration Form. However, the bridge is not currently listed in the NRHP.

References

- Leineweber, Spencer. "Hakalau Stream Bridge, National Register of Historic Places Registration Form." U.S. National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, n.d. (Hawai'i SHPD).
- Leineweber, Spencer. "Steel Trestle Bridges on the Hamakua Coast, National Register of Historical Places, Multiple Property Documentation Form." U.S. National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, 2009. (Hawai'i SHPD).
- "Repair Plans for Hamakua Coast Bridges." State of Hawaii Department of Transportation. September 27, 2021. Accessed October 13, 2022, https://hidot.hawaii.gov/highways/repair-plans-for-hamakua-coast-bridges/.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing southwest.



Image 2. General view of bridge, facing northeast.



Image 3. General view of bridge deck and railings, facing southeast.

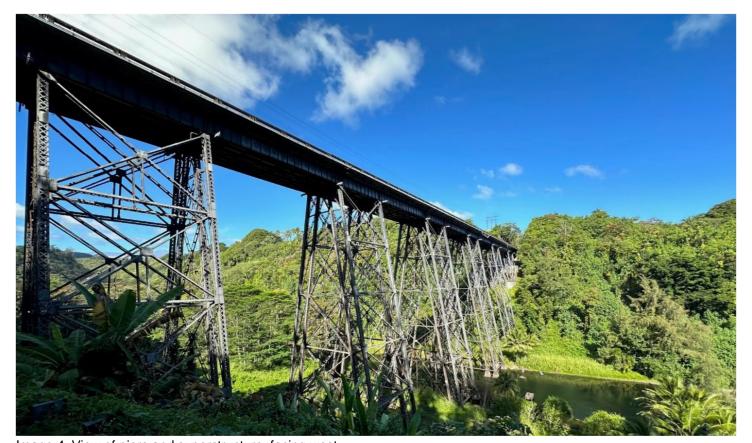


Image 4. View of piers and superstructure, facing west.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001001900503405 **TMK**: 367001025

Common Name: Kamakoa Bridge No. 1

Historic Name: Kamakoa Bridge No. 1

Feature Crossed: Kamakoa Stream No. 1

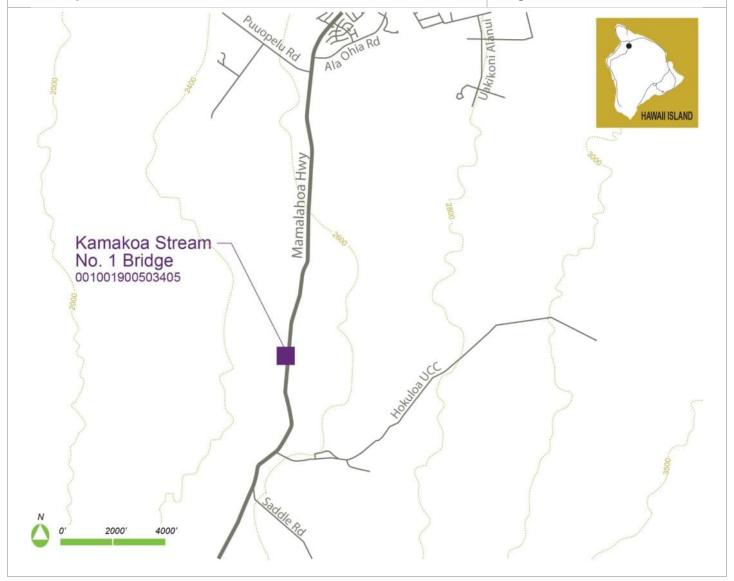
Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway/Route 190

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 3.45

Latitude: 19.95603 **Longitude**: -155.681

Ownership: State Image Date: 11/01/2023





Construction Information

Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1930
Designer/Engineer:	
Builder/Contractor:	
Alteration Date(s): 2021	
Alterations : East parapet fracture has been stabilized with steel plating reinforce bridge deck and approach roadways. Thrie beams have been added to the bridge	

Design Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span : 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 21.0 ft.	Deck Width: 26.6 ft.		
Superstructure: Concrete Slab					
Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall					
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with Asphalt Concrete (AC) Overlay					
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap					
Other Features:					

Historic Information

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	B□ C⊠ D□	NRHP No.: N/A
HRHP Status: Not Listed	SIHP No.: N/A	4	
6E Status : Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□ e□	
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship⊠ Feeling⊠	Association⊠
Historic District: N/A			Contributing: N/A
Current Function: Bridge		Historic Function: Bridge	
Areas of Significance: Transportation, Engi	ineering		
Period of Significance: 1930			
Narrative Description:			

The Kamakoa Bridge No. 1 carries the Mamalahoa Highway over the Kamakoa Stream. This single-span concrete slab bridge rests on reinforced concrete abutments. The concrete deck carries a two-lane roadway paved in asphalt concrete (AC) overlay. Flanking the roadway are concrete solid panel with cap railings. The east parapet has suffered fracture damage that has been stabilized with steel plating reinforcement in 2021. Thrie beams have been attached to the end posts.

Statement of Significance:

The current Mamalahoa Highway originated in 1927 with Federal Aid Project money to construct the North Kona Belt Road between Kailua and South Kohala at Waimea. This belt road formed one of the belt and defense roads constructed by the Territorial Highway Department that was established following the passage of the 1924 Bill of Rights and the 1925 Federal Road Program. The bridge's design, a concrete slab with solid panel with cap railing, was a common type of bridge found in Hawaii prior to World War II.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements in Hawaii during the Territorial period, it is therefore significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past and is therefore not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge is a result of early developments in concrete bridge design and construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. In particular, the use of solid concrete panels with cap parapets represent a typical rail pattern used by the Territorial Highway Department. This bridge is therefore significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location, situated over a waterway. It retains a diminished integrity of design, materials, and workmanship due to alterations to improve vehicular safety through the use of thrie beams and repairs undertaken in 2021 to stabilize the original parapet. Its integrity of setting is intact as development surrounding the bridge is limited and its lush, semi-rural surroundings remains. The bridge retains integrity of feeling and association as a pre-World War II bridge type and its association with Territorial roadway improvements during the 1930s.

Therefore, Kamakoa Bridge No. 1 is eligible for the NRHP.

References

- Duensing, Dawn E. *Hawaiʻi's Scenic Roads: Paving the Way for Tourism in the Islands*. Honolulu: University of Hawaiʻi Press, 2015. http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt13x1jdz.
- Territory of Hawaii. Superintendent of Public Works. *Report to the Governor for the Year Ending June 30, 1929.* N.p.: The Printshop Company, Ltd., 1929. Retrieved from https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/100157967.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing west.



Image 2. General setting of bridge, facing south.



Image 3. Detail of east parapet, facing northeast.



Image 4. Detail of west parapet, facing northwest.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190308549 **TMK**: 328015999

Common Name: Kolekole Stream Bridge

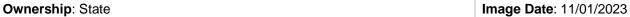
Historic Name: Kolekole Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kolekole Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road/Route 19

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 13.97

Latitude: 19.88271 **Longitude**: -155.119







Construction Information

Bridge Type: Steel Truss	Construction Date: 1950	
Designer/Engineer: John Mason Young (1911)/William R. Bartels (1950), Bureau of Public Roads		
Builder/Contractor: James W. Glover, Ltd.		
Alteration Date(s): 2001-2002, 2021, 2022		

Alterations: A seismic retrofit occurred in 2001-2002 that included fiber reinforced polymer (FRP) wrap on the columns, longitudinal restrainers, link beams, hinge restrainers, shear connectors, and seat extenders at hinges and abutments. In-kind repair work to bridge members occurred in 2021. Emergency repairs in 2022 with steel bolting and ACROW structure.

Design Information

Number of Spans: 6	Max Span : 130.9 ft.	Total Length: 497.0 ft.	Deck Width: 38.4 ft.		
Superstructure: Steel Deck Truss					
Substructure: Reinforced Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier					
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with Asphalt Concrete (AC) Overlay					
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal					
Other Features: Pedestrian Walkways each side					

Historic Information

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	B□ C⊠ D	D 🗆	NRHP No.: N/A
HRHP Status: Listed	SIHP No.: 50-	-10-16-09090		
6E Status: Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□	□ e□	
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship∑	☑ Feeling⊠	Association⊠
Historic District: N/A				Contributing: N/A
Current Function: Highway Bridge Historic Function: Railroad Bridge		Bridge		
Areas of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering				
Period of Significance: 1911, 1950				
Supplemental Documentation: HAER No. HI-164				
Narrative Description:				
The Kolekole Stream Bridge carries the Haw	vaii Belt Road o	ver the Kolekole	Stream. It is a	a steel truss bridge that

carries a concrete deck over six spans. The road deck, featuring two traffic lanes flanked by pedestrian walkways with

concrete open horizontal parapets, rests on six concrete double column piers. Unique to the bridge are three distinct spanning structures, steel trusses for spans 3 and 4, steel girders for spans 2, 5, and 6, and a concrete slab for span 1. Parts of the bridge's construction materials came from repurposed materials of railroad bridges, including two steel truss spans from the Wailuku River Bridge.

Statement of Significance:

Originally constructed for Benjamin Dillingham's Hilo Railroad Company in 1911-1912 following plans drawn up by engineer John Mason Young, the Kolekole Stream contributed to Hawaii's sugar plantation economy and emerging tourism industry along the Hamakua Coast. Following the 1946 tsunami that caused irreparable damage to the railroad, including washing out the Kolekole Stream Bridge's center piers, the company sold the railroad for scrap. The Territorial Highway Department, under the direction of William R. Bartels and in accordance with the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project," decided to relocate the Hawaii Belt Road along the railroad right-of-way in 1950. During the bridge's reconstruction, materials from other railroad bridges, including two steel truss spans from the Wailuku River Bridge, were repurposed. Original components of the 1950 reconstruction included reinforced concrete double column piers. The Hawaii Belt Road, constructed by the Territorial Highway Department between 1932 and 1958, replaced the circuitous Old Mamalahoa Highway. In the early 2000s, the bridge underwent a seismic refit as part of a larger Hawaii State Department of Transportation Seismic Retrofit Program that included small scale modifications, as well as the addition of a cable system threaded through the bottom truss chords and girder plates and attached to rock piers at the bridge's extremities. In 2021 and 2022, the bridge underwent emergency repairs with steel bolting and an ACROW support system added in anticipation of permanent repairs scheduled to start in July 2027.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements in both rail and road infrastructure, as well as Hawaii's sugar plantation economy and the important "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project," it is significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past. National Register Bulletin 15, How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation, provides additional guidance for evaluating individuals under Criterion B. While the bridge is associated with John Mason Young and William R. Bartels, master engineers are represented by their works and evaluated under Criterion C. Additionally, the individual bridge does not best represent Benjamin Dillingham's productive life when compared to the numerous other examples of Dillingham's prolific business ventures in Hawaii. Therefore, the bridge is not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge's steel construction is an example of a distinctive and rare structural type, as the extreme marine environment of Hawaii precluded widespread use of steel. Its later adaptation into a highway bridge is illustrative of changing travel patterns of the early and mid-20th century. The bridge's reconstruction, while repurposing materials and using typical mid-20th century materials such as concrete, is a unique assemblage of new and old. The bridge is also associated with masters John Mason Young, who designed the original structure, and William R. Bartels, who worked with Young when adapting the bridge in 1950. This bridge is therefore significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location, situated over a waterway. Its integrity of setting is intact, as development surrounding the bridge is limited, and its lush, rural surroundings remain. It retains integrity of design, materials, and workmanship from its 1950 conversion from a rail to a road bridge, and the bridge still retains its mid-20th century appearance following a seismic refit in 2001-2002. While components of the railroad bridge construction techniques are present, the structure has lost its association with the Hilo Railroad era; however, it retains its association with the Hawaii Belt Road. The bridge retains integrity of feeling and association as a 1950s bridge constructed using repurposed railroad bridge materials and for its association with the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project" along the Hamakua Coast.

Therefore, the Kolekole Stream Bridge is eligible for the NRHP.

The bridge is documented in the 2009 NRHP Multiple Property Documentation Form for the "Steel Trestle Bridges on the Hamakua Coast" and on an individual NRHP Registration Form. However, the bridge is not currently listed in the NRHP.

References

- Hakalau Our Home. "Bridges." Accessed September 29, 2022, https://www.hakalauhome.com/bridges.html.
- Hakalau Our Home. "New Highway Bridges Hakalau 1950-1953." Accessed September 29, 2022, https://www.hakalauhome.com/new-highway-bridges-hakalau-1950-1953.html.
- Hamda, Harold, David Fujiwara, and Chad Nakamoto. 1999. "Seismic Retrofit of Historical Kolekole Bridge." In *Structural Engineering in the 21st Century: Proceedings of the 1999 Structures Congress, April 18-21, 1999, New Orleans, Louisiana,* 268-271. Reston, Virginia: American Society of Civil Engineers.
- KSF Inc. "Kolekole Stream Bridge." Accessed September 29, 2022, https://ksfinc.us/kolekole-stream-bridge/_
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- Leineweber, Spencer. "Steel Trestle Bridges on the Hamakua Coast, National Register of Historical Places, Multiple Property Documentation Form." U.S. National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, 2009. (Hawai'i SHPD).
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing northeast. Temporary trusses visible while bridge undergoes repair work.



Image 2. General view of bridge, facing southwest.



Image 3. View of bridge deck, railings, and piers, facing northwest. Temporary trusses visible while bridge undergoes repair work.



Image 4. General view of approach and deck, facing northwest.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190409696 **TMK**: 326001999, 326002888

ge Number: 001000190409696 (adjacent)

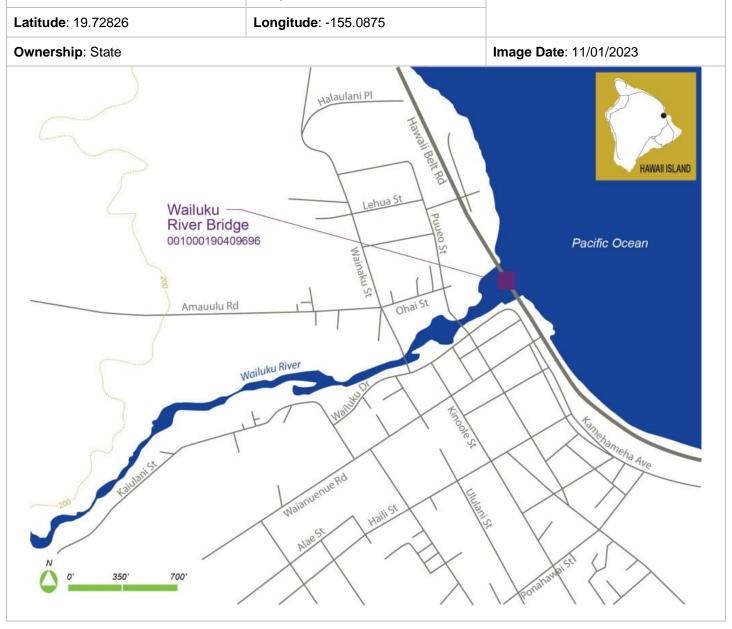
Common Name: Wailuku River Bridge

Historic Name: Wailuku River Bridge

Feature Crossed: Wailuku River

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road/Route 19

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 2.49



Construction Information

Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1950
Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels	
Builder/Contractor: M. B. Sheik	
Alteration Date(s): 1973, 2015, 2020, 2021	

Alterations: Open steel deck replaced with decking of galvanized mesh with serrated bars (1973), Some repairs to beams and some support beams have been repaired (2015), Span 1 median was widened to push traffic wheel path over the girders (2020), Span 1 was rehabilitated. Work included patching the underdeck concrete, cleaning all steel members, and painting of all steel members (2021).

Design Information

Number of Spans: 5	Max Span : 133.9 ft.	Total Length: 421.9 ft.	Deck Width: 38.4 ft.		
Superstructure: Steel Girder					
Substructure: Reinforced	Concrete Abutment, Reinford	ed Concrete Pier Wall			
Floor/Decking: Reinforced Concrete Deck, Steel Deck Open Grid					
Parapets/Railings: Metal Horizonal					
Other Features: Bridge name and construction date incised on end piers, wooden walkways flank both sides of the deck.			ways flank both sides of the		

Historic Information

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	B□ C⊠ D□	NRHP No.: N/A	
HRHP Status: Not Listed	SIHP No.: N/A	4		
6E Status : Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□ e□		
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship⊠ Feeling⊠	Association⊠	
Historic District: N/A			Contributing: N/A	
Current Function: Bridge		Historic Function: Bridge		
Areas of Significance: Transportation, Engineering				
Period of Significance: 1950				
Narrative Description:				

The Wailuku River Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road over the Wailuku River on the northern edge of downtown Hilo. It is a five-span steel stringer bridge that rests on reinforced concrete piers and abutments. The deck consists of both reinforced concrete sections as well as a steel deck open grid. The steel deck open grid design is intended to withstand

tsunami impacts by having tsunami waves surge through the structure without lifting action. Flanking the two-lane roadway are wooden walkways and horizontal metal parapets. The bridge name and construction date are incised on the end piers.

Statement of Significance:

Originally constructed for the Hilo Railroad Company in 1911-1912, following plans drawn up by engineer John Mason Young, the structure contributed to Hawaii's sugar plantation economy and emerging tourism industry along the Hamakua Coast. Following the 1946 tsunami that caused irreparable damage to the railroad, including washing away the Wailuku River Bridge's steel truss span, the company sold the railroad for scrap. The Territorial Highway Department, under the direction of William R. Bartels and as part of the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project," decided to relocate the Hawaii Belt Road along the railroad right-of-way in 1950. Two truss spans from the original Wailuku River Bridge were used in the Kolekole Highway bridge while a new Wailuku River Bridge was built on the piers of the old railroad bridge. In 1973 the open steel decking was replaced by galvanized steel mesh with bars to prevent skidding.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements in Hawaii as well as the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project," it is significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past. National Register Bulletin 15, How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation, provides additional guidance for evaluating individuals under Criterion B. While the bridge is associated with William R. Bartels, master engineers are represented by their works and evaluated under Criterion C. Therefore, the bridge is not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge's steel construction is an example of a distinctive and rare structural type as the extreme marine environment of Hawaii precluded widespread use of steel. It is also a noteworthy example of postwar bridge construction that accounted for tsunami impacts and is associated with master engineer William R. Bartels, who was responsible for all major territorial bridge projects from 1932-56. For these reasons, the bridge is significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location, situated over a waterway. Its integrity of setting is intact as development surrounding the bridge is reflective of the urban environment outside of Hilo. Its integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been slightly diminished through deck alterations made in 1973 that replaced the open steel deck with a galvanized steel mesh in order to improve vehicular safety. However, the original open deck design to prevent lifting action from tsunami waves by passing through the deck remains and repairs to steel over time appear to have been made largely in-kind. The structure retains its integrity of association with the Hawaii Belt Road and the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project" and its integrity of feeling as a mid-twentieth century steel bridge.

Therefore, the Wailuku River Bridge is eligible for the NRHP.

References

- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. *Annual Report, 1972-1973*. Honolulu, Hawaii: n.p., 1973. Retrieved from https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/000548436.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- Territory of Hawaii. Superintendent of Public Works. *Annual Report*. Honolulu, Hawaii: n.p., 1950. Retrieved from https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/100157967.
- Territory of Hawaii. Superintendent of Public Works. *Annual Report*. Honolulu, Hawaii: n.p., 1951. https://catalog.hathitrust.org/Record/100157967.
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing north.



Image 2. Bridge deck and piers, facing northwest.



Image 3. Bridge deck, facing northwest.



Image 4. Underside of bridge deck.



Image 5. Detail of bridge pier.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001002700502390 **TMK**: 352008013 (adjacent)

Common Name: Niulii Stream Bridge

Historic Name: Niulii Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Niulii Stream

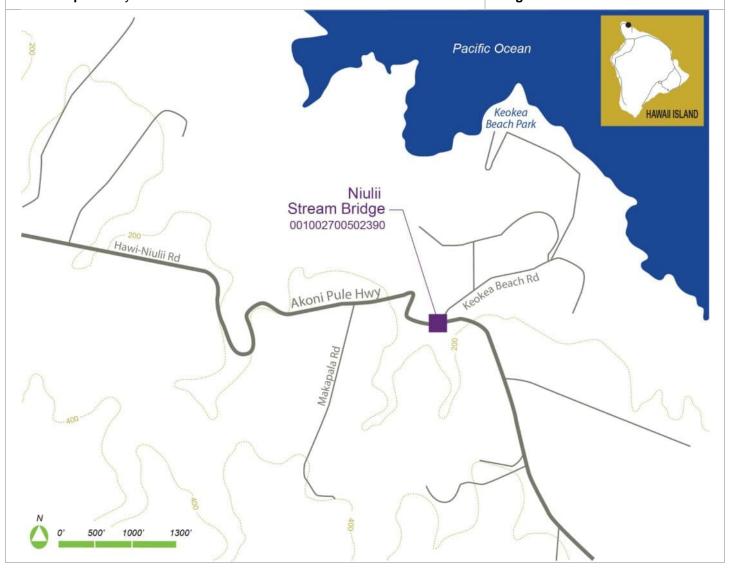
Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway/Route 270

Island: Hawaii Milepost: 23.899

Latitude: 20.2203 **Longitude**: -155.7476

Ownership: County Image Date: 09/28/2023





Construction Information

Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1918
Designer/Engineer:	
Builder/Contractor:	
Alteration Date(s):	
Alterations: Pedestrian walkway added to mauka side of bridge at unspecified of	date.

Design Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span : 29.9 ft.	Total Length: 33.1 ft.	Deck Width: 25.3 ft.	
Superstructure: Reinforce	ed Concrete Tee Beam			
Substructure: Reinforced Concrete Abutment				
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with Asphalt Concrete (AC) Overlay				
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap				
Other Features: Construction date incised on makai end post				

Historic Information

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	$B\square$ $C\boxtimes$ $D\square$	NRHP No.: N/A	
HRHP Status: Not Listed	SIHP No.: N/A	4		
6E Status : Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□ e□		
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship⊠ Feeling	Association	
Historic District: N/A			Contributing: N/A	
Current Function: Bridge		Historic Function: Bridge		
Areas of Significance: Transportation, Engineering				
Period of Significance: 1918				
Narrative Description:				
The Niulii Stream Bridge carries the Akoni P	ule Highway ov	er the Niulii Stream. This sin	gle-span concrete tee beam	

bridge rests on reinforced concrete abutments. The concrete deck carries a narrow roadway paved in asphalt concrete (AC) overlay. Flanking the roadway are concrete solid panel with cap railing with the bridge construction date incised on the makai end post. The parapets appear to have been painted white at one point. Along the mauka side of the bridge

is a wooden pedestrian walkway with horizontal wood railings.

Statement of Significance:

Posthumously named after state representative Akoni Pule, Route 270 connects the North Kohala District with the Hawaii Belt Road and was formerly known as the Kawaihae-Mahukona Highway. The highway's location in the North Kohala District is associated with the area's sugar plantation economy and the Hawaiian Railroad Company. The bridge is an early example of a concrete tee beam bridge and its solid capped railing was a typical design used by the Territorial Highway Department.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements in Hawaii during the Territorial period, it is therefore significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past and is therefore not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge is a result of early developments in concrete bridge design and construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1910s reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. In particular, the use of concrete solid with caps parapets represents a typical rail pattern used by the Territorial Highway Department. This bridge is therefore significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location, situated over a waterway. It retains integrity of design, materials, and workmanship despite modest alterations to improve pedestrian safety through construction of a wood walkway. Its integrity of setting is intact as development surrounding the bridge is limited and its lush, semi-rural surroundings remains. The bridge retains integrity of feeling as a pre-World War II bridge type and its association with Territorial roadway improvements during the 1910s.

Therefore, Niulii Stream Bridge is eligible for the NRHP.

References

- Duensing, Dawn E. *Hawaiʻi's Scenic Roads: Paving the Way for Tourism in the Islands*. Honolulu: University of Hawaiʻi Press, 2015. http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt13x1jdz.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- State of Hawaii. Legislature. House of Representatives. *Journal of the House of Representatives of the House of Representatives of the Seventh Legislature: Regular Session of 1973, Convened Wednesday, January 17, 1973, Adjourned Friday, April 13, 1973.*
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing north.

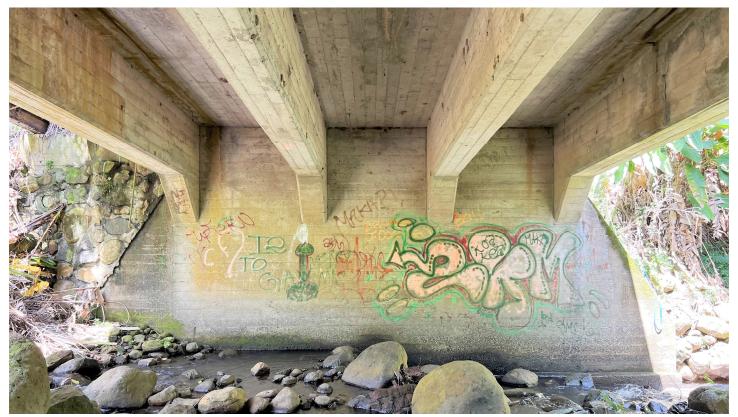


Image 2. West abutment and girder structure.



Image 3. General view of bridge deck and setting, facing east.



Image 4. Concrete solid parapet, facing northeast.



Image 5. Detail of parapet with construction date, facing east.

General Information

TMK: 352008999, 352009027 **Bridge Number**: 001002700502386

(adjacent)

Common Name: Waikane Stream Bridge

Historic Name: Waikane Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikane Stream

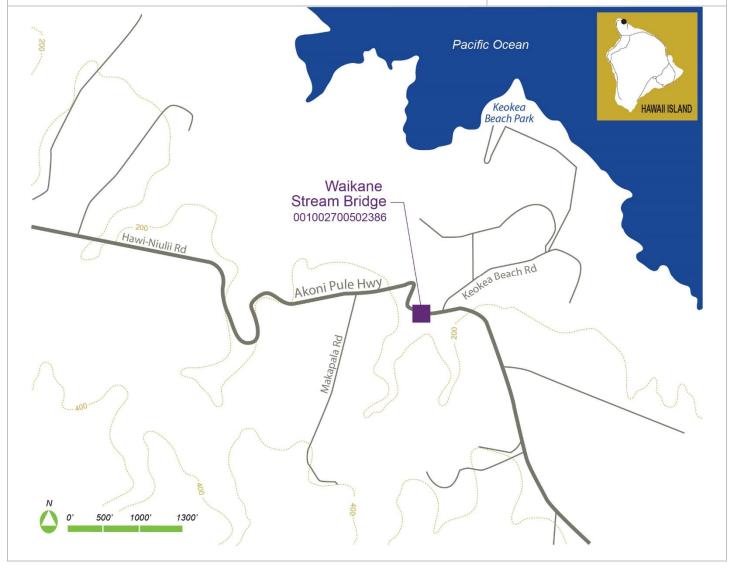
Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway/Route 270

Island: Hawaii **Milepost**: 27.234

Latitude: 20.22033 **Longitude**: -155.7483

Ownership: County Image Date: 09/28/2023





Construction Information

Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1918
Designer/Engineer:	
Builder/Contractor:	
Alteration Date(s): 2014	
Alterations : Pedestrian walkway added to mauka side of bridge at unspecified or running the total height of abutment at all four corners were repaired; the repairs	

Design Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 25.6 ft.
Superstructure: Reinforced	concrete tee beam		
Substructure: Reinforced co	oncrete abutment		
Floor/Decking: Concrete de	ck with AC overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concrete	e solid panel with cap		
Other Features: Date of cor	nstruction incised on parap	et	

Historic Information

NRHP Status: Eligible	Criteria: A⊠	B□ C⊠ D□		NRHP No.: N/A	
HRHP Status: Not Listed	SIHP No.: N/A	4			
6E Status : Significant Historic Property	Criteria: a⊠	b□ c⊠ d□	e□		
Integrity: Location⊠ Design⊠ Setting⊠	Materials⊠	Workmanship⊠	Feeling⊠	Association⊠	
Historic District: N/A				Contributing: N/A	
Current Function: Bridge		Historic Function: Bridge			
Areas of Significance: Transportation, Engineering					
Period of Significance: 1918					
Narrative Description:					

The Waikane Stream Bridge carries the Akoni Pule Highway over the Waikane Stream. It is a single-span concrete tee beam bridge that features solid concrete parapets with caps. The concrete deck carries a single lane and is supported by concrete abutments. The parapets appear to have been painted white at some point and the bridge's construction date has been incised on the makai parapet. The number 407 is incised on the opposite parapet. Along the bridge's mauka side is a wood pedestrian walkway with wooden horizontal railings.

Statement of Significance:

Posthumously named after state representative Akoni Pule, Route 270 connects the North Kohala District with the Hawaii Belt Road and was formerly known as the Kawaihae-Mahukona Highway. The highway's location in the North Kohala District is associated with the area's sugar plantation economy and the Hawaiian Railroad Company. The bridge is an early example of a concrete tee beam bridge, and its solid capped railing was a typical design used by the Territorial Highway Department.

Because the bridge is associated with major transportation improvements in Hawaii during the Territorial period, it is therefore significant under Criterion A.

Research did not indicate an association with the lives of persons significant in our past and is therefore not significant under Criterion B.

The bridge is a result of early developments in concrete bridge design and construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1910s reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. In particular, the use of a concrete solid panel with cap parapet design represents a typical rail pattern used by the Territorial Highway Department. This bridge is therefore significant under Criterion C.

The bridge was not evaluated under Criterion D as part of this assessment.

The bridge remains in its original location, situated over a waterway. It retains integrity of design, materials, and workmanship despite modest alterations to improve pedestrian safety through construction of a wood walkway. Its integrity of setting is intact as development surrounding the bridge is limited and its lush, semi-rural surroundings remains. The bridge retains integrity of feeling and association as a pre-World War II bridge type and its association with Territorial roadway improvements during the 1910s.

Therefore, Waikane Stream Bridge is eligible for the NRHP.

References

- Duensing, Dawn E. *Hawai'i's Scenic Roads: Paving the Way for Tourism in the Islands*. Honolulu: University of Hawai'i Press, 2015. http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt13x1jdz.
- State of Hawaii. Department of Transportation. Highways Division. *Hawaii State Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation*. MKE Associates, LLC and Fung Associates, Inc. November, 2013.
- State of Hawaii. Legislature. House of Representatives. *Journal of the House of Representatives of the House of Representatives of the Seventh Legislature: Regular Session of 1973, Convened Wednesday, January 17, 1973, Adjourned Friday, April 13, 1973.*
- U.S. Department of the Interior. National Park Service. Cultural Resources. *National Register Bulletin no. 15: How to Apply the National register Criteria for Evaluation*. Washington, DC: 1997.



Image 1. General view of bridge, facing south.



Image 2. General view of setting facing east. Note wooden walkway and railings as well as Niulii Stream Bridge (001002700502390) in background.



Image 3. Detail of west abutment and deck girders.



Image 4. Detail of concrete solid parapet and wooden walkway railing, facing north.

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001002700500304	2-Cell Metal Pipe Culvert	Unnamed Stream (Twin Metal Culvert)	Akoni Pule Highway	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Eligible	Unique masonry culvert in Hawaii Good example of a masonry culvert, and is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001002700500915	2-Cell Metal Pipe Culvert	Unnamed Stream (Double Metal Culvert)	Akoni Pule Highway	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Eligible	 Unique lava rock culvert Good example of a lava rock culvert that uses local material, and is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001002400500733	2-Cell Pipe Culvert- Ahualoa Stream	Ahualoa Stream	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001002500500937	3-cell Concrete Box Culvert-Kawaihae Uka	Kawaihae Stream (Triple Box)	Kohala Mountain Road	1953	Concrete Box Culvert	Concrete Solid	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001002700500655	3-Cell Metal Pipe Culvert	Unnamed Stream (Triple Metal Culvert)	Akoni Pule Highway	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	No Parapet/Railing	No	Eligible	Unique lava rock culvert Good example of a lava rock culvert that uses local material, and is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001002400500487	3-Cell Pipe Culvert- Honokaia Stream	Honokaia Stream	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Eligible	Unique lava rock culvert Good example of a culvert that uses local material, and is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001002400500691	3-Cell Pipe Culvert- Kainapahoa Stream	Kainapahoa Stream	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1966	Metal Corrugated Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Eligible	 Unique lava rock culvert Good example of a culvert that uses local material, and is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001001900503111	3-Cell Pipe Culvert- Kamakoa Bridge No. 2	Kamakoa Stream No. 2	Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Metal Corrugated Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Eligible	Distinctive lava rock head walls and wing walls Good example of a culvert that uses vernacular material
001000110307485	3-Concrete Box Culvert	Panaewa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1945	Concrete Box Culvert	Concrete Solid	No	Not Eligible	This culvert does not have distinctive engineering or architectural features that depart from standard culvert design.
001000110307506	3-Concrete Box Culvert	Panaewa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1945	Concrete Box Culvert	Concrete Solid	No	Not Eligible	This culvert does not have distinctive engineering or architectural features that depart from standard culvert design.
001000110307307	4-Concrete Box Culvert (Piikea)	Piikea Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1938	Concrete Box Culvert	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Not Eligible	This culvert does not have distinctive engineering or architectural features that depart from standard culvert design.
001002700502318	Aamakoa Stream Bridge	Aamakoa Gulch	Akoni Pule Highway	1918	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Although the structure was seismically retrofitted in 2009, original parapets remain intact
001000190307917	Ahole Stream Bridge	Ahole Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1934	Concrete Rigid Frame	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Example of Federal Aid bridges constructed by the Territory in the 1930s Significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of the region Good example of federally-funded tee-beam bridge constructed in the 1930s 20th century example of advanced bridge engineering and construction Representative of the work of a master: William R. Bartels One of the first major concrete tee-beam highway bridges constructed during the upgrading of the Hawaii Belt Road in the 1930s, with an emphasis on aesthetics
001000110311539	Cane Haul Road Underpass	Canehaul Road Underpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Volcano Road)	1956	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190008461	Chin Chuck Pedestrian Overpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Chin Chuck Pedestrian Overpass)	Pedestrian	1961	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Chain Link	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190309124	Hanawi Stream Bridge	Hanawi Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1968	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Eligible***	 Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5 Longest concrete bridge built postwar (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977
001000110306490	Hilea Stream Bridge	Hilea Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	2021	Prestressed Concrete Stringer	Steel Bridge Rail, Reinforced Concrete Bridge Rail	No	Not Eligible	Replaced 1940 Bridge (001000110306489)
001000190009643	Hilo Plantation Flume Overpass	Hilo Plantation Flume (Highway Underpass)	Waterway	1949	Concrete Girder	Concrete Solid	No	Eligible	 Associated with the sugar plantation industry Earliest concrete flume bridge built postwar (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977
001000191109626	Hilo Plantation Road Overpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Hilo Plantation Road Overpass)	Plantation Road	1949	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible	Associated with the sugar plantation industry Bridge maintained by State although not in use and ownership is unknown
001000110306996	Hionomoa Stream Bridge	Hionomoa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1938	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible***	Example of Federal Aid bridges constructed by the Territory in the 1930s Significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan Associated with sugar plantation industry and economic development Significant for innovative engineering developments and aesthetic merit One of the first reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridges constructed in the islands One of only five of this type built prior to World War II One of the most sophisticated of the pre-World War II bridges from an engineering perspective Representative of the work of a master: William R. Bartels

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001002700500114	Honokoa Stream Bridge	Honokoa Stream	Akoni Pule Highway	1965	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190309493	Honolii Stream Bridge	Honolii Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1936	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible***	Example of Federal Aid bridges constructed by the Territory in the 1930s Significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of the region Excellent example of federally-funded tee-beam bridge construction in the 1930s 20th century example of advanced bridge engineering and construction Significant for complex technological engineering developments exhibited in its design One of the last major concrete tee-beam highway bridges constructed along the Hawaii Belt Road prior to World War II Representative of the work of a master: James O. Yapp
001000110306199	Honuapo Bridge	Railroad (Honuapo)	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1940	Concrete Slab	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Associated with developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1940s concrete bridge
001000190306695	Kaala Stream Bridge	Kaala Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1935	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001000190307644	Kaaluu Stream Bridge	Kaalau Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1933	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001000190305755	Kahaupu Stream Culvert	Kahaupu Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1953	Concrete Box Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001002400500949	Kahaupu Stream Culvert	Kahaupu Stream	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1953	Concrete Box Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190305863	Kahawailiilii Stream Bridge	Kahawailiilii Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1959	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190306865	Kaholo Stream Bridge	Kaholo Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1935	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	 Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001000190309220	Kaieie Stream Bridge	Kaieie Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1967	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190307555	Kaiwilahilahi Stream Bridge	Kaiwilahilahi Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1956	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190309172	Kalaoa Stream Bridge	Kalaoa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1967	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	3
001430001100009	Kalopa Aliipali Gulch Bridge	Aliipali Gulch	Kalopa Pohakea Road	2003	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal Picket	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1939 bridge in 2003.
001430001100008	Kalopa Kaumoali Gulch Bridge	Kaumoali Gulch	Kalopa Pohakea Road	2003	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal Picket	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1930 bridge in 2003.
001000190306021	Kalopa Stream Bridge	Kalopa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1959	Concrete Girder	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road Longest concrete span built postwar (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001250001100004	Kaluiiki Bridge	Kaluiiki Stream	Akolea Road	1940	Timber Stringer	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to replacement of the railings with thrie beams in 2005. The deck was also replaced in-kind.
001000190302911	Kamakoa Gulch	Kamakoa Gulch	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000110306913	Kanenelu Stream Bridge	Kanenelu Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1938	Concrete Slab	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Associated with developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001000190307673	Kapehu Stream Bridge	Kapehu Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1933	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible	 Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001000190309317	Kapue Stream Bridge	Kapue Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1950	Steel Trestle	Concrete Open Horizontal	Yes	Eligible***	One of six registered steel trestle bridges on the Hamakua coast Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Engineering significance of the trestle structure of the early twentieth century Associated with the sugar plantation industry Associated with the Hilo Railroad Company Associated with there founders of the Hilo railroad company Associated with postwar Hawaii Belt Road District See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190306944	Kaula Stream Bridge	Kaula Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1959	Concrete Girder	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190306165	Kaumoalii Stream Bridge	Kaumoalii Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1959	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000270300326	Kawaihae Stream Bridge	Kawaihae Stream	Kawaihae Road	1960	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001002400500410	Kawaikalia Stream Bridge	Kawaikalia Stream	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1967	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001240001100002	Kawailani Street Bridge	Waiakea Stream	Kawailani Street	2005	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1930 bridge in 2005.
001000190306458	Kawaili Stream Bridge	Kawaili Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	2011	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1938 bridge in 2011.
001000190309043	Kawainui Stream Bridge	Kawainui Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1948	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible***	Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5 Earliest steel bridge built postwar (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 One of six bridges listed under 2000 MOA
001000190306756	Kealakaha Stream Bridge	Kealakaha Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1935	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Example of Federal Aid bridges constructed by the Territory in the 1930s Significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of the region Excellent example of federally-funded tee-beam bridge constructed in the 1930s 20th century example of advanced bridge engineering and construction Significant for complex technological engineering developments exhibited in its design One of the last major concrete tee-beam highway bridges constructed along the Hawaii Belt Road prior to World War II Representative of the work of a master: William R. Bartels
001001900502561	Keamuku Stream Bridge	Keamuku Stream	Mamalahoa Highway	1940	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to alterations and resemblance to box culverts. It does not have distinctive engineering or architectural features that depart from standard culvert design.
001002500500844	Keawewai Stream (Honokoa Bridge)	Keawewai Stream (Honokoa)	Kohala Mountain Road	1961	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid Decorative	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190306656	Kekualele Stream Bridge	Kekualele Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1935	Concrete Rigid Frame	Concrete and Metal	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to alterations. In 2004, the bridge railings were completely replaced. It does not have distinctive engineering or architectural features that depart from standard bridge design.
001000190307519	Kihalani Stream Bridge	Kihalani Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1956	Concrete Girder	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190307387	Kilau Stream Bridge	Kilau Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1953	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001019401400180	Komohana Street Bridge	Waiakea Stream	Komohana Street	1966	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity resulting from the extension of both sides of the bridge in 2005.
001000190306590	Kukaiau Stream Bridge	Kukaiau Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1951	Steel Stringer	Concrete and Metal	No	Eligible***	Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190306876	Kupapaulua Stream Bridge	Kupapaulua Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1935	Open Spandrel Arch	Concrete and Metal	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has of lost integrity due to significant alterations. In 2004, the bridge was rehabilitated and widened. The existing arch structure was built-up with concrete to increase load capacity and the bridge railings were replaced with solid concrete rails with aesthetic indentations.
001000190307474	Kuwaikahi Stream Bridge	Kuwaikahi Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1957	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000270300281	Makahuna Stream Bridge	Makahuna Stream	Kawaihae Road	1960	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000270300275	Makeahua Stream Bridge	Makeahua Stream	Kawaihae Road	1934	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal Decorative	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity due to modifications. The thrie beams are placed in front of the original parapets and metal railings were added on top of it.
001000190307981	Manoloa Stream Bridge	Manoloa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1951	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190307457	Manowaiopae Stream Bridge	Manowaiopae Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1957	Concrete Girder	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190307799	Maulua Stream Bridge	Maulua Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1953	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190307585	Moanalulu Stream Bridge	Moanalulu Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1956	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001000110306986	Moaula Stream Bridge	Moaula Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1938	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible***	Example of Federal Aid bridges constructed by the Territory in the 1930s Significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan Associated with sugar plantation industry and economic development Significant for innovative engineering developments and aesthetic merit One of the first reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridges constructed in the islands One of only five of this type built prior to World War II One of the most sophisticated of the pre-World War II bridges from an engineering perspective Representative of the work of a master: William R. Bartels
001000190306612	Mohuna Stream Bridge	Mohuna Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1951	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001950001100003	Naalehu Box Culvert	Flood Control Channel	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1966	Concrete Box Culvert	Metal Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190308146	Nanue Stream Bridge	Nanue Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1952	Steel Trestle	Concrete Open Horizontal	Yes	Eligible***	One of six registered steel trestle bridges on the Hamakua coast Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Engineering significance of the trestle structure of the early twentieth century Associated with the sugar plantation industry Associated with the Hilo Raliroad Company Associated with three founders of the Hilo railroad company See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form in appendices Associated with postwar Hawaii Belt Road District See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190305585	Nienie Stream Bridge	Nienie Stram	Hawaii Belt Road	1963	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001002400500771	Nienie Stream Bridge	Nienie Stream	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1967	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000110306601	Ninole Stream Bridge	Ninole Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	2021	Prestressed Concrete Stringer	Steel Bridge Rail, Reinforced Concrete Bridge Rail	No	Not Eligible	Replaced 1940 Ninole Stream Bridge (001000110306600)
001000190308012	Ninole Stream Bridge	Ninole Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1951	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001270001100010	Onomea Camp Road Bridge	Railroad Crossing	Onomea Camp Road	2002	Concrete Box Culvert	Masonry Rock	No	Not Eligible**	This culvert has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1930 culvert in 2002. The rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource.
001000191106953	Ookala Plantation Road Overpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Ookala Plantation Road Overpass)	Plantation Road	1959	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190308189	Opea Stream Bridge	Opea Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1952	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001180001100004	Oshiro Road Bridge	Relief	Oshiro Road	2003	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal Picket	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1940 bridge in 2003.
001000190006359	Paauilo Pedestrian Overpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Paauilo Pedestrian Overpass)	Pedestrian	1962	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Chain Link	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001002200500040	Paheehee Mauka Bridge	Paheehee Gulch (Akaka Falls)	Akaka Falls Road	1927	Concrete Slab	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Not Eligible**	This bridge has lost integrity due to alterations and seismic retrofitting. Thrie beams were placed in front of the original parapets and metal pipe railings were added on top of the original. This bridge has a 10 inch water line on the inlet side. Seismic retrofit was completed in 2003. The bridge abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource.
001000190308619	Paheehee Stream Bridge	Paheehee Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1950	Steel Trestle	Concrete Open Horizontal	Yes	Eligible***	One of six registered steel trestle bridges on the Hamakua coast Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Engineering significance of the trestle structure of the early twentieth century Associated with the sugar plantation industry Associated with the Hilo Railroad Company Associated with three founders of the Hilo railroad company See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form in appendices Associated with postwar Hawaii Belt Road District See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190309368	Pahoehoe Stream Bridge	Pahoehoe Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1912	Closed Spandrel Arch	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Eligible	 Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Good example of 1910s closed spandrel arch typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001000110411925	Panaewa Stream Bridge	Panaewa Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Kanoelehua Avenue)	1950	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190007529	Papaaloa Pedestrian Overpass	Hawaii Belt Road (Papaaloa Pedestrian Overpass)	Pedestrian	1964	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Chain Link	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000191108812	Pepeekeo Plantation Road	Hawaii Belt Road (Pepeekeo Plantation Road Overpass)	Plantation Road	1950	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001000190307887	Pohakupuka Stream Bridge	Pohakupuka Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1953	Concrete Rigid Frame	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190409666	Pukihae Stream Bridge	Pukihae Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1949	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001001300502441	Puna Sugar Truck Underpass	Puna Plantation Truck Underpass (Highway Overpass)	Keaau-Pahoa Road	1968	Concrete Slab	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000110306805	Punaluu Stream Bridge	Punaluu Stream	Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)	1940	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Associated with developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1940s reinforced concrete bridge
001230001100003	Reeds Island Bridge	Wailuku River	Kaiulani Street	2013	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1940 bridge in 2013. It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.
001000190308346	Umauma Stream Bridge	Umauma Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1952	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	Yes	Eligible***	One of six registered steel trestle bridges on the Hamakua coast Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Engineering significance of the trestle structure of the early twentieth century Associated with the sugar plantation industry Associated with the Hilo Railroad Company Associated with three founders of the Hilo railroad company See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form in appendices Associated with postwar Hawaii Belt Road District See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001000190302754	Unnamed Gulch Auwaiakeakua	Unnamed Gulch Auwaiakeakua	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190300831	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190301371	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190301550	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190301572	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190301682	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190302111	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190302173	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190302653	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190302795	Unnamed Gully	Unnamed Gully	Queen Kaahumanu Highway	1974	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001002700501199	Unnamed Stream	Unnamed Stream	Kawaihae-Mahukona Road	1972	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001000190308983	Waiaama Stream Bridge	Waiaama Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1968	Concrete Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001001800700484	Waiaha Bridge	Intermittent Stream	Mamalahoa Highway	1920	Concrete Slab	Metal Horizontal	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to railing replacement in 2008. The original qualities have not been retained and there is insufficient distinction to mitigate the loss of integrity to its railing. In 2006 the bridge was damaged in an earthquake and the wing walls were replaced in 2007. More research is needed in the future.
001002500500053	Waiaka Stream Bridge	Waiaka Stream	Kohala Mountain Road	1932	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001000190308092	Waikaumalo Stream Bridge	Waikaumalo Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1952	Steel Stringer	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001000190308038	Waikolu Stream Bridge	Waikolu Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1934	Concrete Rigid Frame	Concrete Open Greek Cross	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete and steel bridge construction in Hawaii Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Good example of a 1930s reinforced concrete and steel bridge
001000190409828	Wailoa River Bridge	Wailoa Stream	Kamehameha Avenue	1993	Concrete Girder	Metal Horizontal	No	Not Eligible	This bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1938 bridge in 1993.
001001300502182	Waipahoehoe Stream Bridge	Waipahoehoe Stream	Keaau-Pahoa Road	1968	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	
001000190306280	Waipunahina Stream Bridge	Waipunahina Stream	Hawaii Belt Road	1959	Concrete Girder	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to postwar Hawaii Belt Road One of the best examples of a program comment bridge built postwar (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1977 See Hawaii Belt Road historic context Chapter 2.5
001480001100002	Waiulili Stream Bridge	Waiulilu Stream	Old Honokaa-Waipio Road	1979	Concrete Slab	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Not Eligible	The bridge has lost integrity due to the complete replacement of the original 1920 bridge in 1979.

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001002700502266	Walaohia Stream Bridge	Walaohia Gulch	Akoni Pule Highway	1919	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1910s reinforced concrete bridge

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

General Information

Popular Name: 2-cell Metal Pipe Culvert

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream (Twin Metal Culvert)

Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway

Milepost: 6.45 mi. Island: Hawaii

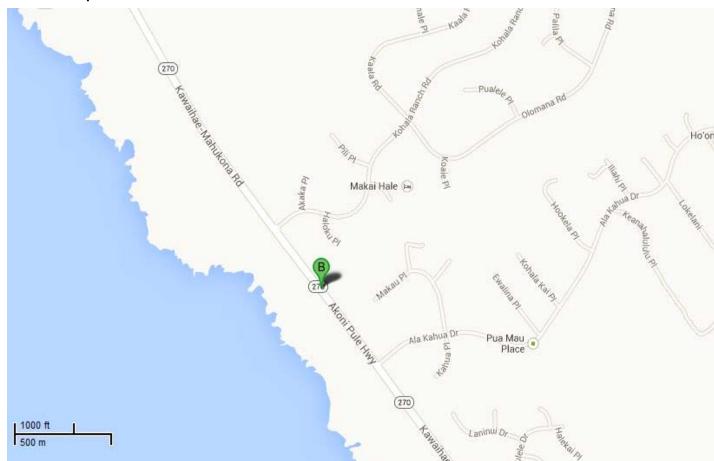
Longitude: 155d-51m-21.89s **Latitude:** 20d-04m-26.28s

Location: 2.09 Miles North of Maluokalani Street

Historic Name: 2-cell Metal Pipe Culvert

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert	Construction Date: 1966	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 9.8 ft.	Total Length: 23.0 ft.	Deck Width: 102.7 ft.					
Superstructure:								
Substructure: Metal Corrugate	ed Culvert							
Floor/Decking: AC Pavement								
Parapets/Railings: Metal Thri	e Beam							
Setting:								
Other Features:								

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Culvert
 Historic Function:
 Culvert

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Double pipe culvert carries Kawaihae-Mahukona across the stream. This masonry culvert is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The culvert has two metal pipes though the culvert. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair. The simple design of the culvert retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for unique masonry culvert in Hawaii. It is a good example of a masonry culvert, is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: 2-cell Metal Pipe Culvert

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream (Double Metal Culvert)

Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway

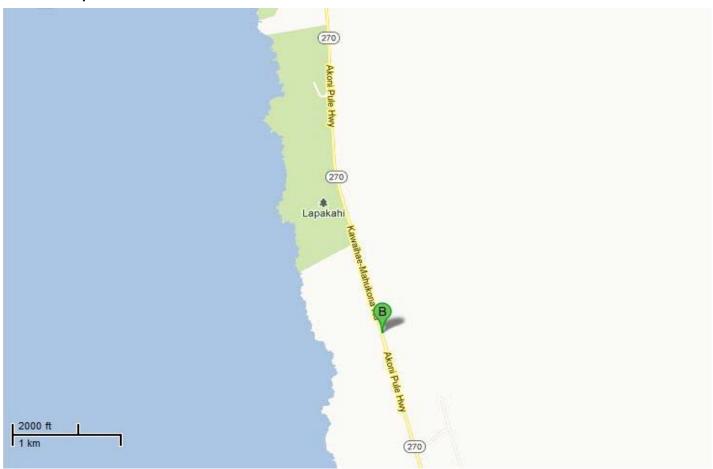
Milepost: 12.55 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 8.17 Miles North of Maluokalani Street

Historic Name: 2-cell Metal Pipe Culvert

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert	Construction Date: 1966	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 13.1 ft.	Total Length: 28.9 ft.	Deck Width: 64.0 ft.						
Superstructure:									
Substructure: Metal Corrugated Culvert									
Floor/Decking: AC Pavemen	Floor/Decking: AC Pavement								
Parapets/Railings: Metal Thi	rie Beam								
Setting:									
Other Features:									

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	С	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Culvert		His	storic Function: Culvert
Area of Cignificance. Engineering			

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The twin corrugated metal pipe culvert carries Kawaihae Mahukona Road across the stream. This steel and masonry culvert is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The culvert has two metal pipes though the culvert. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair. The simple design of the culvert retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for unique lava rock culvert in Hawaii. It is a good example of a culvert that uses local material, is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: 3-cell Metal Pipe Culvert

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream (Triple Metal Culvert)

Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway

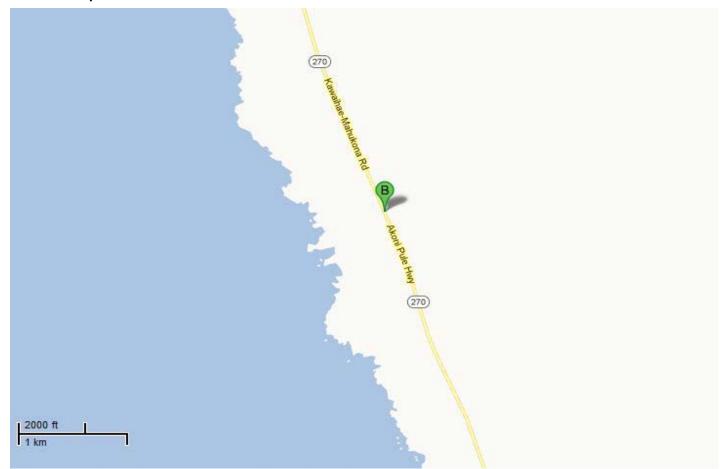
Milepost: 9.94 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 5.60 Miles North of Maluokalani Street

Historic Name: 3-cell Metal Pipe Culvert

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert Construction Date: 1966 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2000

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Culvert was cleaned and painted. Riprap apron was constructed.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 8.9 ft. Total Length: 34.1 ft. Deck Width: 56.4 ft.

Superstructure:

Substructure: Metal Corrugated Culvert

Floor/Decking: AC Pavement

Parapets/Railings: No Parapet/Railing

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Culvert
 Historic Function:
 Culvert

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The triple pipe arch culvert carries Kawaihae Mahukona Road across the stream. This steel and masonry culvert is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The culvert has three metal pipes and a lava rock head wall and wing walls. Repair work has been done by a bridge crew in 2000. The simple design of the culvert retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for unique lava rock culvert in Hawaii. It is a good example of a culvert that uses local material, is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: 3-Cell Pipe Culvert-Honokaia Stream

Feature Crossed: Honokaia Stream

Feature Carried: Honokaa-Waipio Road

Milepost: 4.81 mi. Island: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-30m-54.74s **Latitude:** 20d-05m-48.18s

Location: 4.87 Miles East of Waipio Valley Lookout

Historic Name: 3-Cell Pipe Culvert-Honokaia Stream

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert	Construction Date: 1966	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 15.1 ft.	Total Length: 50.9 ft.	Deck Width: 39.4 ft.		
Superstructure:					
Substructure: Metal Corrugate	ed Culvert				
Floor/Decking: AC Pavement					
Parapets/Railings: Metal Thrie Beam					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	С	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Culvert	Historic Function: Culvert		
Area of Ciamificance: Engineering			

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The three cell corrugated metal pipe culvert carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Honokaia stream. This masonry culvert is in its original location, in generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The culvert has three metal pipes and features lava rock head walls. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair. The simple design of the culvert retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for unique lava rock culvert in Hawaii. It is a good example of a culvert that uses local material, is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: 3-Cell Pipe Culvert-Kainapahoa Stream

Feature Crossed: Kainapahoa Stream

Feature Carried: Honokaa-Waipio Road

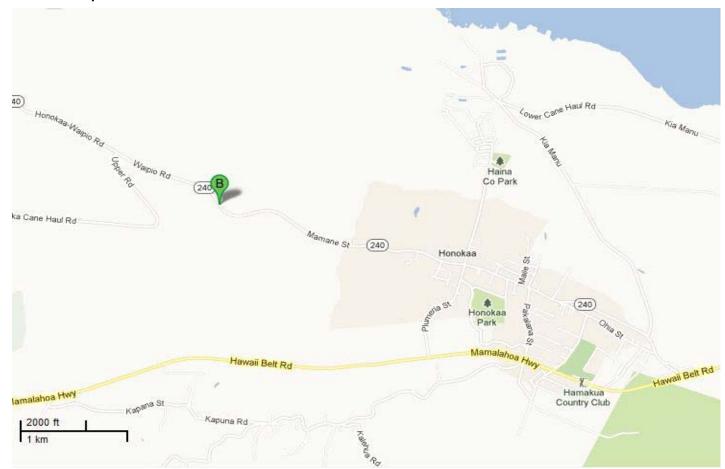
Milepost: 2.99 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 1.14 Miles West of Kahili Street

Historic Name: 3-Cell Pipe Culvert-Kainapahoa Stream

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert	Construction Date: 1966	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 14.1 ft.	Total Length: 50.9 ft.	Deck Width: 39.4 ft.		
Superstructure:					
Substructure: Metal Corrugate	ed Culvert				
Floor/Decking: AC Pavement					
Parapets/Railings: Metal Thrie Beam					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Culvert Historic Function: Culvert

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kainapahoa Stream triple cell, corrugated metal pipe culvert carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kainapahoa Stream. This steel and masonry culvert is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The culvert has three metal pipes which had been lined with concrete. The culvert contains an angled rock masonry head wall design depicting adaptation within the locale. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair. The simple design of the culvert retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for unique lava rock culvert in Hawaii. It is a good example of a culvert that uses local material, is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: 3-Cell Pipe Culvert-Kamakoa Bridge No. 2

Feature Crossed: Kamakoa Stream No. 2

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

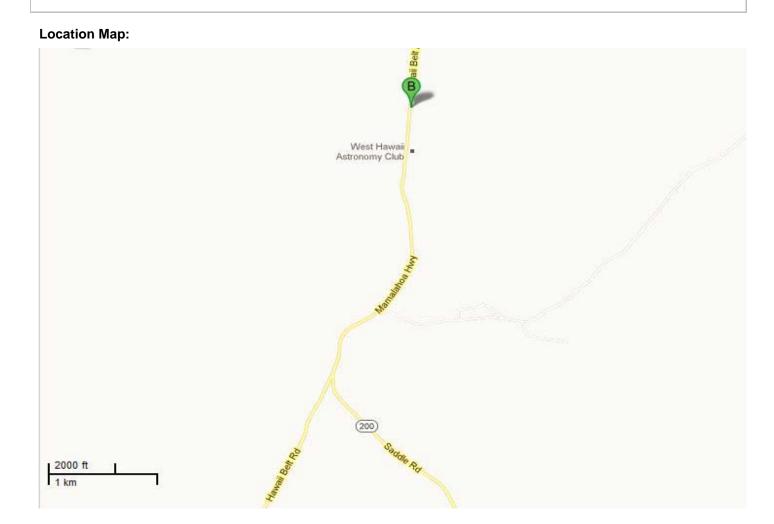
Milepost: 7.58 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 1.35 Miles South of Saddle Road (Route 200)

Historic Name: 3-Cell Pipe Culvert-Kamakoa Bridge No. 2

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Metal Corrugated Culvert	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 11.2 ft.	Total Length: 36.1 ft.	Deck Width: 65.0 ft.
Superstructure:			
Substructure: Metal Corrug	gated Culvert		
Floor/Decking: AC Paveme	ent		
Parapets/Railings: Metal 7	Thrie Beam		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Culvert Historic Function: Culvert

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kamakoa #2 three cell corrugated metal pipe culvert carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kamakoa Stream. This steel and masonry culvert is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The culvert has three metal pipes and lava rock head walls and wing walls. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair. The simple design of the culvert retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for distinctive lava rock head walls and wing walls. It is a good example of a culvert that uses local material, is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: Aamakoa Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Aamakoa Gulch

Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway

Milepost: 26.58 mi. Island: Hawaii

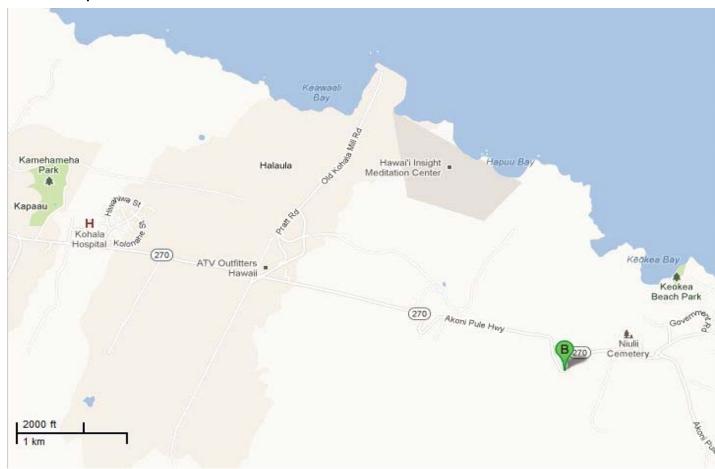
Longitude: 155d-45m-19.34s **Latitude:** 20d-13m-08.95s

Location: 0.76 Miles East of Akana Place

Historic Name: Aamakoa Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1918 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2009

Alteration Type(s): Seismic Retrofit

Alteration Description(s): Bridge abutments and pier seismic retrofitted.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 39.0 ft. Total Length: 80.1 ft. Deck Width: 20.3 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Aamakoa Gulch Bridge carries Hawi Niulii Road across the Asmakoa Gulch. This concrete bridge is in its original location and is generally in good condition. The bridge has concrete solid panel parapets with flat caps. One of the end parapets has the bridge name engraved. The masonry wall approach is attached to the curved solid parapet end. The concrete deck is supported by concrete piers and abutments which look to be new. The simple design of the parapet retains its historic feeling. The bridge was seismically retrofitted in 2009.

The bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. Although the structure looks to be replaced, the original parapets remain intact.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190307917 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Ahole Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Ahole Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

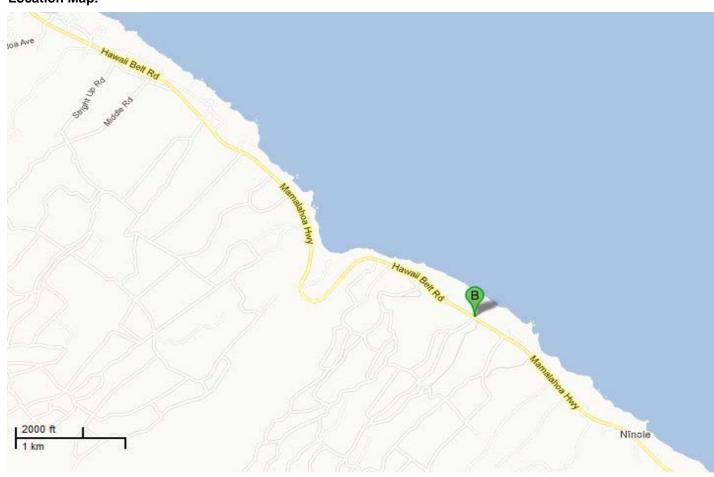
Milepost: 20.36 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 3.95 Miles West of Kauniho Road

Historic Name: Ahole Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor: Henry Freitas



Bridge Type: Concrete Rigid Frame	Construction Date: 1934	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 65.0 ft. Total Length: 137.1 ft. Deck Width: 29.5 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Rigid Frame

Substructure: Concrete Integral Abutment and Concrete Multi-Column Bent

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction; brackets at rail and arched

pier columns

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Ahole Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19) across the Ahole Stream on the island of Hawaii. The structure is a two-span reinforced-concrete tee beam bridge. The Ahole Bridge retains its original location and setting at the mouth of Ahole Stream. The bridge's original continuous tee beam design and reinforced-concrete materials remain intact. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by additions or repairs. The bridge is the work of Hawaii Island contractor, Henry Freitas. The continuous tee beam bridge was structurally innovative at the time of its construction. The bridge is readily visible from the adjacent Pohakupuka Church. The bridge's historic associations with Territorial efforts to upgrade the belt road and advances in concrete technology are apparent to informed observers.

The Ahole Bridge is significant for its contributions to the fields of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with important public works project initiated by the territorial government and constructed with federal work relief programs funds during the Depression era. The bridge was a significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of the region. The Ahole Bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of federally-funded tee beam bridge constructed in the 1930s. Further, the bridge is representative of the "work of a master": William R. Bartels of the Territorial Highways Department.

Between 1932 and 1958, the Territory of Hawaii began to construct a modern highway, called the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19), around the island. The new road and a series of large, steel-reinforced concrete bridges straightened out, bisected, and often bypassed, the circuitous old government road. These bridges spanned gulches high above sea level and enabled the belt road to run a straighter course. The new road is an extraordinary engineering feat; it contains fifty-six bridges in forty-two miles, took twenty-two years to build, cost \$54 million, and reduced the driving time between Hilo and Honokaa from over two hours to forty minutes.

The Ahole Bridge is an excellent example of the substantial yet attractive bridges built with Federal Aid funds. The Ahole Bridge was one of the first major concrete tee beam highway bridges constructed during the upgrading of the Hawaii Belt Road in the 1930s. These Federal Aid bridges did not scrimp on ornament, and every attempt was made to add beauty to utility. Ahole's girders were haunched to give the impression of an arch, and brackets were added under the railings at each pier column. Adjacent to the bridge is the historic Pohakupuka Congregational Church, built in the early-twentieth century to serve the Christian congregation on the nearby sugar plantations.

The contractor on the Ahole Bridge was Henry Freitas, who built St. Louis College in Honolulu. Freitas and his son George, founder of the Pacific Construction Company, built many other Federal Aid bridges of this era.

- (1) Russell Apple, Ala Kahakai: A phrase in the Hawaiian language meaning Trail by the Sea...a walk through one Hundred and Fifty Years of History on the Island of Hawaii (Hawaii National Park, Hawaii: Macappleville Press, 1994), 57.
- (2) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 230.
- (3) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 248.

General Information

Popular Name: Hanawi Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Hanawi Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

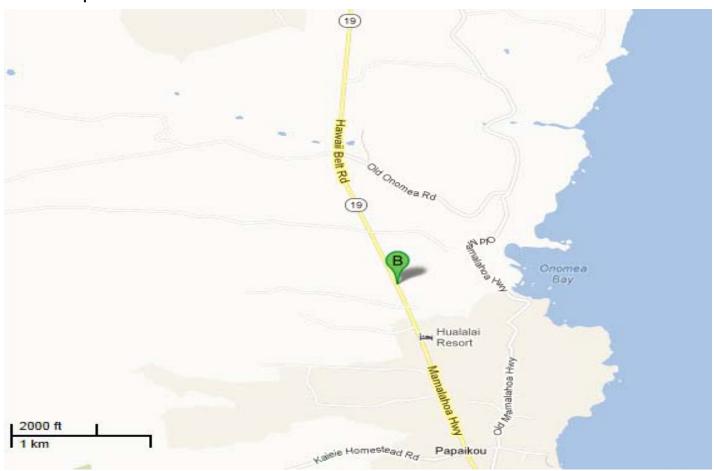
Milepost: 8.21 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 1.23 Miles West of Kaieie Road

Historic Name: Hanawi Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 1968	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 6 Max Span: 82.0 ft. Total Length: 423.9 ft. Deck Width: 34.4 ft.

Superstructure: Prestressed Concrete I-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete T-Shaped Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck

Parapets/Railings: Concrete and Metal

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Hanawi Stream Bridge is a concrete girder bridge, constructed in 1968 to carry the Hawaii Belt Road over Hanaw Stream from Honokaa to Hilo in Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. The original design and materials are mostly intact however, thrie beams are attached to the ends of the parapets. The parapets are solid concrete with horizontal metal rails which are a common parapet type of post-war bridges. The rural setting contributes to the historic character of the bridge.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for being the longest concrete bridge built post-war (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Hilo Plantation Flume Overpass

Feature Crossed: Hawaii Belt Road

Feature Carried: Hilo Plantation Flume

Milepost: 3.10 mi. Island: Hawaii

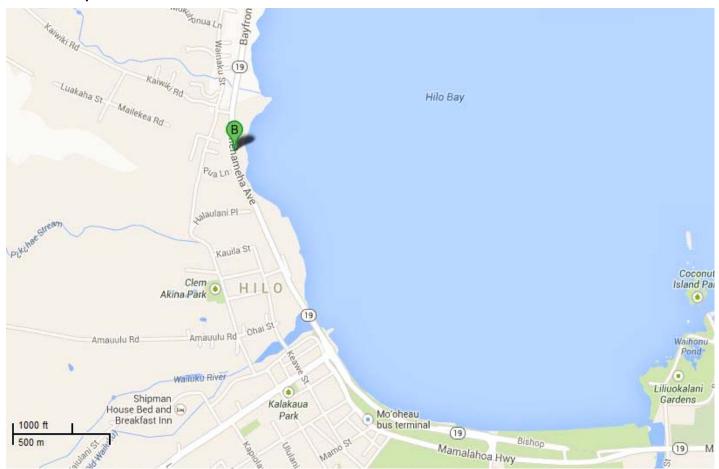
Location: 0.35 Miles West of Pukihae Street

Historic Name: Hilo Plantation Flume Overpass

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 1949	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4	Max Span: 74.1 ft.	Total Length: 182.1 ft.	Deck Width: 15.1 ft.			
Superstructure: Concrete Thro	ough Girder					
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Wall Pier					
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck						
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid						
Setting:						
Other Features:						

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Flume Historic Function: Flume

Area of Significance: Agriculture, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Hilo Flume Overpass Hawaii Belt Road. This reinforced concrete flume is in its original location but in poor condition. The concrete box flume is supported by concrete pier and abutments. The workmanship of the flume has not been obscured by addition or repair and the simple design of the flume retains its historic feeling. The state of Hawaii maintains the bridge however it is not in use and the ownership is unknown.

The design of the flume does not have much character defining features but its associated with the plantation industry. The flume looks to be used to transport merely water. This region is Hawaii's wet district, starting at Upolu Point, the northern tip of the island, and running through Hamakua and into the Hilo District, which supported many large sugar plantations.

The flume is eligible under Criterion C for being the earliest concrete flume bridge built post-war (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000191109626 Route No: 19

Popular Name: Hilo Plantation Road Overpass

Feature Crossed: Hawaii Belt Road (Hilo Plantation Road Overpass)

Feature Carried: Plantation Road

Milepost: 3.28 mi. Island: Hawaii

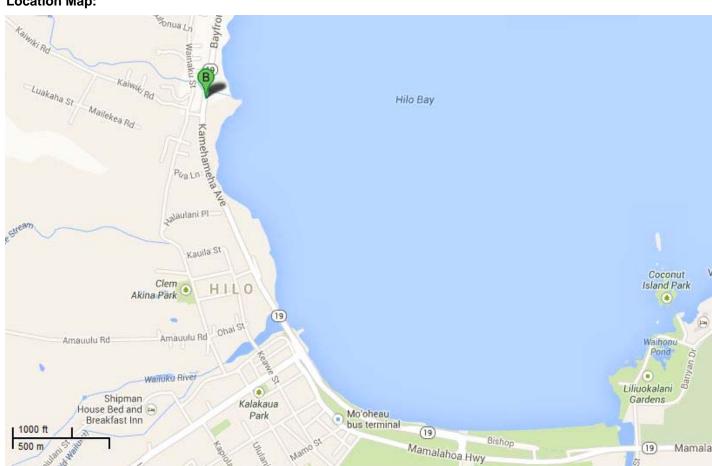
Longitude: 155d-05m-28.67s Latitude: 19d-44m-17.73s

Location: 0.05 Miles West of Hau Street

Historic Name: Hilo Plantation Road Overpass

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1949	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4	Max Span: 45.9 ft.	Total Length: 126.0 ft.	Deck Width: 37.1 ft.	
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Beam			
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	ent Wall and Concrete W	all Pier		
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck				
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal				
Setting:				
Other Features:				

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria: A	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge	
Area of Cianificance, Agriculture		

Area of Significance: Agriculture

Narrative Description:

The Hilo Plantation Road Overpass carries Hawaii Belt Road across Plantation Road. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location but in poor condition. The bridge has concrete open horizontal parapets, concrete deck, and concrete piers and abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair. The state of Hawaii maintains the bridge however it is not in use and the ownership is unknown.

The design of the bridge does not have much character defining features but its associated with the plantation industry. This region is Hawaii's wet district, starting at Upolu Point, the northern tip of the island, and running through Hamakua and into the Hilo District, which supported many large sugar plantations. From Niulii in North Kohala, the coast is a series of canyons with rivers pouring out of the Kohala Mountains or off of Mauna Kea. Travel was problematic closer to the coast. However, the towns were situated along the coast so one could stay on higher trails if the main purpose was to get from Waimea to Hilo or stop at one of the sheep stations in the uplands.

General Information

Popular Name: Hionomoa Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Hionomoa Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)

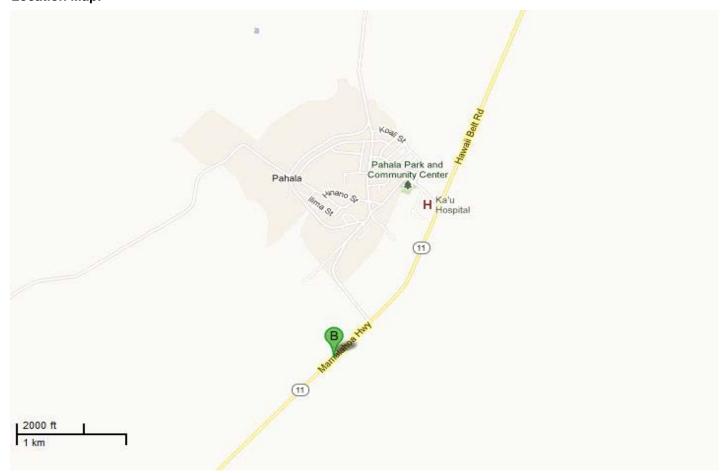
Milepost: 52.61 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 0.43 Miles South of Maile Street

Historic Name: Hionomoa Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor: George Freitas



Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1938 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2003

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Metal thrie beam railing added in front of existing concrete bridge railing

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 69.9 ft. Total Length: 82.0 ft. Deck Width: 27.6 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features: Incised bridge name and date of constructionon end piers

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering and transportation

Narrative Description:

The Hionomoa Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 11) across the Hionomoa Stream within the Kau District of the island of Hawaii. The bridge is one of five reinforced-concrete rigid frame structures built in the pre-World War II period in Hawaii.

The bridge is in its original location and its rural setting has remained unchanged. The original concrete material of the bridge is in generally good condition and has not been altered by major repairs. Overall, the bridge exhibits a high degree of workmanship, particularly the attention given to the rail and the masonry (lava-rock) abutments. The rigid-frame bridge was technologically innovative for its time. The bridge's historic associations, as a product of the Territorial Highways Department effort to upgrade the belt road in the 1930s, is apparent to informed observers. The bridge's historic feeling is primarily evident through its rail style which was typical of the 1930s.

The Hionomoa Bridge has made significant contributions to the areas of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with important public works project initiated by the territorial government and constructed with federal work relief programs funds during the Depression era. The bridge was a significant facet of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of Kau by providing economical transportation to the harbor for the sugar plantations located in that district. The reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridge is eligible under Criterion C as an innovative example of bridge design utilizing new engineering technology, as well as for its aesthetic merit. The Hionomoa Bridge is representative of the "work of a master": William R. Bartels of the Territorial Highways Department (THD).

Between 1932 and 1958, the Territory of Hawaii began to construct a modern highway, called the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 11). The bridge is one of seven (Hionomoa, Kaalaala, Kanenelu, Keaiwa, Moaula, Paauau and Piikea) bridges constructed along the highway in 1937 to serve the sugar plantations near Pahala in the Kau district.

This bridge is one of the first reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridges constructed in the islands, and one of only five of this type built prior to WW II. The reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridge demonstrates the rapid advances in engineering technology in the early decades of the twentieth century and are the most sophisticated of the pre-WWII bridges from an engineering perspective. The abutments and deck of rigid-frame bridges are constructed as one solid piece of concrete enabling the slab to double or triple the previous achievable span of twenty feet. This technology was not used in Hawaii until 1936, when William R. Bartels of the Territorial Highways Department developed the plans for the Wahiawa Bridge on Kauai and the Kaahumanu Avenue-Naniloa Drive Overpass in Wailuku, Maui. These were followed by two concrete rigid-frame bridges on Hawaii Island (including the Moaula Bridges) and one on Oahu.

Bartels work characteristically utilized the latest technology and involved a high degree of engineering complexity. Nonetheless, his bridges evidence a refined aesthetic sensibility which makes them distinctive from the works of other engineers. Contractor George Freitas constructed both the Kealakaha and the Honolii Highway Bridges on the Hawaisi Belt Road, which were also designed by the THD.

General Information

Popular Name: Honolii Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Honolii Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 4.50 mi. Island: Hawaii

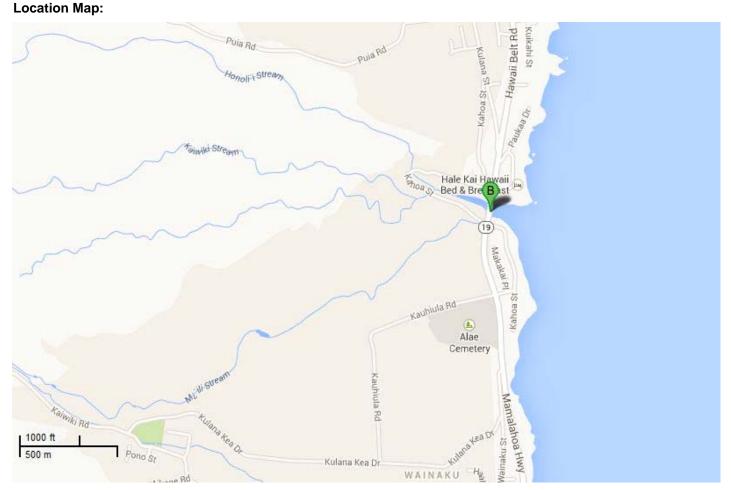
Location: 0.11 Miles East of Paukaa Drive

Historic Name: Honolii Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: James O. Yapp

Builder/Contractor: George Freitas

Loostian Man.





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1936 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2002, 2009

Alteration Type(s): Seismic Retrofit

Alteration Description(s): Bridge piers and pier cap beams retrofitted with built-up concrete to increase size and

strength. Concrete columns altered from T-shaped sections to square sections with

chamfered corners.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 8 Max Span: 98.1 ft. Total Length: 544.0 ft. Deck Width: 31.5 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction; brackets at rail and arched

pier columns

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering and transportation

Narrative Description:

The Honolii Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19) across the Honolii Stream north of Hilo on the island of Hawaii. The structure is a multi-span reinforced-concrete tee beam bridge. The Honolii Bridge retains its original setting at the mouth of Honolii Stream, downstream of the Mamalahoa-Honolii Bridge and the Mamalahoa-Maili Bridge (both constructed on the old Mamalahoa Highway in 1911). The bridge's original continuous tee beam design and reinforced-concrete materials remain intact. The bridge pier's columns were originally T-shaped but were seismically retrofitted in 2002 and 2009 and are now rectangular. The bridge is the work of skilled builders, who constructed the massive concrete bridge. The large continuous tee beam bridge was structurally innovative at the time of its construction. The bridge is highly visible from the old Mamalahoa Highway, which runs under the bridge. The bridge's historic associations with territorial efforts to upgrade the belt road and advances in concrete technology are readily apparent to all observers due to the juxtaposition of the 1936 bridge with the two adjacent older bridges on the old Mamalahoa Highway.

The Honolii Bridge is significant for its contributions to the fields of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with important public works project initiated by the territorial government and constructed with federal work relief programs funds during the Depression era. The bridge was a significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of the region. The Honolii Bridge is eligible under Criterion C as an excellent example of federally-funded tee beam bridge construction in the 1930s and is indicative of the advances in bridge technology in the early twentieth-century. Further, the bridge is representative of the "work of a master": James O. Yapp of the Territorial Highways Department (THD).

Between 1932 and 1958, the Territory of Hawaii began to construct a modern highway, called the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19), around the island of Hawaii. The new road and a series of large, steel-reinforced concrete bridges straightened out, bisected, and often bypassed, the circuitous old government road. The new road is an extraordinary engineering feat; it contains fifty-six bridges in forty-two miles, took twenty-two years to build, cost \$54 million, and reduced the driving time between Hilo and Honokaa from over two hours to forty minutes. (1)

The Honolii Bridge is an excellent example of the substantial, yet attractive, bridges built with Federal Aid funds. These bridges spanned gulches high above sea level and enabled the belt road to run a straighter course. Several bridges had previously been erected over the stream at its mouth, but a major restructuring of the road, which the Hilo Tribune called the "magnum opus of the County of Hawaii," brought it away from the beach and back into the valley in 1911. (2) The Honolii Bridge bypassed the long road into and out of the valley, which had previously necessitated three separate bridges. The caissons of the former railroad bridge, taken down in the late 1940s, are evident in the water near the pier footings of the concrete bridge.

The bridge's continuous concrete tee-beam design was technically ambitious, particularly due to its extraordinary height and long spans; the construction of the bridge was considered to be a major engineering feat. It was one of the last major concrete tee beam highway bridges constructed along the Hawaii Belt Road prior to WWII. The Honolii Bridge was designed by James O. Yapp, the Hawaii District Engineer for the THD. He served in this capacity from 1930 to 1947 and also designed the Kapehu and Kaaluu Bridges. The contractor was George Freitas, founder of Pacific Construction Company, who built several other Federal Aid bridges. (3)

- (1) Russell Apple, Ala Kahakai: A phrase in the Hawaiian language meaning Trail by the Sea...a walk through one Hundred and Fifty Years of History on the Island of Hawaii (Hawaii National Park, Hawaii: Macappleville Press, 1994), 57.
- (2) Hilo Tribune (April 11, 1911), 2.
- (3) Pacific Business News (September 8, 1986), 2.

General Information

Popular Name: Honuapo Bridge

Feature Crossed: Railroad (Honuapo)

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)

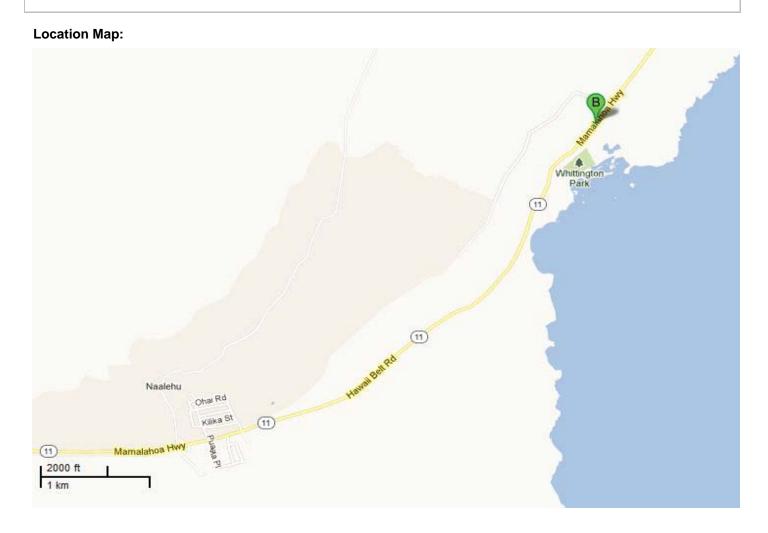
Milepost: 60.60 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 0.06 Miles South of Honuapo Wharf Road

Historic Name: Honuapo Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1940	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 44.0 ft.	Deck Width: 44.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete Slat)		
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	nent Wall and Concrete \	Wall Pier	
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	k with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concrete 0	Open Greek Cross		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Railroad (Honuapo) Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road across a railroad crossing. This concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain mostly intact with some patches on the railing starting to crack and a few transverse hairline cracks at the soffit. This bridge contains an aesthetically pleasing Greek cross rail that has been kept intact over the years. Reinforced concrete open arched balustrade with "Greek-cross" voids and concrete rail caps is a significant characteristic of this bridge.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with the development of concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1940's concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of constructions, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190306695 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Kaala Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaala Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

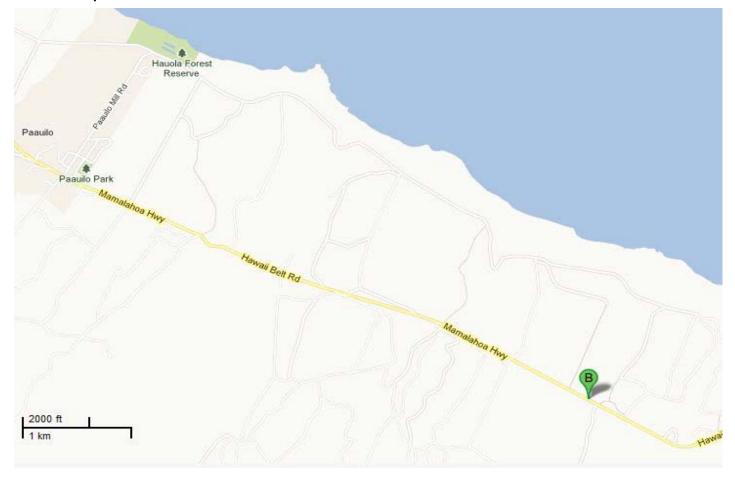
Milepost: 32.60 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 3.93 Miles East of Paauilo Plantation Road

Historic Name: Kaala Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1935 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2001

Alteration Type(s): Seismic Retrofit

Alteration Description(s): Bridge abutments seismic retrofitted.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 86.0 ft. Total Length: 214.9 ft. Deck Width: 29.9 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kaaka Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kaala Stream. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location but in poor condition. The bridge has concrete open Greek cross parapets with stepped caps and curved wide solid end posts. End posts consist of stepped profile and one of the posts has the bridge name engraved. The concrete deck is supported by concrete piers and masonry abutments. Thrie beams were bolted to the end posts and small triangular concrete blocks were attached to the posts to create a flat surface. The simple design of the parapet retains its historic feeling. In 2001 the abutments were seismically retrofitted.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with the development of concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: Kaaluu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaalau Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

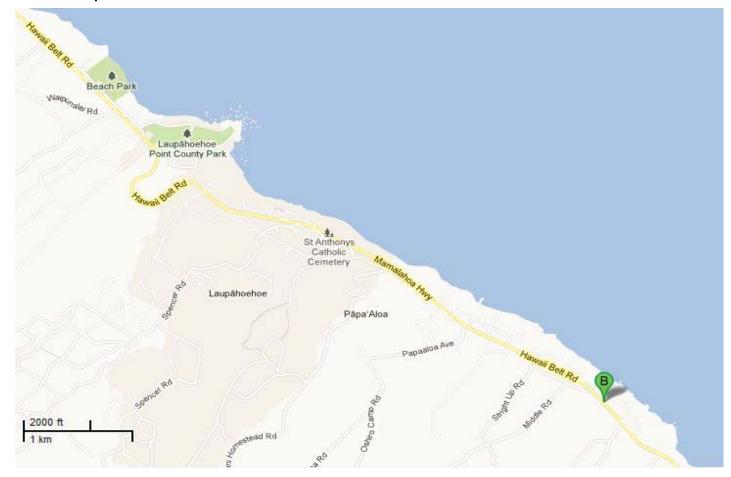
Milepost: 23.10 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 6.11 Miles East of Ookala Access Road

Historic Name: Kaaluu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1933 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): Unknown

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Abutments and piers seismic retrofitted.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 39.0 ft. Total Length: 132.9 ft. Deck Width: 28.9 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kaaluu Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kaaluu Stream. This concrete bridge features two double arch piers. It is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. It is aesthetically similar to its neighbor, Kapehu Stream Bridge. The original concrete pier wall on both sides contains double arches that house a recessed alcove within. The original concrete diaphragm is cast between the girders at both pier walls, which are still in good condition. The original railings are concrete open arched and have been kept in their original state with deterioration over the years due to regular use. This bridge has an existing 8 inch waterline with surface rusting on the side of the bridge. Seismic retrofitting was done previously on this bridge by a private contractor.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for it association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190305863 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Kahawailiilii Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kahawailiilii Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

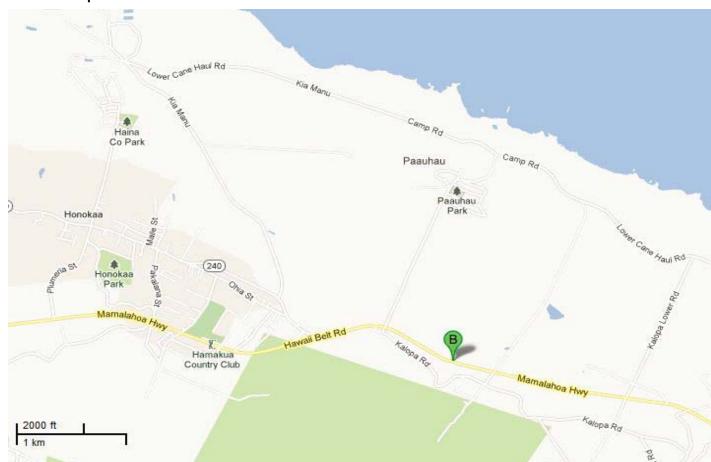
Milepost: 40.92 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 0.83 Miles East of Mamane Street

Historic Name: Kahawailiilii Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder Construction Date: 1959 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1999

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): End posts upgraded

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 107.0 ft. Total Length: 216.9 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Box Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete and Metal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kahawailiilii Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete box beam/multiple girder bridge, constructed in 1959 to carry the Hawaii Belt Road over Kahawailiilii Gulch from Honokaa to Hilo in Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. An old horse trail remains along-side the bridge. The original design and materials are mostly intact although the end posts of the bridge were upgraded in 1999. The parapets are concrete open horizontal which is a common type of the post-war bridge. The elliptical ornaments on the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value and workmanship. The rural setting contributes to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is eased by the date of construction incised on the end piers.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190306865 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Kaholo Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaholo Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

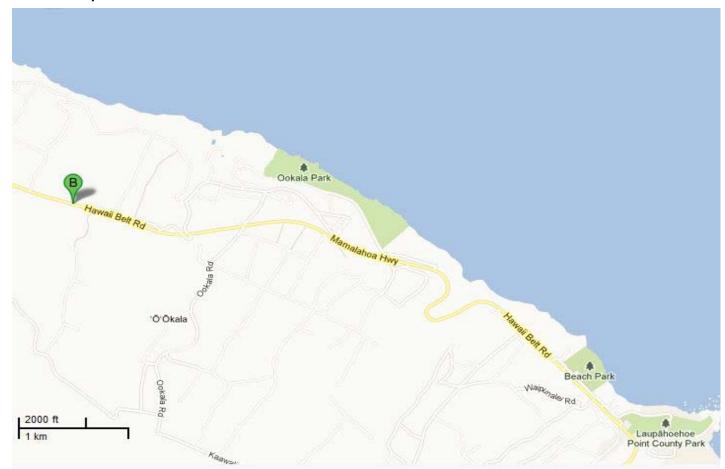
Milepost: 30.89 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 1.68 Miles West of Ookala Access Road

Historic Name: Kaholo Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1935	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 89.9 ft.	Total Length: 225.1 ft.	Deck Width: 29.5 ft.	
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Beam			
Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier				
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	with AC Overlay			
Parapets/Railings: Concrete C	Open Greek Cross			
Setting:				
Other Features:				

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kaholo Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kaholo Stream. This concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has open Greek cross parapets with stepped caps and curved wide end posts. One of the end posts have the bridge name engraved. The concrete deck is supported by concrete abutments. Thrie beams approaches were bolted to the end posts but the workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with the development of concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Popular Name: Kalopa Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kalopa Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

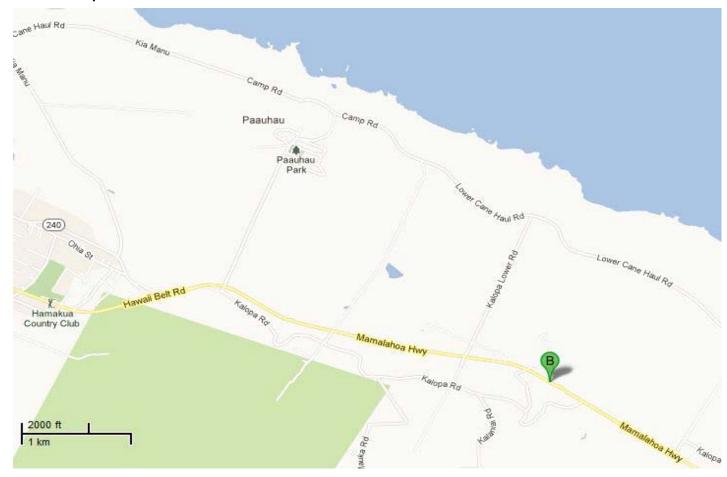
Milepost: 39.33 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 2.41 Miles East of Mamane Street

Historic Name: Kalopa Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 1959	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 125.0 ft. Total Length: 331.0 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Box Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete T-Shaped Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kalopa Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete bridge, constructed in 1959 to carry the Hawaii Belt Road over Kalopa Stream from Honokaa to Hilo in Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. The balustrade is a typical rectilinear post-war style, composed of a reinforced concrete balustrade penetrated with horizontal rectilinear voids with a concrete rail cap, common in the post-war era. The elliptical ornaments on the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value and workmanship. The rural setting contributes to the historic character of the bridge.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for having the longest concrete span built post-war (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Kanenelu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kanenelu Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)

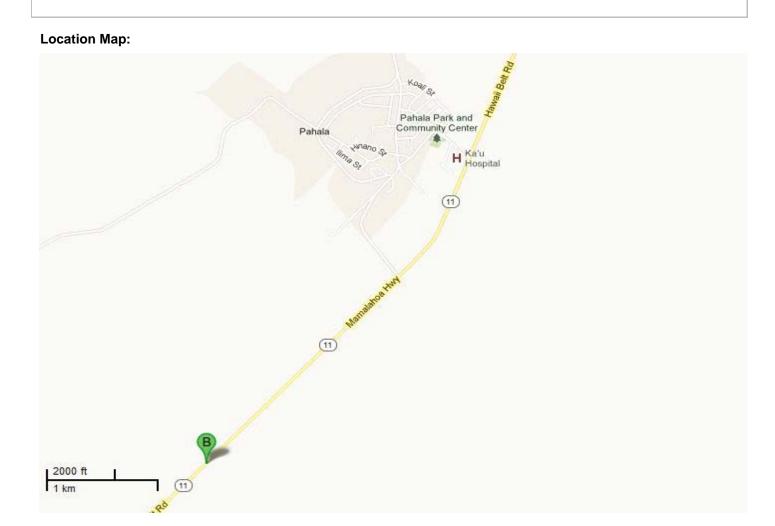
Milepost: 53.46 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 1.26 Miles South of Maile Street

Historic Name: Kanenelu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1938	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 43.0 ft.	Deck Width: 27.6 ft.	
Superstructure: Concrete Slab)			
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	ent Wall and Concrete W	all Pier		
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	with AC Overlay			
Parapets/Railings: Concrete C	Open Greek Cross			
Setting:				
Other Features:				

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kanenelu Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kanenelu Stream. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has open Greek cross parapets with stepped caps and curved wide end posts. Two of the end posts have the construction date and the bridge name engraved. The concrete deck is supported by concrete abutments. The parapets have been painted white only on the surface facing the road. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with the development of concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1940's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190307673 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Kapehu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kapehu Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

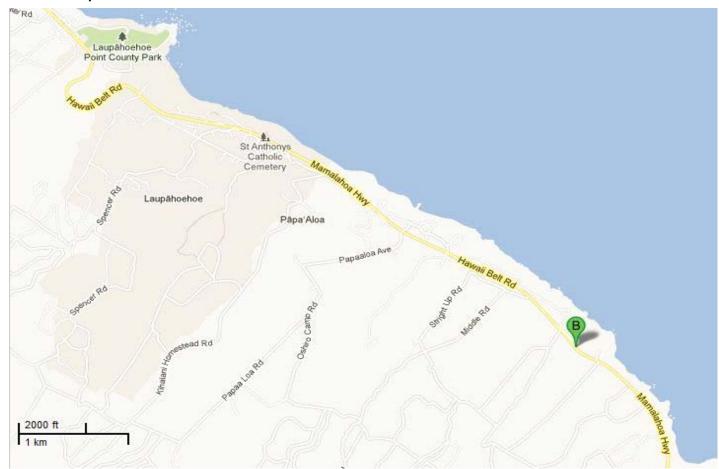
Milepost: 22.79 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 6.43 Miles East of Ookala Access Road

Historic Name: Kapehu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1933	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 39.0 ft.	Total Length: 130.9 ft.	Deck Width: 28.9 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Beam		
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	ent Wall and Concrete W	all Pier	
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kapehu Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Kapehu Stream. This concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. It is aesthetically similar to its neighbor, Kaaluu Stream Bridge. The original concrete pier wall on both sides contains double arches that house a recessed alcove within. The original concrete diaphragm is cast between the girders at both pier walls, which are still in good condition. Seismic retrofitting was done previously on this bridge by a private contractor.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for it association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship and design.

General Information

Popular Name: Kapue Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kapue Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 6.28 mi. Island: Hawaii

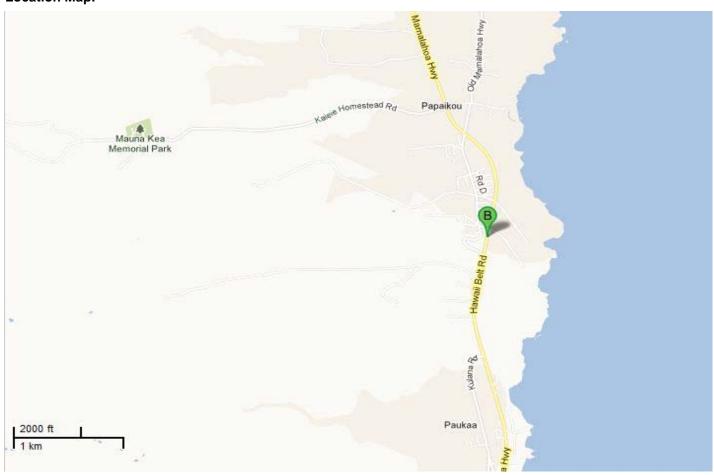
Location: 0.70 Miles East of Kaieie Road

Historic Name: Kapue Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: John Mason Young (1911) / William R. Bartels (1950)

Builder/Contractor: W. W. Beers (1911) - Fabricator: Hamilton and Chambers, N.Y. (1911) / Independent Iron

Works, Ca. (1953)





Bridge Type: Steel Trestle Construction Date: 1950 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1950

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): The highway bridge is a reconstructed railroad trestle

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 8 Max Span: 65.9 ft. Total Length: 415.0 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Steel Trestle

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction (added 1950)

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? Yes

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form.

See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form and see Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.			

General Information

Popular Name: Kaula Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaula Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

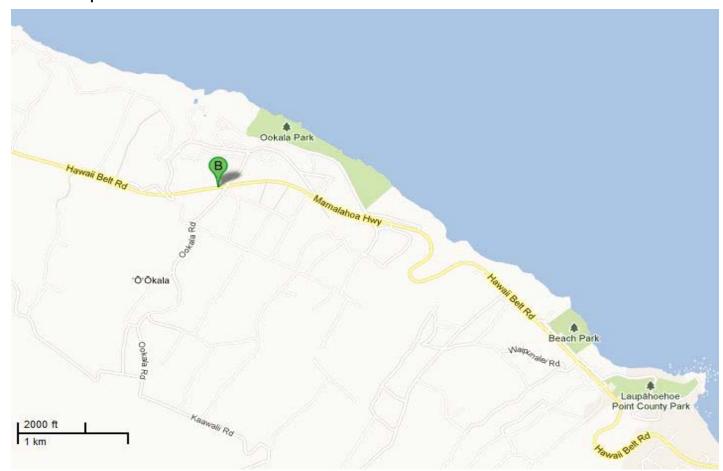
Milepost: 30.07 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 0.89 Miles West of Ookala Access Road

Historic Name: Kaula Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 1959	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 124.0 ft. Total Length: 356.0 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Box Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kaula Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete multiple box beam/girder structure, constructed in 1959, to carry the Hawaii Belt Road over Kaula Gulch from Honokaa to Hilo in the Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location with the Kaula Gulch roadway still underneath. There is a concrete retaining wall at the left footing pier and dry rubble protective walls at both piers. The original design and materials are mostly intact. The parapets are concrete open horizontal which is a common parapet type of post-war bridges. The elliptical ornaments at the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value. The workmanship is evident in the rocker column above the top of the pier. The rural/coastal setting has not changed and, along with the existing roadway, contributes to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is aided by the name and date of construction incised on the end piers.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Kawainui Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kawainui Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

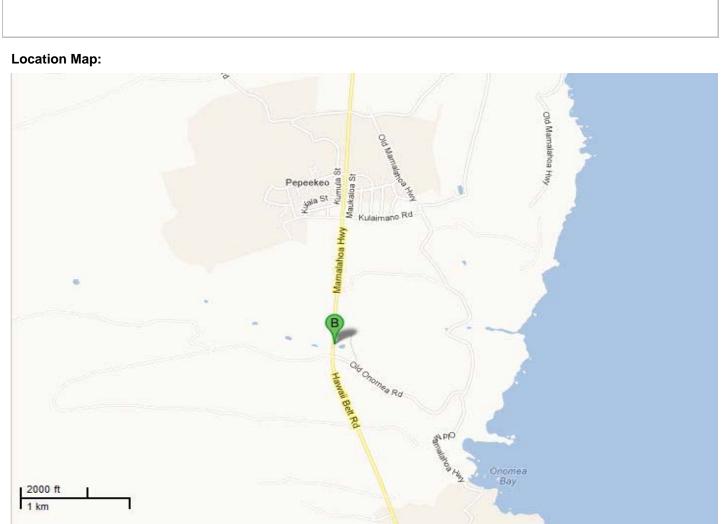
Milepost: 9.09 mi. Island: Hawaii

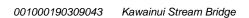
Location: 0.80 Miles East of Kulaimano Road

Historic Name: Kawainui Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1948	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: Total Length: 70.9 ft. Deck Width: 32.5 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways each side

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kawainui Stream Bridge was constructed in 1948 to carry the upgraded Hawaii Belt Road over the Kawainui Stream. The bridge remains in its original location. The rural setting remains unchanged. The ornate design and materials of this structure are intact. There are sidewalks on both sides of the bridge that are flanked with concrete "Greek cross" style parapets which terminate in curved, stepped end piers. Significant skill and craftsmanship are evident on this structure. The unique style of parapet seen in earlier eras makes the bridge one of only two that remain from this post-war period (the Kaukonahua Bridge on Oahu is the other). The abandoned concrete supports nearby of a previous bridge can also be observed. The bridge's design, materials and workmanship are good and have not been obscured by additions or repairs. The setting, late use of the style, and material contribute to the historic character of the bridge.

The use of steel was uncommon in Hawaii due to the extreme marine environment. Since very little steel is used for bridge construction in Hawaii, this bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its distinctive structural type. This bridge is also eligible under Criterion C for being the earliest steel bridge built post-war (1945) on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Kealakaha Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kealakaha Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

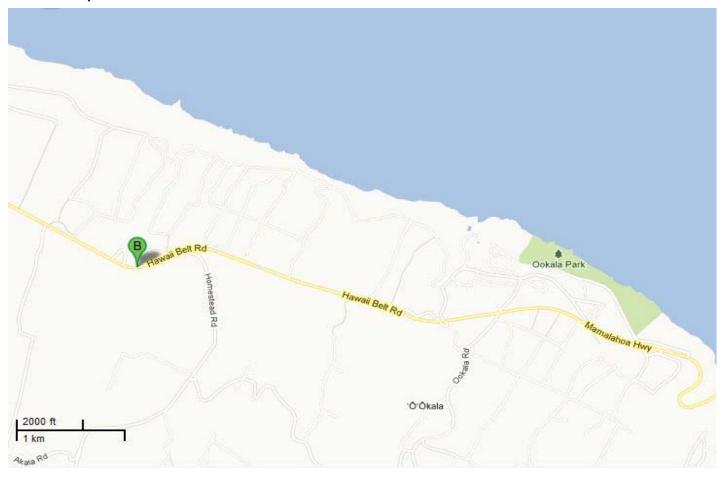
Milepost: 31.94 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 4.54 Miles East of Paauilo Plantation Road

Historic Name: Kealakaha Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor: George Freitas





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1935	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 6 Max Span: 98.1 ft. Total Length: 486.9 ft. Deck Width: 29.5 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction; brackets at rail and arched

pier columns

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

A new bridge was built recently parallel to this old bridge with the same name. This information pertains to the older historic bridge rather than the newly built structure. The old historic bridge is currently closed and gated with no access to vehicles or pedestrians and there have been talks about demolishing the bridge in the future.

The Kealakaha Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19) across the Kealakaha Stream on the Hamakua coast of the island of Hawaii. The structure is a curved multi-span reinforced-concrete tee-beam bridge. The Kealakaha Bridge is in its original location and the rural setting has remained unchanged. The bridge's original continuous tee beam design and reinforced-concrete materials remain intact. The workmanship of the bridges has not been obscured by additions or repairs. The bridge is the work of local contractor George Freitas, who constructed the massive concrete bridge. The bridge was structurally innovative at the time of its construction since the calculations for a curved structure, such as this one, were done in long hand. (1) Due to its length and curvature, the bridge is easily visible from roadway. The bridge has retained its historic feeling, primarily due to its relatively narrow width and the appearance of the railings which are typical of 1930s Federal Aid bridges. The bridge's historic associations with territorial efforts to upgrade the belt road and advances in concrete technology are readily apparent to informed observers.

(1) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 229.

The Kealakaha Bridge is significant for its contributions to the fields of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with important public works project initiated by the territorial government and constructed with federal work relief programs funds during the Depression era. The bridge was a significant element of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of the region. The Kealakaha Bridge is eligible under Criterion C as an excellent example of federally-funded tee-beam bridge construction in the 1930s and is indicative of the advances in bridge technology in the early twentieth-century. Further, the bridge is representative of the "work of a master": William R. Bartels of the Territorial Highways Department.

Between 1932 and 1958, the Territory of Hawaii began to construct a modern highway, called the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19), around the island. The new road and bridges straightened out, bisected, and often bypassed, the circuitous old government road. The new road is an extraordinary engineering feat; it contains fifty-six bridges in forty-two miles, took twenty-two years to build, cost \$54 million, and reduced the driving time between Hilo and Honokaa from over two hours to forty minutes. (1)

The Kealakaha Bridge is an excellent example of the substantial yet attractive bridges built with Federal Aid funds. These bridges spanned gulches high above sea level and enabled the belt road to run a straighter course. Federal Aid bridges did not scrimp on ornament, and every attempt was made to add beauty to utility. (2) The bridge was one of the last major concrete tee beam highway bridges constructed along the Hawaii Belt Road prior to WW II. The bridge's continuous concrete tee beam design was technically ambitious, particularly due to its extraordinary height and long spans; the construction of the bridge was considered to be a major engineering feat. Bartels was responsible for the design of all major territorial bridge projects between 1932 and his retirement from the department in 1956. The contractor on the Kealakaha Bridge was George Freitas, founder of Pacific Construction Company, who built the Honolulu Advertiser Building and several other Federal Aid bridges.

In 1995, the State Department of Transportation (DOT) determined that the bridge did not meet current federal highway standards due to its narrow width and curvature of the roadway. In consultation with the SHPO, the DOT developed roadway improvement plans to preserve the bridge in-place for pedestrian use.

- (1) Russell Apple, Ala Kahakai: A phrase in the Hawaiian language meaning Trail by the Sea...a walk through one Hundred and Fifty Years of History on the Island of Hawaii (Hawaii National Park, Hawaii: Macappleville Press, 1994), 57.
- (2) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 230.

General Information

Popular Name: Kihalani Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kihalani Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 24.31 mi. Island: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-13m-25.26s **Latitude:** 19d-58m-42.72s

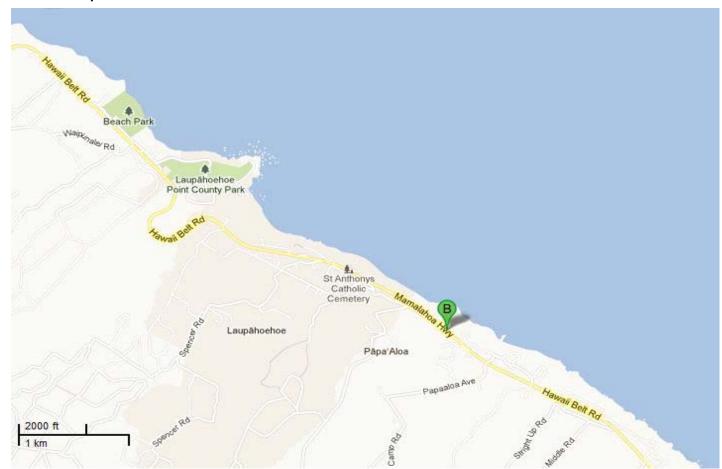
Location: 4.86 Miles East of Ookala Access Road

Historic Name: Kihalani Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels and R. Kawamura

Builder/Contractor:

Location Map:





Kihalani Stream Bridge

001000190307519

Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 1956	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 125.0 ft. Total Length: 331.0 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Box Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete T-Shaped Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kihalani Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete box beam/multiple girder structure, constructed in 1956, to carry Hawaii Belt Road over Kihalani Gulch from Honokaa to Hilo in the Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. The original design and materials are mostly intact. The parapets are concrete open horizontal which is a common parapet type of post-war bridges. The elliptical ornaments at the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value. The rural setting contributes to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is aided by the name and date of construction incised on the end piers.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190307387 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Kilau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kilau Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 25.65 mi. Island: Hawaii

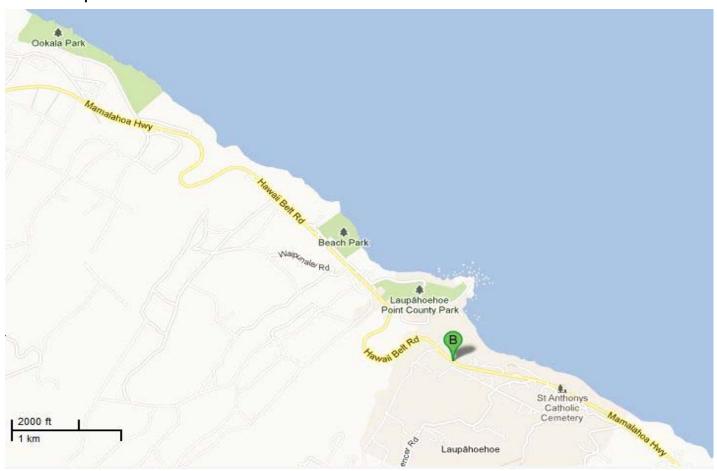
Longitude: 155d-14m-29.88s **Latitude:** 19d-59m-11.03s

Location: 3.54 Miles East of Ookala Access Road3.54MI W/OOKALA ACC RD

Historic Name: Kilau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1953	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 84.0 ft. Total Length: 225.1 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kilau Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete and tee beam structure, constructed in 1953, to carry Hawaii Belt Road over Kilau Stream from Honokaa to Hilo in the Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. Ditches are found at the ends of the bridge. The original design and materials are mostly intact. The parapets are concrete open horizontal which is a common parapet type of post-war bridges. The rural setting and the concrete rubble masonry wall contribute to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is aided by the name and date of construction incised on the end piers.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Kukaiau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kukaiau Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

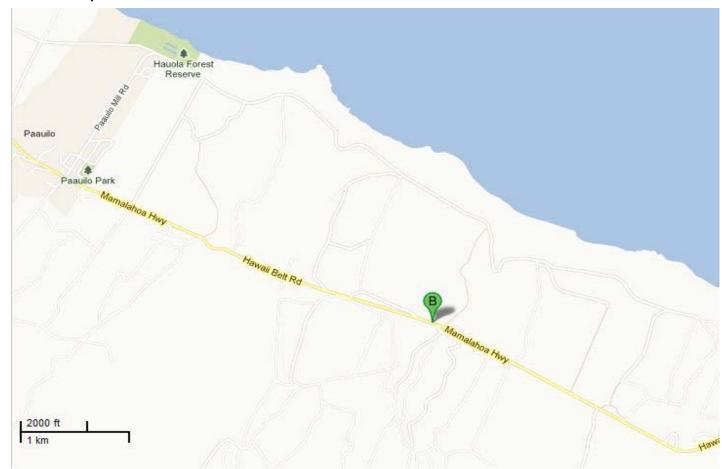
Milepost: 33.62 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 2.88 Miles East of Paauilo Plantation Road

Historic Name: Kukaiau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Steel Stringer Construction Date: 1951 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2001

Alteration Type(s): Seismic Retrofit

Alteration Description(s): Piers #1, #2, #4 and #5 seismic retrofitted.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 7 Max Span: 77.1 ft. Total Length: 380.9 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete and Metal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kukaiau Stream Bridge was constructed in 1951 to carry the Hawaii Belt Road over the stream in the Hamakua region of the Big Island of Hawaii. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. The parapets are concrete and metal which is a typical post-war style. The original design and materials are mostly intact, and workmanship is visible in the concrete work. Metal guardrails have been added that detract slightly from the overall historic impression of the structure. The bridge was seismically retrofitted in 2001.

The use of steel was uncommon in Hawaii due to the extreme marine environment. Since very little steel is used for bridge construction in Hawaii, this bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its distinctive structural type. This bridge is of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Kuwaikahi Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kuwaikahi Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 24.78 mi. Island: Hawaii

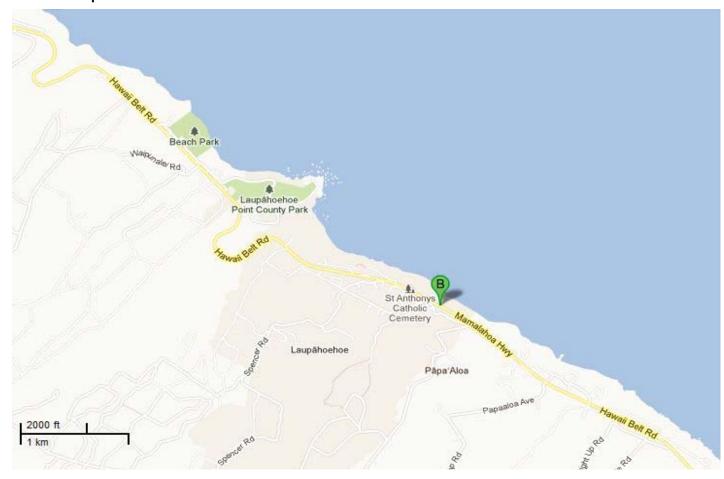
Longitude: 155d-13m-45.11s **Latitude:** 19d-58m-56.16s

Location: 4.41 Miles East of Ookala Access Road4.41MI E/OOKALA ACC RD

Historic Name: Kuwaikahi Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1957	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 82.0 ft. Total Length: 193.9 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kuwaikahi Stream Bridge is a steel and stringer multi-beam girder structure, which was constructed in 1957 to carry the Hawaii Belt Road over Kuwaikahi Gulch from Honokaa to Hilo in the Hilo-Hamakua Heritage Coastline that was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. The original design and materials are mostly intact. The workmanship and engineering complexity is evident in the frame of the steel plate girder. The balustrade is a typical rectilinear post-war style, composed of a reinforced concrete balustrade penetrated with horizontal rectilinear voids with a concrete rail cap, common in the post-war era. The elliptical ornaments at the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value. The rural setting and the design contribute to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is aided by the name and date of construction incised on the end piers.

The use of steel was uncommon in Hawaii due to the extreme marine environment. Since very little steel is used for bridge construction in Hawaii, this bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its distinctive structural type. This bridge is of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190307585 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Moanalulu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Moanalulu Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 23.66 mi. Island: Hawaii

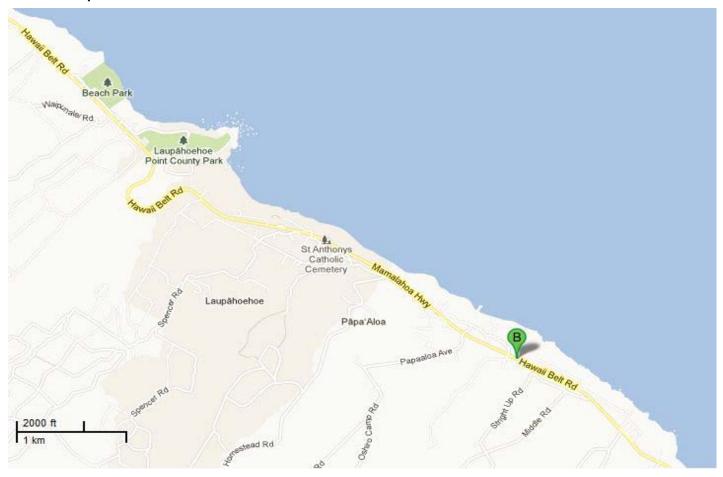
Longitude: 155d-12m-55.69s **Latitude:** 19d-58m-23.67s

Location: 5.52 Miles East of Ookala Access Road

Historic Name: Moanalulu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1956	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 94.2 ft. Total Length: 246.1 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:
Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Moanalulu Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete and tee beam structure, constructed in 1956, as part of a "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project". This bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road over Moanalulu Stream from Honokaa to Hilo and remains in its original location, where the rural/coastal setting has not changed. The original design and materials are mostly intact. The parapets are concrete open horizontal which was a common in the postwar era with metal railings addition on the top. The elliptical ornaments at the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value. The rural setting contributes to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is aided by the name and date of construction incised on the end piers.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000110306986 Route No: 11

Popular Name: Moaula Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Moaula Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)

Milepost: 52.72 mi. Island: Hawaii

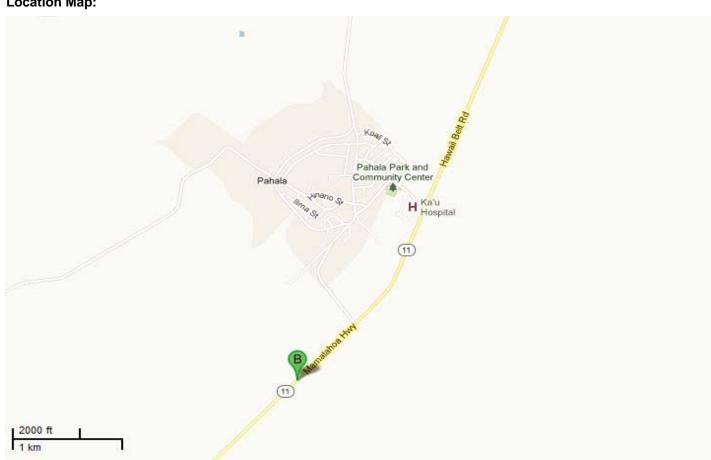
Longitude: 155d-28m-58.58s Latitude: 19d-11m-00.87s

Location: 0.52 Miles South of Maile Street

Historic Name: Moaula Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor: George Freitas



Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1938	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 60.0 ft. Total Length: 69.9 ft. Deck Width: 27.6 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross

Setting:

Other Features: Incised bridge name and date of construction on end piers

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering and transportation

Narrative Description:

The Moaula Bridge carries the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 11) across the Moaula Stream within the Kau District of the island of Hawaii. The bridge is one of five reinforced-concrete rigid frame structures built in the pre-World War II period in Hawaii.

The bridge is in its original location and its rural setting has remained unchanged. The original concrete material of the bridge is in generally good condition and has not been altered by major repairs or additions. Overall, the bridge exhibits a high degree of workmanship, particularly the attention given to the rail. The rigid-frame bridge was technologically innovative for its time. The bridge is the work of Hawaii Island contractor George Freitas. The bridge's historic associations, as a product of the Territorial Highways Department effort to upgrade the belt road in the 1930s, is apparent to informed observers. The bridge's historic feeling is primarily evident through its rail style which was typical of the 1930s.

The Moaula Bridge has made significant contributions to the areas of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with important public works project initiated by the territorial government and constructed with federal work relief programs funds during the Depression era. The bridge was a significant component of the Territorial Belt Road Plan and contributed to the economic development of Kau by providing economical transportation to the harbor for the sugar plantations located in that district. The reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridge is eligible under Criterion C as an innovative example of bridge design utilizing new engineering technology, as well as for its aesthetic merit. The Moaula Bridge is representative of the "work of a master": William R. Bartels of the Territorial Highways Department.

Between 1932 and 1958, the Territory of Hawaii began to construct a modern highway, called the Hawaii Belt Road (FAP 19). The bridge is one of seven (Hionomoa, Kaalaala, Kanenelu, Keaiwa, Moaula, Paauau and Piikea) bridges constructed along the highway in 1937 to serve the sugar plantations near Pahala in the Kau district.

This bridge is one of the first reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridges constructed in the islands, and one of only five of this type built prior to WW II. The reinforced-concrete rigid-frame bridge demonstrates the rapid advances in engineering technology in the early decades of the twentieth century and are the most sophisticated of the pre-WWII bridges from an engineering perspective. The abutments and deck of rigid-frame bridges are constructed as one solid piece of concrete enabling the slab to double or triple the previous achievable span of twenty feet. This technology was not used in Hawaii until 1936, when William R. Bartels of the Territorial Highways Department developed the plans for the Wahiawa Bridge on Kauai and the Kaahumanu Avenue-Naniloa Drive Overpass in Wailuku, Maui. (1) These were followed by the construction of two concrete rigid-frame bridges on Hawaii Island and one on Oahu. (2)

Bartels was responsible for the design of virtually all major territorial bridge projects between 1932 and his retirement from the department in 1956. His bridges evidence a refined aesthetic sensibility which makes them distinctive from the works of other engineers. Contractor George Freitas constructed both the Kealakaha and the Honolii Bridges on the Hawaii Belt Road, which were also designed by the Territorial Highways Department.

- (1) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 341.
- (2) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 341.

General Information

Popular Name: Nanue Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Nanue Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 17.99 mi. Island: Hawaii

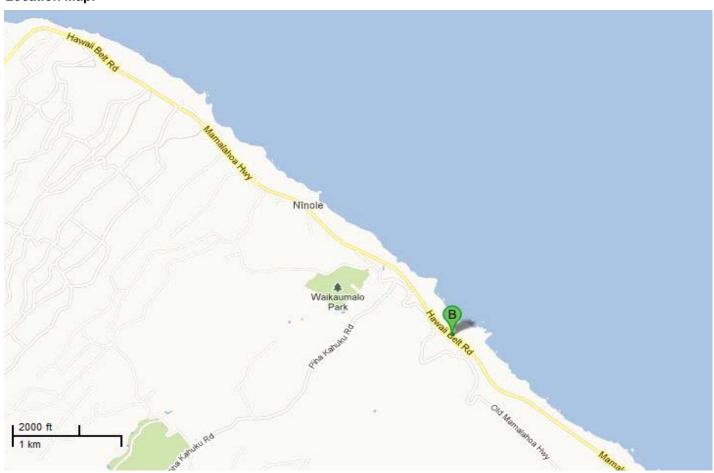
Location: 1.56 Miles West of Kauniho Road

Historic Name: Nanue Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: John Mason Young (1911) / William R. Bartels (1952)

Builder/Contractor: W. W. Beers (1911) - Fabricator: Hamilton and Chambers, N.Y. (1911) / Independent Iron

Works, Ca. (1952)





Bridge Type: Steel Trestle Construction Date: 1952 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1952

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): The highway bridge is a reconstructed railroad trestle

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 10 Max Span: 71.9 ft. Total Length: 530.8 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Steel Trestle

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction (added 1952)

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? Yes

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form.

See National Register of	Historic Places Nomination	n Form and see Hawaii B	elt Road significance statement	t.

General Information

Popular Name: Paheehee Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Paheehee Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 13.31 mi. Island: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-06m-42.57s **Latitude:** 19d-52m-31.96s

Location: 0.09 Miles West of Honomu Road to Akaka Falls (Route 220)

Historic Name: Paheehee Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: John Mason Young

Builder/Contractor: W. W. Beers





Bridge Type: Steel Trestle Construction Date: 1950 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1950

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): The highway bridge is a reconstructed railroad trestle

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 5 Max Span: 65.9 ft. Total Length: 254.9 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Steel Trestle

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction (added 1950)

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? Yes

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form.

See Na	ational	Register of	Historic Plac	ces Nomination	n Form and s	ee Hawaii Be	elt Road signific	ance statement.

General Information

Popular Name: Pahoehoe Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Pahoehoe Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

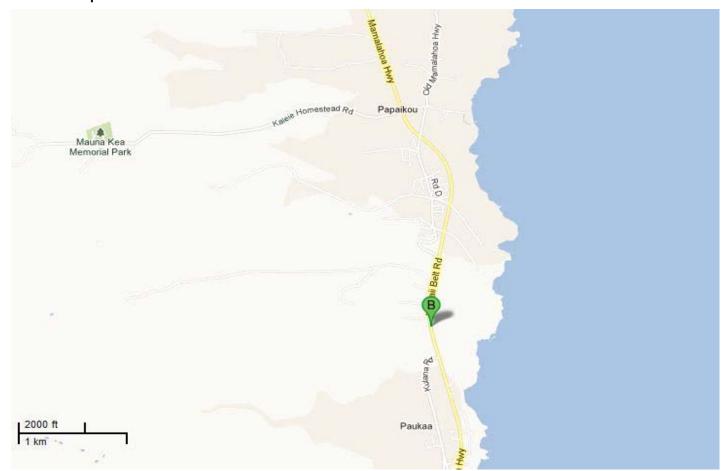
Milepost: 5.84 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 0.62 Miles West of Kuikahi Road

Historic Name: Pahoehoe Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1912	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 45.9 ft.	Total Length: 48.9 ft.	Deck Width: 44.0 ft.						
Superstructure: Concrete Clos	Superstructure: Concrete Closed Spandrel Arch								
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall								
Floor/Decking: AC Pavement									
Parapets/Railings: Metal Thrie	Parapets/Railings: Metal Thrie Beam								
Setting:									
Other Features:									

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria: C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge	
Area of Significance: Engineering		

Narrative Description:

The Pahoehoe Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Pahoehoe Stream. This closed spandrel arch is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete abutments however the original railings were replaced with thrie beams. In 2013 the bridge was scheduled to be replaced.

This bridge is eligible for being a good example of an early closed spandrel arch bridge. Although the original railings do not remain, the early original arched structure is unusual in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1910's closed spandrel arch that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. Arch bridges are also an uncommon bridge type.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190307887 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Pohakupuka Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Pohakupuka Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 20.67 mi. Island: Hawaii

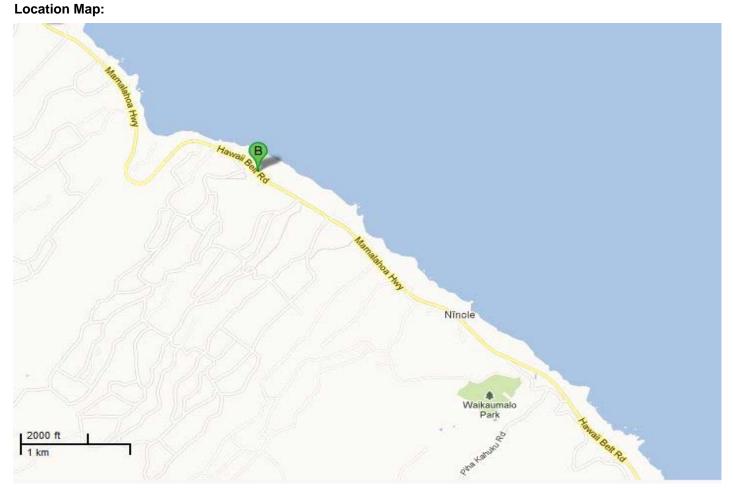
Longitude: 155d-11m-11.89s **Latitude:** 19d-57m-06.11s

Location: 4.25 Miles West of Kauniho Road

Historic Name: Pohakupuka Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Rigid Frame	Construction Date: 1953	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 60.0 ft.	Total Length: 65.0 ft.	Deck Width: 37.1 ft.				
Superstructure: Concrete	Rigid Frame						
Substructure: Concrete In	tegral Abutment						
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay							
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Open Horizontal						
Setting:							
Other Features:							

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Pohakupuka Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete frame bridge, constructed in 1953, to carry Hawaii Belt Road over a concrete channel taking Holiilii stream from Honokaa to Hilo along the Hamakua Coast of the island of Hawaii. This bridge is part of the "Seismic Wave Damage Rehabilitation Project". This bridge remains in its original location and the abandoned Maulua railroad Tunnel and an old road still in existence is found nearby. The integrity of whole structure remains intact. Workmanship can be seen in the concrete formwork. The parapets are concrete open horizontal that were common in the post-war era but the thrie beams are bolted over the original parapets and invisible from the road side. The incised name and date on the end post aid interpretation of the bridge.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000110306805 **Route No:** 11

Popular Name: Punaluu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Punaluu Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road (Mamalahoa Highway)

Milepost: 54.53 mi. Island: Hawaii

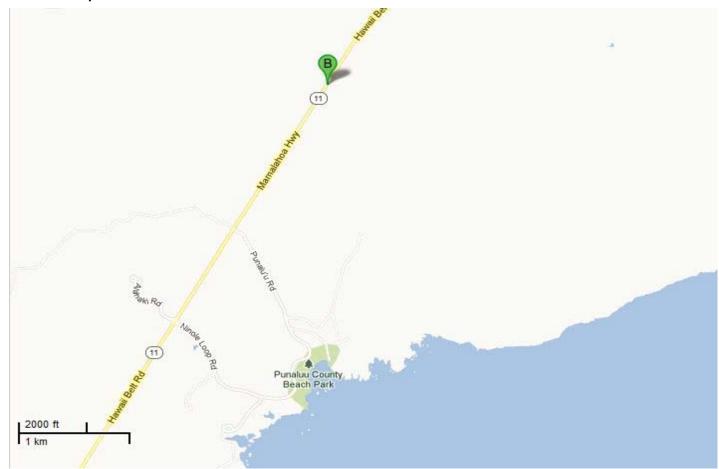
Longitude: 155d-30m-05.35s **Latitude:** 19d-09m-51.81s

Location: 1.29 Miles North of Road to Punaluu Black Sand Beach

Historic Name: Punaluu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1940	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 28.9 ft.	Total Length: 30.8 ft.	Deck Width: 27.6 ft.						
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam								
Substructure: Masonry Abutme	ent								
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay									
Parapets/Railings: Concrete C	Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross								
Setting:									
Other Features:									

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Punaluu Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Punaluu Stream. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has open Greek cross parapets with stepped caps and curved wide end posts. Two of the end posts have the construction date and the bridge name engraved. The concrete deck is supported by concrete abutments. The parapets have been painted white only on the surface facing the road. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with the development of concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1940's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001000190308346 Route No: 19

Popular Name: Umauma Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Umauma Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

Milepost: 16.02 mi. Island: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-08m-08.77s Latitude: 19d-54m-26.10s

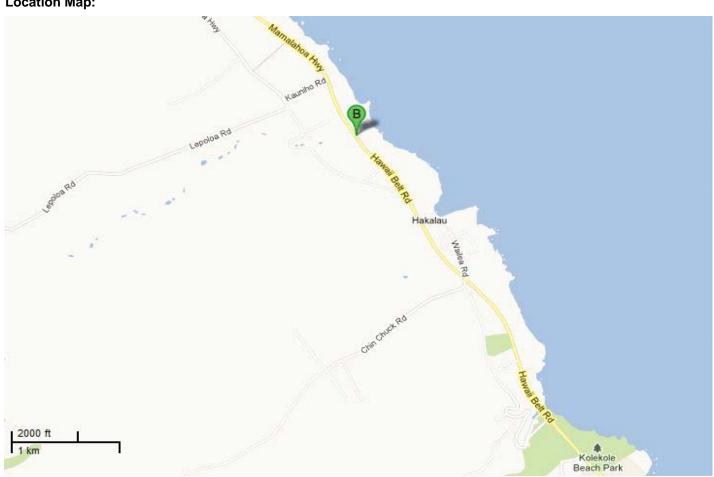
Location: 0.34 Miles East of Kauniho Road

Historic Name: Umauma Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: John Mason Young (1911) / William R. Bartels (1953)

Builder/Contractor: W. W. Beers (1911) - Fabricator: Hamilton and Chambers, N. Y. (1911) / Independent Iron

Works, Ca. (1953)



Bridge Type: Steel Stringer Construction Date: 1952 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1952, 2013

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): The highway bridge is a reconstructed railroad trestle, added concrete pillars inside of

trestles in 2013

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 6 Max Span: 65.9 ft. Total Length: 280.8 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Steel Trestle

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of construction (added 1952)

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? Yes

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

In 2013 concrete pillars were placed inside of the trestles.

See National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form.

See National Register of Historic Plac	es Nomination Form	and see Hawaii Be	It Road significance s	tatement.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001002500500053 **Route No:** 19

Popular Name: Waiaka Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waiaka Stream

Feature Carried: Kawaihae Road

Milepost: 0.53 mi. Island: Hawaii

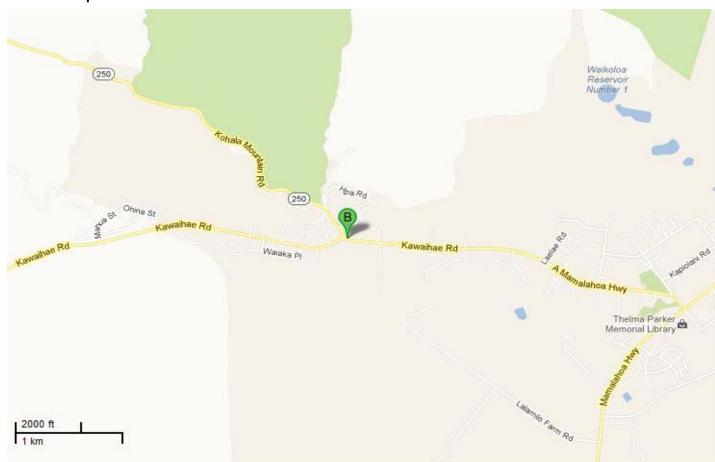
Longitude: 155d-41m-56.06s **Latitude:** 20d-01m-35.97s

Location: 0.08 Miles East of Lindsey Road

Historic Name: Waiaka Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1932	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 15.1 ft.	Total Length: 38.1 ft.	Deck Width: 26.9 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete Sla	b		
Substructure: Concrete Abuti	ment Wall and Concrete \	Wall Pier	
Floor/Decking: Concrete Dec	ck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concrete	Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waiaka Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Waiaka Stream. This reinforced concrete and masonry bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete, solid panel parapets. This bridge's name which is engraved on the parapet is obscured by thrie beams. It contains arch piers and the middle support is a double arch. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and retains its historic feeling. The MOA between DOT and the Central Federal Lands considering the bridge for replacement in 2013 was completed. Per the MOA, the bridge is scheduled for replacement and road re-alignment.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship and design.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Popular Name: Waikolu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikolu Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

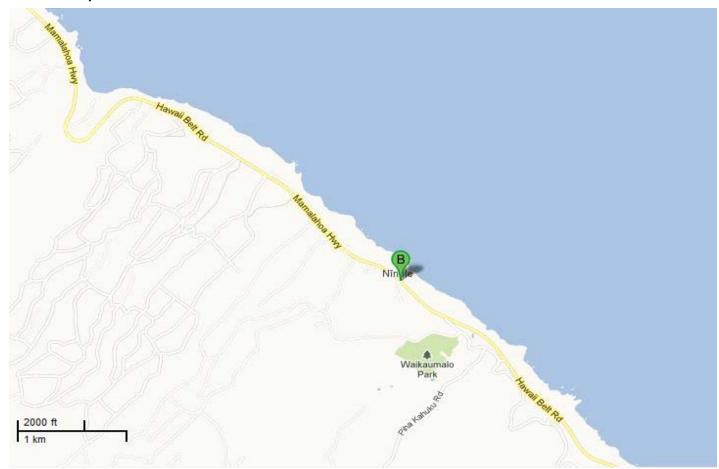
Milepost: 19.16 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 2.74 Miles West of Kauniho Road

Historic Name: Waikolu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Concrete Rigid Frame	Construction Date: 1934	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 28.9 ft.	Total Length: 34.1 ft.	Deck Width: 29.5 ft.					
Superstructure: Concrete Rigid Frame								
Substructure: Concrete Integra	al Abutment							
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay								
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Greek Cross								
Setting:								
Other Features:								

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waikolu Stream Bridge carries Hawaii Belt Road across the Waikolu Stream. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. Reinforced concrete open arched balustrades with "Greek-cross" voids and concrete rail caps are significant characteristics of this bridge. The end posts have the construction date and the bridge name engraved. There has been an addition of a pedestrian bridge on the side of the bridge. An 8 inch cast iron water line is located on the mauka side of the bridge. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete and steel bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete and steel bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship and design.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Popular Name: Waipunahina Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waipunahina Stream

Feature Carried: Hawaii Belt Road

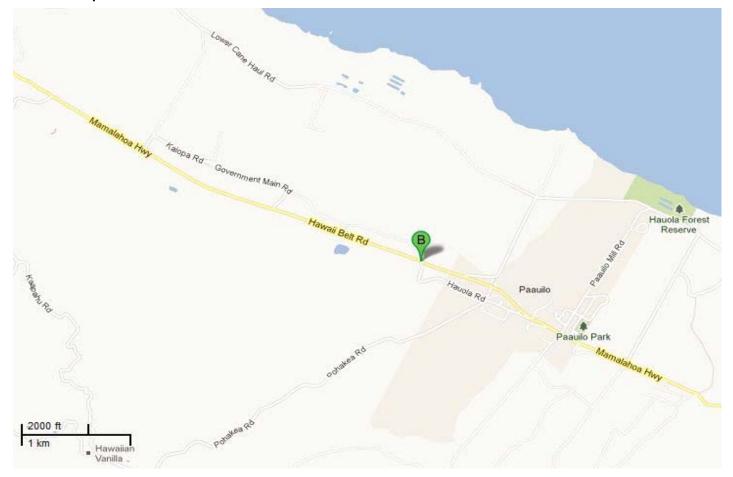
Milepost: 36.75 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 5.00 Miles East of Mamane Street

Historic Name: Waipunahina Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William R. Bartels and J. Okamoto

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder Construction Date: 1959 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1999

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): End posts upgraded

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 91.9 ft. Total Length: 190.0 ft. Deck Width: 38.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Box Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete T-Shaped Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features: Walkways both sides

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, B, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Commerce, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waipunahina Stream Bridge is a continuous concrete box beam/multiple girder structure, constructed in 1959, to carry Hawaii Belt Road over Waipunahina Gulch. The Hilo-Hamakua corridor was once vital to the sugar industry. The bridge remains in its original location and the rural/coastal setting has not changed. Parts of the plantation railroad are still kept at the both sides of the Hawaii Belt Road and the Hamakua Mill is located not far away from the bridge. There are ditches at the ends of the bridge. Some boulders can also be found along the stream side. The original design and materials are mostly intact although the end posts of the bridge were upgraded in 1999. The parapets are concrete open horizontal which is a common type of the post-war bridge. The elliptical ornaments at the end posts add to the bridge's artistic value and workmanship. The rural setting contributes to the historic character of the bridge. Interpretation is eased by the date and name of construction incised on the end piers.

This bridge is one of the best examples of a program comment bridge built post-war (1945) along the Hawaii Belt Road on the island of Hawaii in the historic study period prior to 1969.

See Post-War Hawaii Belt Road significance statement.

Inventory Form (State)

General Information

Popular Name: Walaohia Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Walaohia Gulch

Feature Carried: Akoni Pule Highway

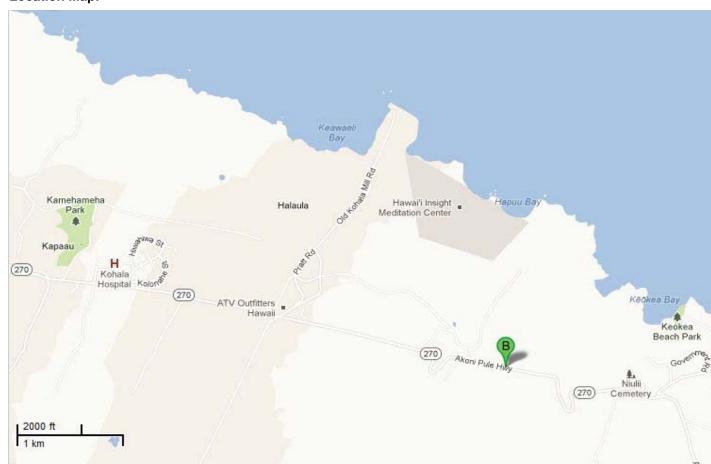
Milepost: 26.04 mi. Island: Hawaii

Location: 0.22 Miles East of Akana Place

Historic Name: Walaohia Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1919	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4	Max Span: 40.0 ft.	Total Length: 160.1 ft.	Deck Width: 20.3 ft.				
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Beam						
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	nent Wall and Concrete D	ouble Column Pier					
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay						
Parapets/Railings: Concrete S	Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap						
Setting:							
Other Features:							

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Walaohia Gulch/Stream Bridge carries Hawi-Niulii Road across the Walaohia Stream. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete, solid panel parapets. The end posts have the construction date and the bridge name engraved. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for it association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1910's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship and design.

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001019201400400	4 Mile Creek Bridge	4-Mile Creek	Kilauea Avenue	1916	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	Fair example of a 1910s reinforced concrete tee beam bridge
001002010900998	51 Mile Bridge	Unnamed Stream	Saddle Road	1942	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid	No	Eligible	Good example of a 1940s reinforced concrete slab bridge Rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource
001002010901164	53 Mile Bridge	Unnamed Stream	Saddle Road	1942	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid	No	Eligible	Good example of a 1940s reinforced concrete slab bridge
001020001400006	7 Mile Saddle Road Crossing	Intermittent Stream	Saddle Road	1976	Steel Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001460001100009	Ahualoa Gulch No. 1 Bridge	Ahualoa No. 1 Gulch	Kahana Drive	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001460001100007	Ahualoa Gulch No. 2 Bridge	Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch	Kumupele Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001460001100002	Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch Bridge	Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch	Mamalahoa Highway	1923	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001240001100005	Ainalako Road-4Mi Creek	4Mi Creek	Ainalako Road	1972	Steel Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001680001100003	Auwaiakeakua Gulch	Auwaiakeakua Gulch	Laukula Street	1970	Concrete Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001680001100002	Auwaiakeakua Gulch	Auwaiakeakua Gulch	Paniolo Street	1970	Concrete Culvert	Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001680001100001	Auwaiakeakua Gulch	Auwaiakeakua Gulch	Waikoloa Road	1970	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001440001100002	Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge	Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch	Paauilo Mauka Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001440001100003	Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge	Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch	Paauilo Mauka Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001440001100004	Between Waikaalulu and Kaapahu Gulch Bridge	Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch	Paauilo Mauka Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	 Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001210001100001	Coconut Island Bridge	Pacific Ocean	Pedestrian Walkway	1967	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Picket	No	Eligible	Typical post war bridge type with a unique bridge function Good example of a modest interisland pedestrian bridge that connects the small offshore Coconut Island to the main island of Hawaii
001220001100004	Elm Street Bridge	4-Mile Creek	Elm Street	1963	Concrete Box Culvert	Metal Horizontal	No	Program Comments**	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments. The rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource.
001290001100003	Hakalau Stream Bridge	Hakalau Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Open Decorative	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001270001100005	Hanawi Stream Bridge	Hanawi Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1922	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001240001100004	Hoaka Road-Waiakea Stream	Waiakea Strea	Hoaka Road	1970	Concrete Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001470001100001	Honokaia Gulch East Branch Bridge	Honokaia Gulch	Mamalahoa Highway	1924	Concrete Tee Beam	No Parapet/Railing	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001470001100002	Honokaia Gulch West Branch Bridge	Honokaia Gulch	Mamalahoa Highway	1924	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001260001100006	Honolii Stream Bridge	Honolii Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1911	Open Spandrel Arch	Concrete Solid with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001280001100002	Honomu Stream Bridge	Honomu Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	2002	Concrete Girder	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Non-Contributing	Bridge is a non-contributing feature in the Mamalahoa Historic District due to complete replacement of the original 1935 bridge in 2002 See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini
001460001100005	Inoino Gulch Bridge	Inoino Gulch	Mamalahoa Highway	1924	Concrete Girder	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini
001001800700643	Intermittent Stream	Intermittent Stream	Mamalahoa Highway	1971	Concrete Culvert	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001001800700604	Intermittent Stream	Intermittent Stream	Roadway	1972	Concrete Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001001800700270	Intermittent Stream	Intermittent Stream	Roadway	1969	Concrete Culvert	None	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001001800700263	Intermittent Stream	Intermittent Stream	Mamalahoa Highway	1969	Concrete Stringer/Multi- beam or Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.

^{*} NRHP or HRS 6E Listed, Eligible, Not Eligible, Contributing, Non-Contributing, or Program Comments.

^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001290001100001	Kaahakini Stream Bridge	Kaahakini Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1929	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini
001440001100001	Kaapahu Gulch Bridge	Kaapahu Gulch	Paauilo Mauka Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	 Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001270001100006	Kahalii Stream Bridge	Kahalii Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1929	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001440001100010	Kahawailiilii Gulch Bridge	Kahawailiilii Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1919	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001750001100004	Kahului Bridge	Relief	Alii Drive	1937	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s reinforced concrete bridge Rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource
001270001100003	Kaieie Stream Bridge	Kaieie Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1929	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001260001100005	Kaiwiki Bridge No. 1	Kaiwiki Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1920	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001260001100007	Kaiwiki Homestead Road Bridge	Unnamed Stream	Kaiwiki Homestead Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	 Good example of the timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design
001350001100001	Kaiwilahilahi Stream Bridge	Kaiwilahilahi Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1923	Open Spandrel Arch	Concrete Open Vertical	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa Historic context Chapter 2.4
001260001100002	Kalalau Stream Bridge	Kalalau Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1920	Masonry Arch	Masonry Rock with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001270001100004	Kalaoa Stream Bridge	Kalaoa Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1929	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Walkaalulu, and Kaahakini
001440001100007	Kalopa Gulch Bridge	Kalopa Gulch	Kaapahu Road	1919	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1910s cast in place concrete bridge
001440001100009	Kalopa Gulch Bridge	Kalopa Gulch	Kalopa Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Waika
001270001100001	Kapue Stream Bridge	Kapue Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1935	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Solid	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001002400500337	Kapulena Gulch	Kapulena Gulch	Honokaa-Waipio Road	1970	Steel Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001410001100001	Kaula Gulch Bridge	Kaula Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1928	Steel Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001430001100002	Kaumoali Gulch Bridge	Kaumoali Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1932	Masonry Arch	Concrete Open Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001270001100007	Kawainui Stream Bridge	Kawainui Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1900	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001460001100004	Keaakaukau Gulch Bridge	Keaakaukau Gulch	Mamalahoa Highway	1925	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001460001100008	Keaakaukau Stream Bridge	Keaakaukau Gulch	Kahana Drive	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001230001100001	Keawe-Wailuku Bridge	Wailuku River	Keawe Street	1938	Rainbow Arch	Concrete Open Decorative	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Significant in the areas of engineering and transportation in Hawaii Associated with public works efforts by the County of Hawaii, and as an important civic structure associated with the development of Hilo One of two remaining "rainbow" or Marsh arch bridges in the state Representative of the work of a master: William Hoy Chun The only bridge on Hawaii Island that received Public Works Administration moneys from the U.S. government during the Great Depression
001360001100002	Kilau Stream Bridge	Kilau Stream	Manowaiopae Homestead Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001019201400370	Kilauea Avenue Bridge	Palai Stream	Kilauea Avenue	1968	Concrete Box Culvert	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001019301400110	Kinoole Street Bridge- Waiakea Stream	Waiakea Stream	Kinoole Street	1964	Concrete Box Culvert	Metal Chain Link	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001280001100004	Kolekole Stream Bridge	Kolekole Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1929	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Open Arched	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001450001100001	Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch Bridge	Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch	Ohia Street	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	 Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge

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^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001240001100003	Kupulau Bridge	Waiakea Stream	Kupulau Street	1967	Concrete Slab	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001240001100001	Lanikaula Street Bridge	Waiakea Stream	Lanikaula Street	1968	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001640001100001	Lanimaumau Stream Culvert	Lanimaumau Stream	Kamamalu Street	1977	Concrete Box Culvert	Metal Chain Link	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments. It replaced Lanimaumau Stream Culvert 001640001100001 built in 1955.
001420001100001	Lauhala Gulch Bridge	Lauhala Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001360001100001	Laupahoehoe Gulch Bridge	Laupahoehoe Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Masonry Arch	Masonry Rock	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001420001100002	Mahuna Gulch Bridge	Mahuna Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001260001100003	Maili Stream Bridge	Maili Stream	Kaiwiki Road	1900	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1910s timber bridge
001260001100004	Maili Stream Bridge	Maili Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1916	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001430001100006	Manienie Gulch Bridge	Manienie Gulch	Pohakea Mauka Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Good example of the 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001430001100007	Manienie Gulch Bridge	Manienie Gulch	Manienie Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001320001100001	Nanue Stream Bridge	Nanue Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001460001100001	Nienie Gulch Bridge	Nienie Gulch	Mamalahoa Highway	1923	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001180001100003	North Peck Road Bridge	Relief	North Peck Road	1940	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Significant for construction type built in Hawaii in this period Unique single span timber bridge type during a period consisting primarily of concrete bridge construction Good example of the 1940s timber bridge
001290001100002	Old Railroad Crossing Bridge	Railroad Crossing	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 Rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource
001310001100002	Opea Stream Bridge	Opea Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1912	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini
001280001100003	Paheehee Stream Bridge	Paheehee Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1929	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001220001100002	Pauahi Bridge	Waiolama Canal	Pauahi Street	1949	Steel Stringer	Metal Picket	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001250001100003	Piihonua-Wailuku River	Piihonua-Wailuku River	Piihonua Road	1973	Concrete Culvert	Metal Thrie Beam	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001250001100002	Piihonua-Wailuku River	Piihonua-Wailuku River	Piihonua Road	1970	Concrete Box Beam or Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001430001100005	Pohakuhaku Gulch Bridge	Pohakuhaku Gulch	Paauilo Pohakea Road	1936	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Vertical	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001260001100001	Pukihae Stream Bridge	Pukihae Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1904	Masonry Arch	Masonry Rock with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type One of the oldest masonry bridges remaining in Hawaii Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001270001100002	Puuokalepa Bridge No. 1	Puuokalepa Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1904	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Solid with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001470001100003	Relief Elevation 2760 Bridge	Relief	Mamalahoa Highway	1924	Concrete Tee Beam	Metal Horizontal	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001180001100001	Relief South Kulani Road	Relief South Kulani Road	South Kulani Road	1969	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001460001100010	Relief Stream Bridge	Relief	Kahana Drive	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s timber bridge
001310001100001	Umauma Stream Bridge	Umauma Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1920	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Solid Panel with Cap	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001250001100001	Upper Piihonua Bridge	Wailuku River	Piihonua Road	1976	Prestressed Concrete Box Beam	Metal Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001270001100008	Waiaama Stream Bridge	Waiaama Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Solid with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001960001100001	Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge	Waiakaloa Gulch	Wood Valley Homestead Road	1935	Concrete Slab	No Parapet/Railing	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s reinforced concrete bridge

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^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Bridge Number	Bridge Name	Feature Crossed	Feature Carried	Construction Date	Bridge Type	Parapet/Railing Type	Listed on National/Hawaii Register	Eligibility Status*	Character Defining Feature (Significance)
001960001100002	Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge	Waiakaloa Gulch	Wood Valley Homestead Road	1935	Concrete Slab	No Parapet/Railing	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of the 1930s reinforced concrete bridge
001027201400020	Waianuenue Bridge	Ainako Stream	Waianuenue Avenue	1924	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Open Decorative	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Significant for its contributions to the fields of engineering and transportation in Hawaii Excellent example of reinforced-concrete solid-spandrel arch construction in the Italianate style Associated with public works efforts by the County of Hawaii, and as an important civic structure associated with the development of Hilo Rare remaining example of this once common bridge type, as well as for its aesthetic merit Representative of early 20th century neoclassical architectural style and exhibits influence of the City Beautiful Movement Representative of design by En Leong Wung Earliest of the decorative arch bridges built by the county in the 1920s and 1930s
001440001100005	Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge	Waikaalulu Gulch	Paauilo Mauka Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s timber bridge
001440001100006	Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge	Waikaalulu Gulch	Kaapahu Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Associated with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii Good example of a 1930s timber bridge
001440001100008	Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge	Waikaalulu Gulch	Kalopa Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4 One of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inono, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini
001002400500282	Waikaloa Stream	Waikaloa Stream	Honokaa-Paahau Road	1971	Concrete Stringer/Multi- beam or Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001320001100002	Waikaumalo Stream Bridge	Waikaumalo Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1920	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001320001100003	Waikaumalo Stream Bridge	Waikaumalo Stream	Unnamed Road off Piha Kahuku Homestead Road	1930	Timber Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Good example of a 1930s timber bridge
001650001100001	Waikoloa Stream	Waikoloa Stream	Lindsey Road	1970	Concrete Slab	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001019201400100	Wailoa Bridge	Wailoa Stream	Kilauea Avenue	1964	Concrete Slab	Metal Horizontal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar bridge and falls under Program Comments.
001230001100002	Wailuku Bridge No.1	Wailuku River	Wainaku Street	1919	Concrete Tee Beam	Concrete Open Decorative	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001280001100001	Waimaauau Stream Bridge	Waimaauau Stream	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1930	Concrete Slab	Concrete Solid Panel	No	Eligible***	Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001020001400450	Waipahoehoe Stream Bridge	Waipahoehoe Stream	Kaumana Drive	1924	Closed Spandrel Arch	Concrete Solid with Cap	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Rare example of a 1920s reinforced concrete round arch bridge
001430001100001	Waipunahina Gulch Bridge	Waipunahina Gulch	Old Mamalahoa Highway	1928	Open Spandrel Arch	Concrete Open Decorative	No	Eligible***	Arch bridges are an uncommon bridge type Contributes to the Mamalahoa Historic District See Old Mamalahoa historic context Chapter 2.4
001002400500194	Waipunahoe Stream	Waipunahoe Stream	Honokaa-Paahau Road	1972	Concrete Stringer/Multi- beam or Girder	Concrete and Metal	No	Program Comments	This is a typical postwar culvert and falls under Program Comments.
001620001100001	Waiulaula Gulch Bridge	Waiulaula Gulch	Old Puako Road	1951	Steel Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Associated with the railroad Good example of a 1950s steel stringer bridge
001620001100002	Waiulaula Gulch Bridge	Waiulaula Gulch	Old Puako Road	1951	Steel Stringer	Wood	No	Eligible	Uncommon use of steel material in Hawaii's extreme marine environment Associated with the railroad Good example of a 1950s steel stringer bridge

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^{**} Historic resources adjacent to resource.

^{***} Formerly "High Preservation Value."

Inventory Form (County/Private)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001019201400400

Popular Name: 4 Mile Creek Bridge

Feature Crossed: 4-Mile Creek

Feature Carried: Kilauea Avenue

Milepost: 4.00 mi. County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-03m-59.69s **Latitude:** 19d-40m-26.23s

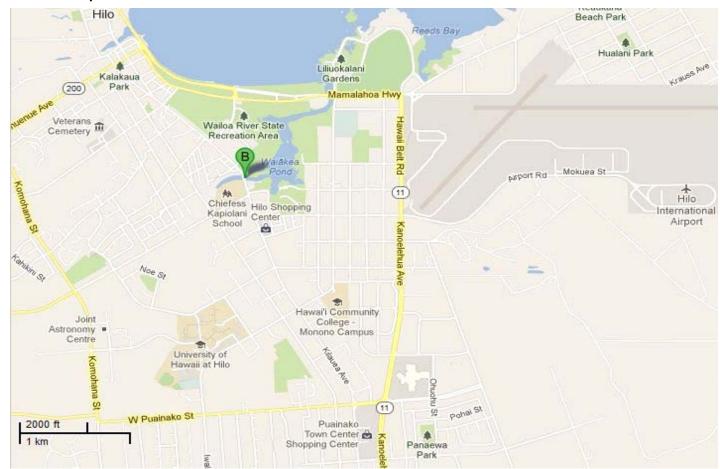
Location: TMK: 2-4-45:02

Historic Name: 4 Mile Creek Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1916 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 1964

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Deck altered with tee beams

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 23.0 ft. Total Length: 49.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The 4 Mile Creek Bridge carries Kilauea Avenue across 4 Mile Creek. This concrete tee beam slab bridge is in its original location, is generally in fair condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has solid concrete panel parapets with caps, reinforced concrete pier wall, and reinforced concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by additions or repairs.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of a 1910's reinforced concrete tee beam bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

Inventory Form (County/Private)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001002010900998

Popular Name: 51 Mile Bridge

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream

Feature Carried: Saddle Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-40m-29.92s **Latitude:** 19d-54m-19.10s

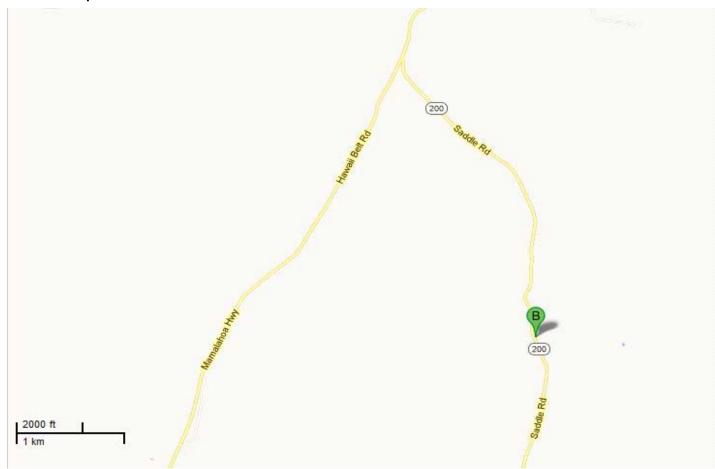
Location: TMK: 6-7-001

Historic Name: 51 Mile Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1942	Replaced? No	5
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 17.0 ft.	Total Length: 21.0 ft.	Deck Width: 26.0 ft.			
Superstructure: Concrete Slab						
Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall						
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck						
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid						
Setting:						
Other Features:						

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	eria: C State/National Registered? No		
Current Function: Bridge		His	toric Function: Bridge	
Area of Cignificance. Engineering				

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The 51 Mile Bridge carries Saddle Road across a watercourse. This single-span reinforced concrete slab bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has solid parapets, timber shoring at its mid-span, and reinforced concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by additions or repairs.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of a 1940's reinforced concrete slab bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. The rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource.

Inventory Form (County/Private)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001002010901164

Popular Name: 53 Mile Bridge

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream

Feature Carried: Saddle Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 6-7-01

Historic Name: 53 Mile Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1942	Replaced? No	5
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 39.0 ft.	Deck Width: 28.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete Slab)		
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	ent Wall and Concrete W	/all Pier	
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck			
Parapets/Railings: Concrete S	Solid		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria: C	State/National Registered? No		
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge			
Area of Significance: Engineering				

Narrative Description:

The 53 Mile Bridge carries Saddle Road across a watercourse. This two-span reinforced concrete slab bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has solid parapets, reinforced concrete pier wall, and reinforced concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by additions or repairs.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of a 1940's reinforced concrete slab bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

Inventory Form (County/Private)

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100009

Popular Name: Ahualoa Gulch No. 1 Bridge

Feature Crossed: Ahualoa No. 1 Gulch

Feature Carried: Kahana Drive

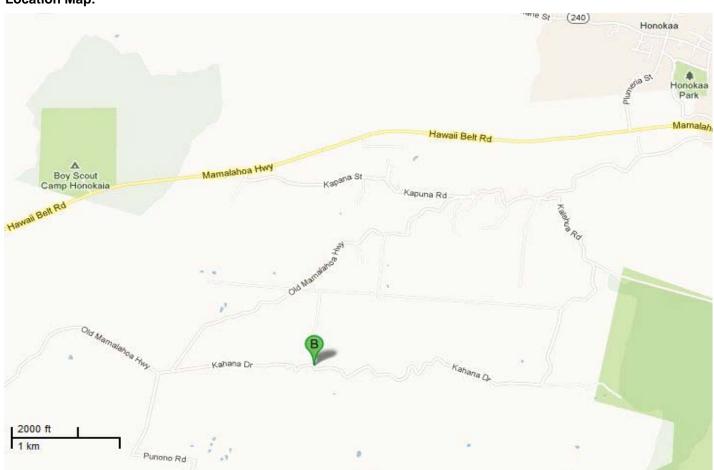
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-6-09:006

Historic Name: Ahualoa Gulch No. 1 Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 15.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 17.0 ft.		
Superstructure: Timber Stringer					
Substructure: Masonry Abutment					
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck				
Parapets/Railings: Wood					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria: C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Engineering		

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Ahualoa Gulch #1 Bridge carries Kahana Drive across Ahualoa Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100007

Popular Name: Ahualoa Gulch No. 2 Bridge

Feature Crossed: Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch

Feature Carried: Kumupele Road

Milepost: **County Private:** Hawaii

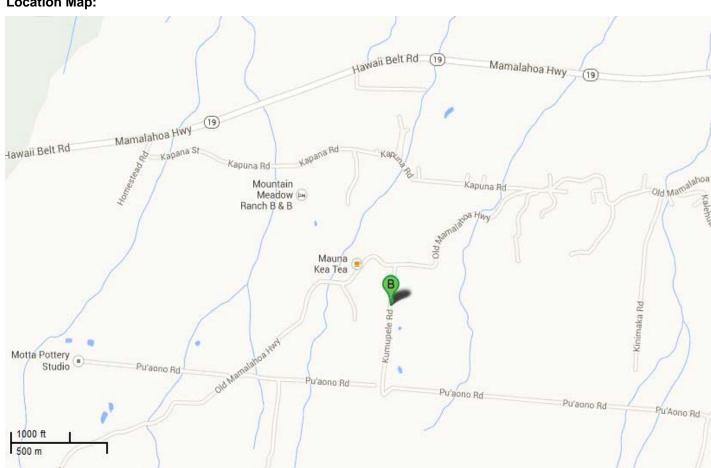
Longitude: 155d-29m-40.73s Latitude: 20d-03m-36.49s

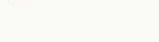
Location: TMK: 4-6-07:024

Historic Name: Ahualoa Gulch No. 2 Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 21.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber St	tringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	outment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	С	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge		toric Function: Bridge
Area of Significance. Engineering			

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Ahualoa #2 Gulch Bridge carries Kumupele Homestead Road across Ahualoa #2 Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100002

Popular Name: Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

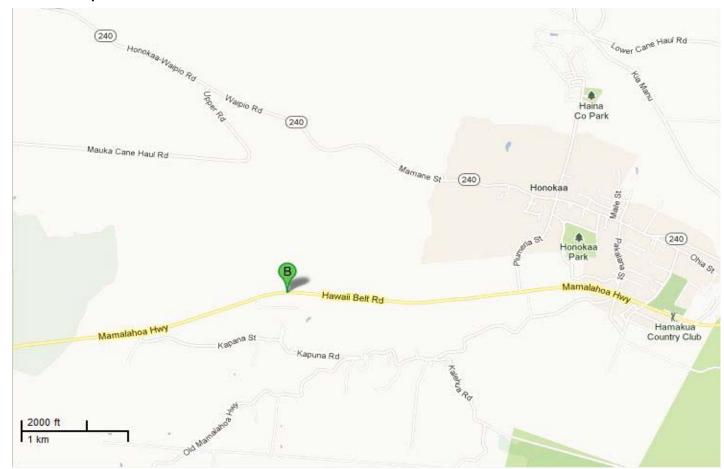
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-6-007:025

Historic Name: Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1923	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Max Span: 22.0 ft.	Total Length: 25.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Tee Beam		
utment		
Deck with AC Overlay		
ete Solid Panel with Cap		
	Max Span: 22.0 ft. Tee Beam utment Deck with AC Overlay ete Solid Panel with Cap	Tee Beam utment Deck with AC Overlay

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

001460001100002

Ahualoa No. 2 Gulch Bridge

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100002

Popular Name: Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch

Feature Carried: Paauilo Mauka Road

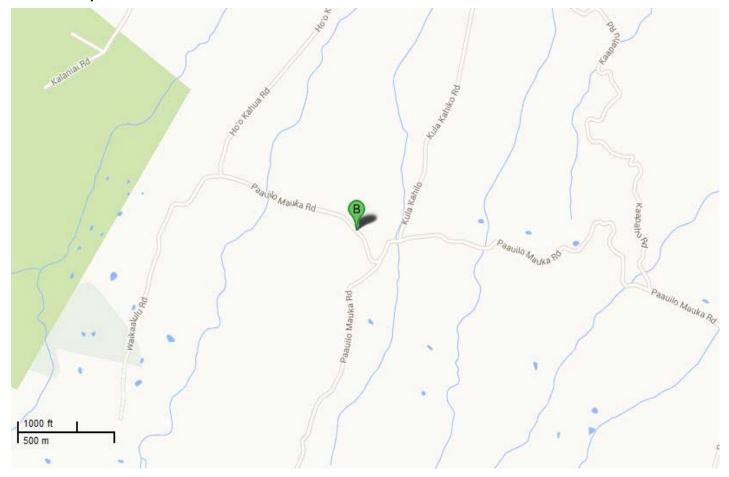
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-11:12

Historic Name: Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.6 ft.
Superstructure: Timber Str	inger		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	utment		
Floor/Decking: Timber Dec	ck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria: C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Histori	c Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Engineering		

Narrative Description:

Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge carries Paauilo Mauka Road across Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100003

Popular Name: Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch

Feature Carried: Paauilo Mauka Road

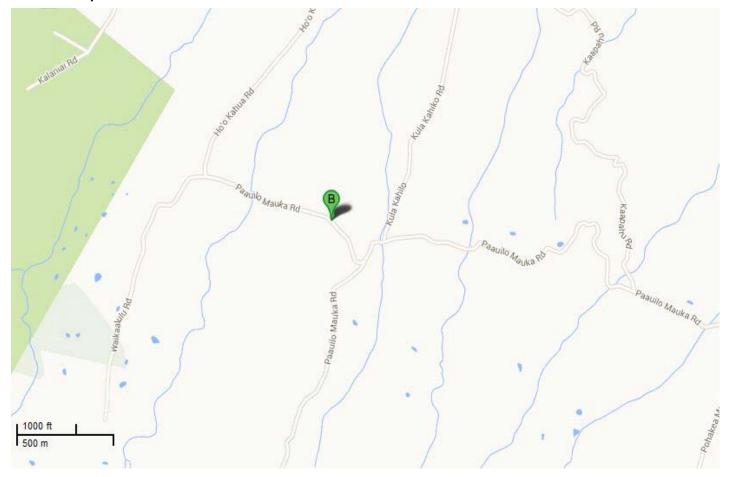
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-11:12

Historic Name: Between Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 10.0 ft.	Total Length: 13.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber S	tringer		
Substructure: Masonry At	outment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria: C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge	
Area of Significance: Engineering		

Narrative Description:

The Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge carries Paauilo Mauka Road across Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100004

Popular Name: Between Waikaalulu and Kaapahu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaapahu and Waikaalulu Gulch

Feature Carried: Paauilo Mauka Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

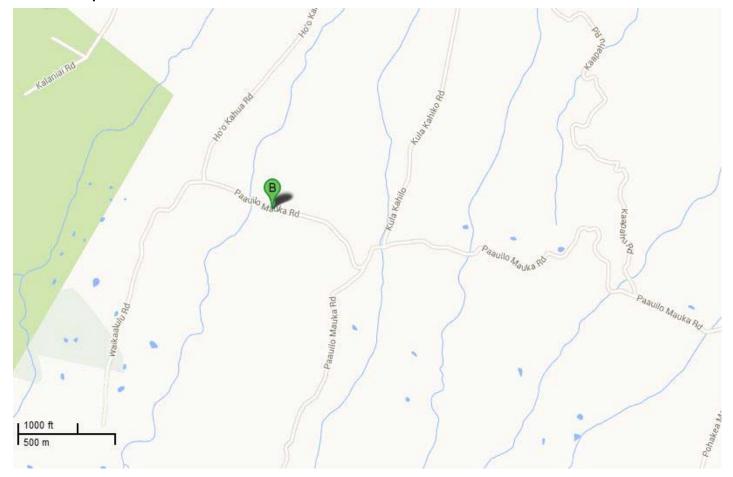
Longitude: 155d-25m-36.10s **Latitude:** 20d-01m-55.78s

Location: TMK: 4-4-11:12

Historic Name: Between Waikaalulu and Kaapahu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 12.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber S	tringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	outment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	State/National Registered? No	
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance: Engineering			

Narrative Description:

The Waikaaluku and Kaapahu Gulch Bridge carries Paauilo Mauka Road across Waikaaluku and Kaapahu Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001210001100001

Popular Name: Coconut Island Bridge

Feature Crossed: Pacific Ocean

Feature Carried: Pedestrian Walkway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

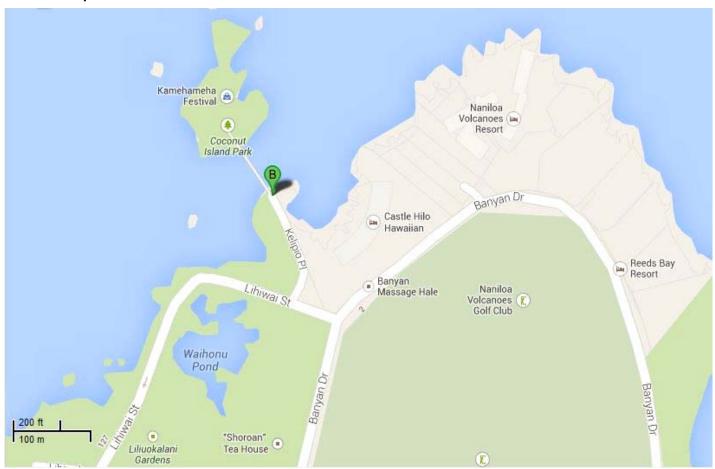
Location: TMK: 2-1-03:19

Historic Name: Coconut Island Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1967	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 80.0 ft.	Total Length: 240.0 ft.	Deck Width: 9.0 ft.		
Superstructure: Prestressed Concrete Single-Tee					
Substructure: Concrete Ab	outment Wall and Concrete	Single Column Pier			
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck					
Parapets/Railings: Metal Picket					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Pedestrian Walkway Bridge Historic Function: Pedestrian Walkway Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Coconut Island Bridge is a pedestrian walkway that connects the small island off the coast of Hawaii with the Big Island. This reinforced concrete tee beam walkway is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has metal railings, a concrete deck, and concrete abutments. It has tall masonry posts with tapered caps at the beginning of the walkway that leads to the bridge.

This bridge is a typical post war bridge however, the Coconut Island Bridge is eligible under Criterion C for unique bridge function. This is a good example of an interisland pedestrian bridge that connects a small outer island to a main island Hawaii.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001290001100003

Popular Name: Hakalau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Hakalau Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

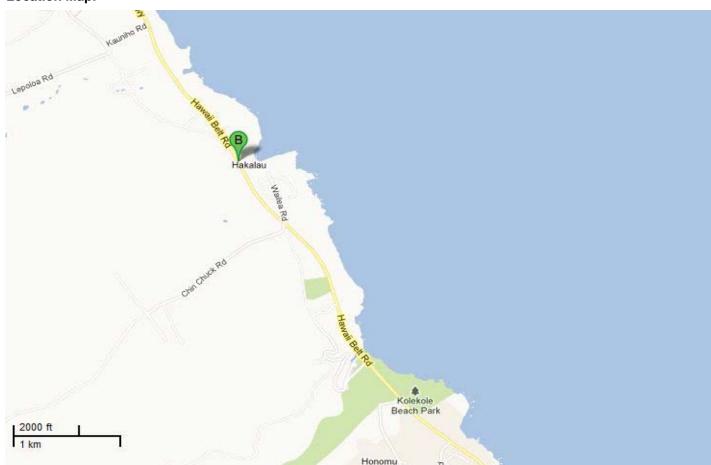
Longitude: 155d-07m-56.19s **Latitude:** 19d-53m-49.96s

Location: TMK: 2-9-002:025

Historic Name: Hakalau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 67.0 ft.	Total Length: 67.0 ft.	Deck Width: 22.4 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	rete Open Decorative		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No		
Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge				
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering			
Narrative Description:				
See Mamalahoa historic district description.				

This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100005

Popular Name: Hanawi Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Hanawi Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-05m-35.95s **Latitude:** 19d-48m-15.98s

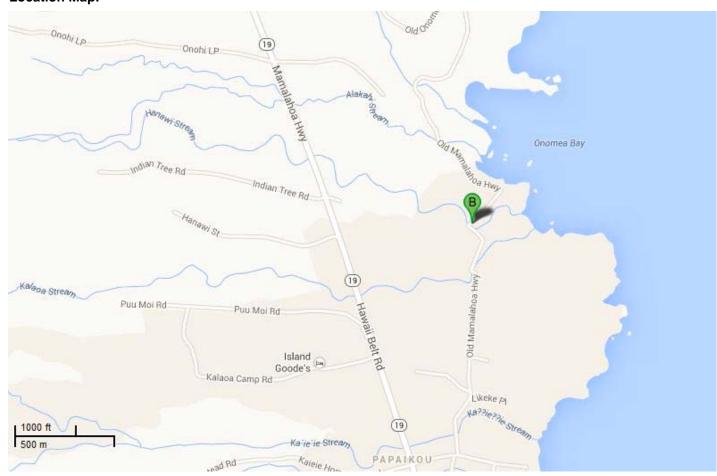
Location: TMK: 2-7-09:13

Historic Name: Hanawi Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1922	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 39.0 ft.	Total Length: 79.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.		
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Beam				
Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Wall Pier					
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay				
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

001270001100005

Hanawi Stream Bridge

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001470001100001

Popular Name: Honokaia Gulch East Branch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Honokaia Gulch

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

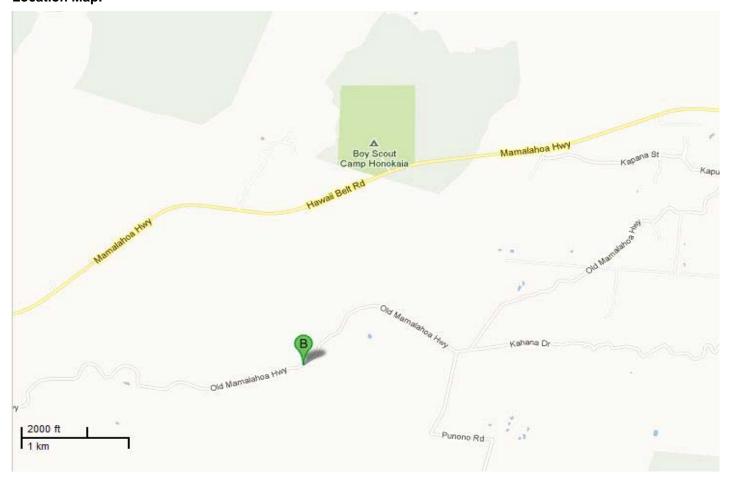
Longitude: 155d-31m-37.33s **Latitude:** 20d-02m-57.00s

Location: TMK: 4-6-011:013

Historic Name: Honokaia Gulch East Branch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1924	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 30.0 ft.	Total Length: 33.0 ft.	Deck Width: 17.7 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Concrete Al	outment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete I	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: No Pa	rapet/Railing		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge	
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	

Narrative Description:

Concrete girders were repaired in 2010. See Mamalahoa historic district description.

001470001100001	Honokaia Gulch East Branch Bridge	

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001470001100002

Popular Name: Honokaia Gulch West Branch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Honokaia Gulch

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-32m-14.67s **Latitude:** 20d-02m-46.78s

Location: TMK: 4-6-007:010

Historic Name: Honokaia Gulch West Branch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1924	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 21.0 ft.	Total Length: 28.0 ft.	Deck Width: 18.5 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Metal	Horizontal		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge	
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	

Narrative Description:

Concrete girders were repaired in 2010. See Mamalahoa historic district description.

001470001100002	Honokaia Gulch West Branch Bridge	

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100006

Popular Name: Honolii Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Honolii Stream

Feature Carried: Kahoa Street

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

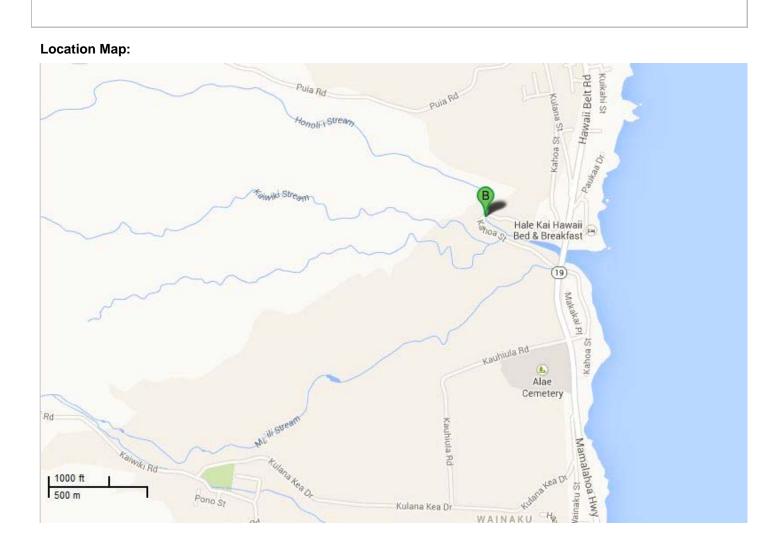
Longitude: 155d-05m-45.44s **Latitude:** 19d-45m-29.80s

Location: TMK: 2-6-12:34

Historic Name: Honolii Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Open Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1911	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 6	Max Span: 70.0 ft.	Total Length: 203.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Open Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Solid with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No		
Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge				
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering			
Narrative Description:				
See Mamalahoa historic district description.				

Significance Statement:					
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.				

General Information

Bridge Number: 001280001100002

Popular Name: Honomu Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Honomu Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

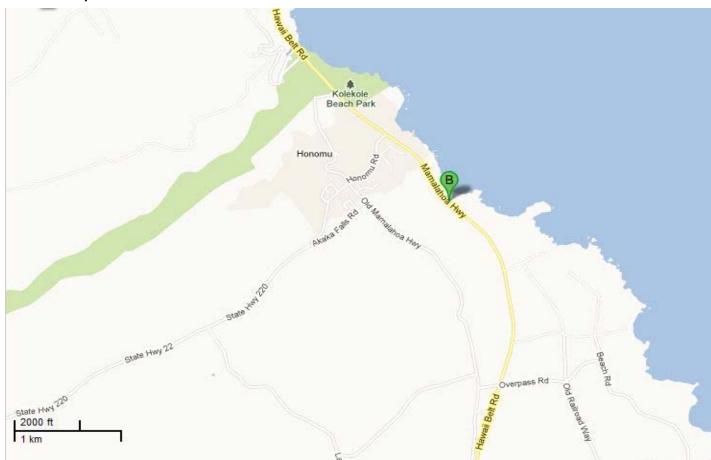
Longitude: 155d-06m-37.93s **Latitude:** 19d-51m-58.63s

Location: TMK: 2-8-013:003

Historic Name: Honomu Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 2002	Replaced? Yes
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 92.0 ft.	Total Length: 95.0 ft.	Deck Width: 30.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Box Girder		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay			
Parapets/Railings: Concr	rete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Non-Contributing	Criteria:	n/a	State/National Registered? No	
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge			
Area of Significance: n/a				
Narrative Description:				
See Mamalahoa historic district description.				

This bridge is a non-contributing feature of the Mamalahoa Historic District due to complete replacement of the original 1935 bridge in 2002. It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100005

Popular Name: Inoino Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Inoino Gulch

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

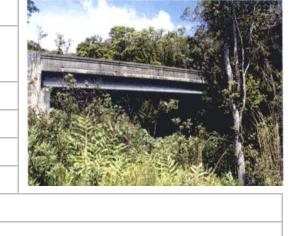
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

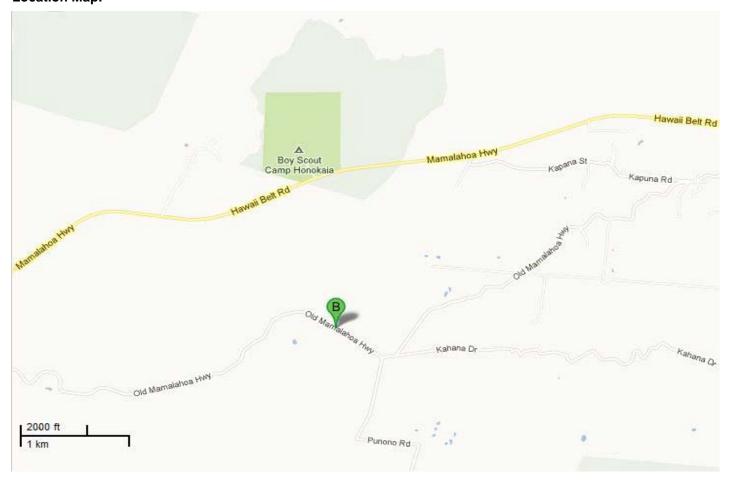
Location: TMK: 4-6-011:035

Historic Name: Inoino Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Girder	Construction Date: 1924	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 56.0 ft. Total Length: 60.0 ft. Deck Width: 31.0 ft.

Superstructure: Prestressed Concrete I-Girder

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001290001100001

Popular Name: Kaahakini Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaahakini Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

County Private: Hawaii Milepost:

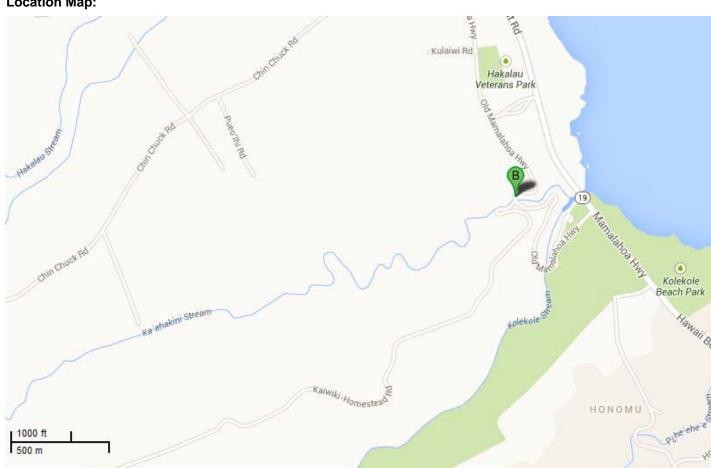
Longitude: 155d-07m-20.67s Latitude: 19d-52m-58.08s

Location: TMK: 2-9-03:39

Historic Name: Kaahakini Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1929	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 49.0 ft.	Total Length: 50.0 ft.	Deck Width: 22.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	rete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
larrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100001

Popular Name: Kaapahu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaapahu Gulch

Feature Carried: Paauilo Mauka Road

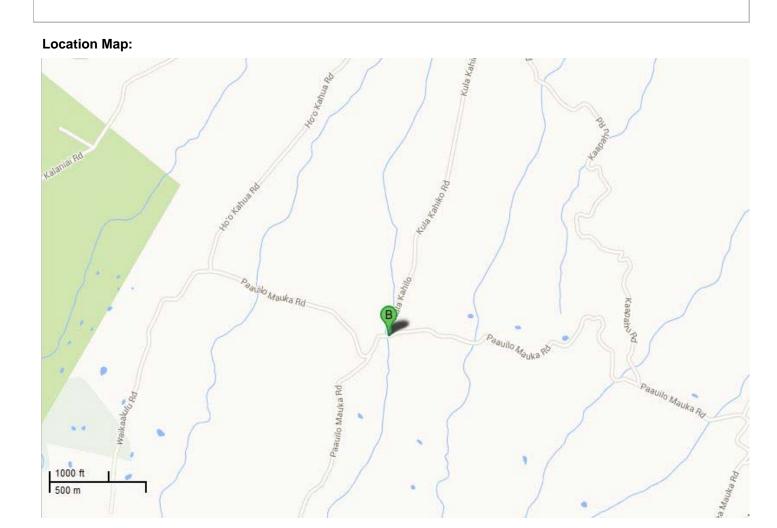
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-11:12

Historic Name: Kaapahu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 17.0 ft.	Total Length: 20.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber Stringe	er		
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	ent Wall		
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck			
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge	
Area of Significance: Engineering		

Narrative Description:

The Kaapahu Gulch Bridge carries Paauilo Mauka Road across Kaapahu Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and reinforced concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100006

Popular Name: Kahalii Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kahalii Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

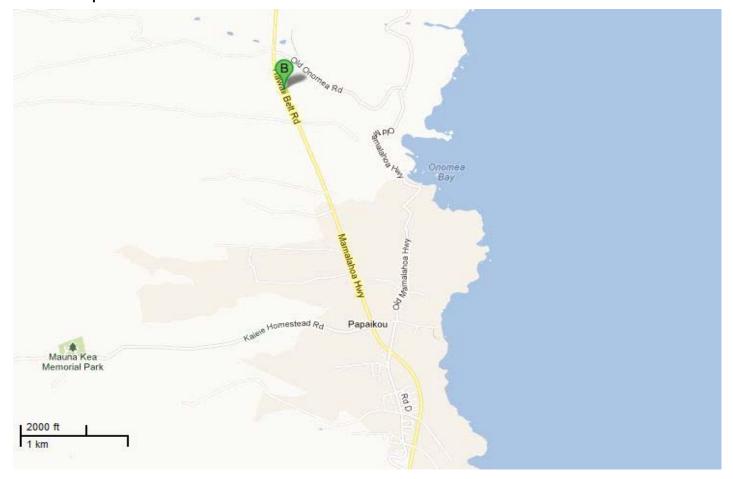
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-7-010:014

Historic Name: Kahalii Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1929	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 36.0 ft. Total Length: 40.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Masonry Abutment

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

Significance State		4:		
See Mamalahoa hi	storic district descrip	tion.		

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100010

Popular Name: Kahawailiilii Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kahawailiilii Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

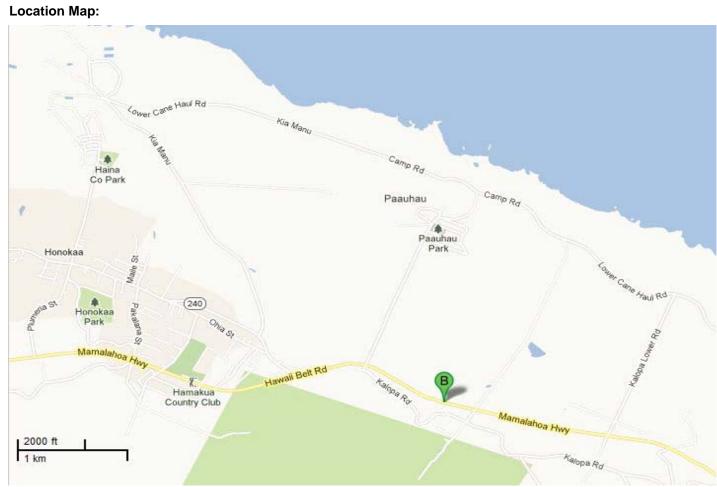
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-004:004

Historic Name: Kahawailiilii Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1919	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 26.0 ft.	Total Length: 32.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Masonry Ak	outment		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

General Information

Bridge Number: 001750001100004

Popular Name: Kahului Bridge

Feature Crossed: Relief

Feature Carried: Alii Drive

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-59m-09.04s **Latitude:** 19d-37m-26.27s

Location: TMK: 7-5-019:008

Historic Name: Kahului Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1937	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 8.0 ft. Total Length: 20.0 ft. Deck Width: 30.7 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Slab

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Rubble Masonry Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kahului Bridge carries Alii Drive across the relief for the waterway. This cast in place concrete bridge is in its original location but in poor condition. The bridge has concrete solid panel parapets with flat caps. The concrete deck is supported by concrete masonry rubble pier wall and abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling. The bridge is programmed for replacement in 2016.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. The rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100003

Popular Name: Kaieie Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaieie Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

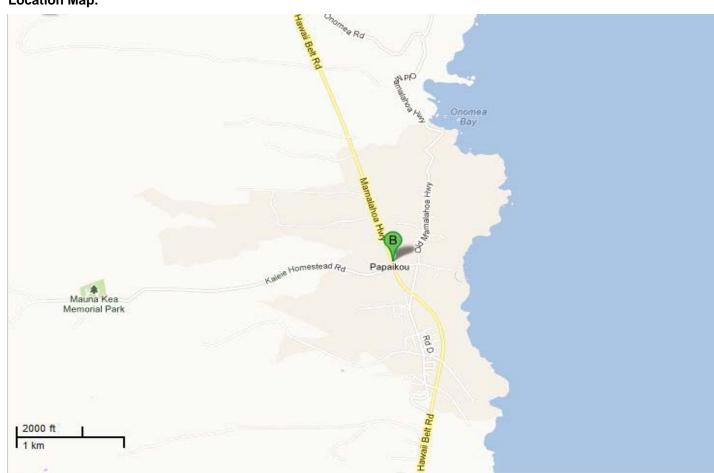
Location: TMK: 2-7-035:012

Historic Name: Kaieie Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1929	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 45.0 ft.	Total Length: 49.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Masonry Al	butment		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	rete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

See Mamalahoa historic district of	description.		

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100005

Popular Name: Kaiwiki Bridge No. 1

Feature Crossed: Kaiwiki Stream

Feature Carried: Kahoa Street

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

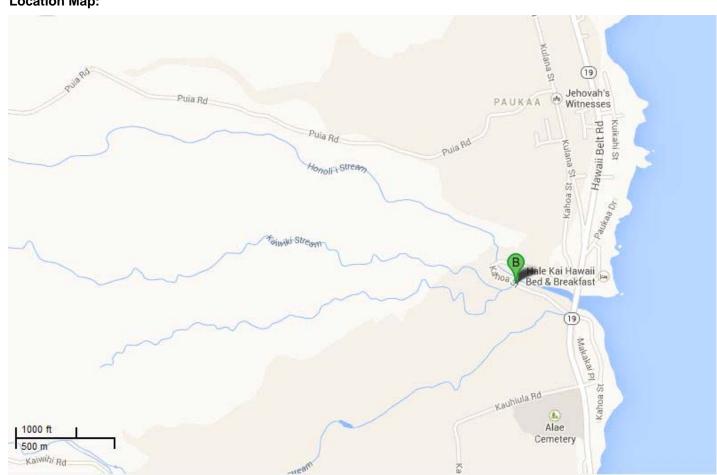
Location: TMK: 2-6-12:33

Historic Name: Kaiwiki Bridge No. 1

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1920	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 32.0 ft. Total Length: 66.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Metal Horizontal

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100007

Popular Name: Kaiwiki Homestead Road Bridge

Feature Crossed: Unnamed Stream

Feature Carried: Kaiwiki Homestead Road

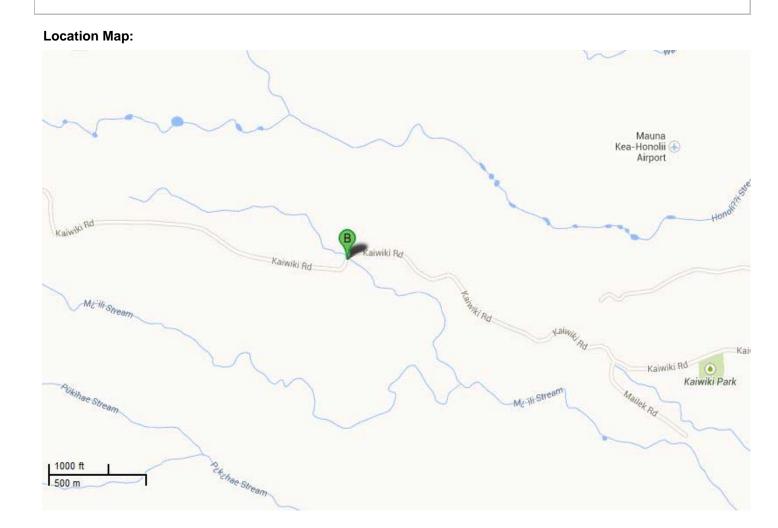
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-6-011:015

Historic Name: Kaiwiki Homestead Road Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer Construction Date: 1930 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2010

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): The timber deck, stringers and railings were replaced. The north abutment was

reconstructed and the south abutment was repaired.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4 Max Span: 21.0 ft. Total Length: 71.0 ft. Deck Width: 13.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kaiwiki Homestead Road Bridge carries Kaiwiki Homestead Road across Unnamed Stream. This timber bridge is in its original location and is generally in good condition. The bridge was rehabilitated in 2010, only the elements of the bridge was replaced. The bridge has wood railings, wood deck and concrete abutments. According to the inspection report, the north concrete abutment was rebuilt. The simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

Significance Statement: This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of the timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001350001100001

Popular Name: Kaiwilahilahi Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaiwilahilahi Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

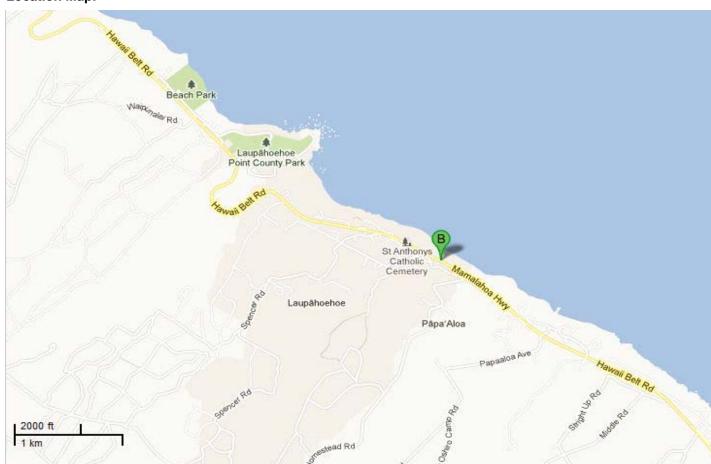
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 3-5-003:073

Historic Name: Kaiwilahilahi Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Open Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1923	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 110.0 ft.	Total Length: 162.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.			
Superstructure: Concrete	Superstructure: Concrete Open Spandrel Arch					
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall					
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay						
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Vertical						
Setting:						
Other Features:						

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

Significance Statement:	
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100002

Popular Name: Kalalau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kalalau Stream

Feature Carried: Wainaku Street

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

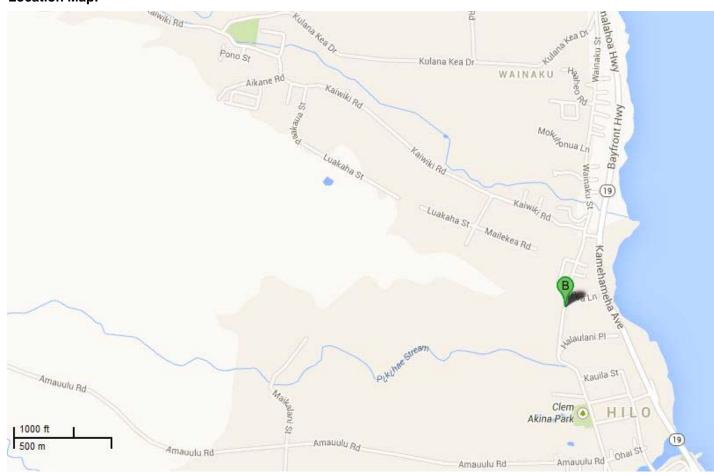
Location: TMK: 2-6-06:22

Historic Name: Kalalau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Masonry Arch	Construction Date: 1920	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 64.0 ft.	Deck Width: 33.0 ft.
Superstructure: Masonry	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	outment		
Floor/Decking: AC Paver	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Masor	nry Rock with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

Significance Statement:	
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100004

Popular Name: Kalaoa Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kalaoa Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

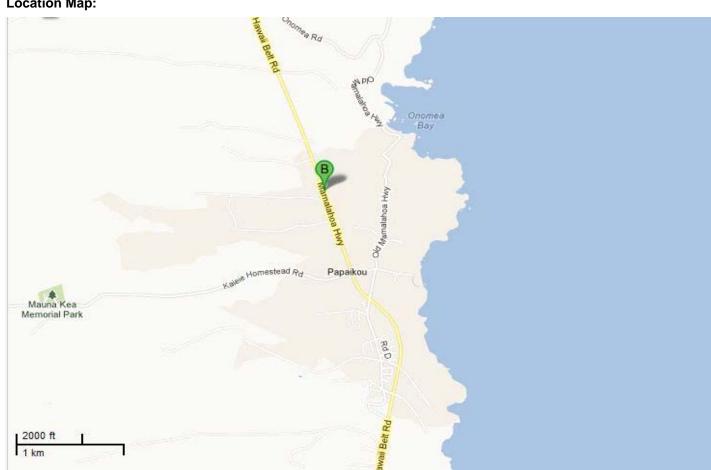
Longitude: 155d-05m-35.36s Latitude: 19d-48m-05.94s

Location: TMK: 2-7-008:013

Historic Name: Kalaoa Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1929	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 40.0 ft.	Total Length: 40.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Masonry At	outment		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100007

Popular Name: Kalopa Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kalopa Gulch

Feature Carried: Kaapahu Road

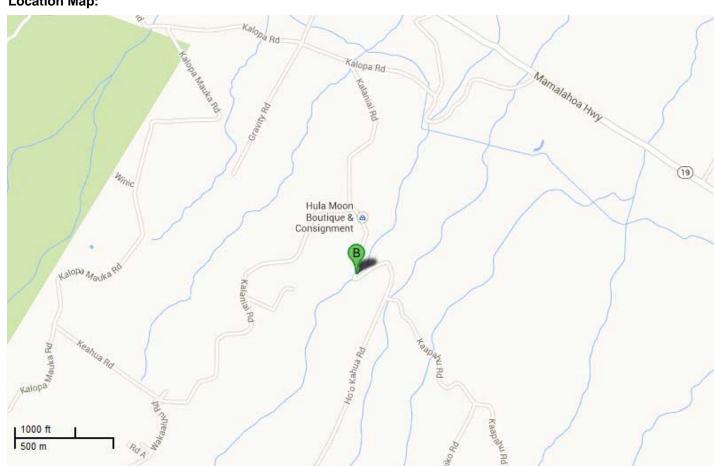
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-08:02

Historic Name: Kalopa Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1919	Replaced? No	0
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 48.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete I	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kalopa Gulch Bridge carries Kaapahu Road across the Kalopa Gulch. This cast in place concrete tee beam bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete solid panel parapets with flat caps. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and the simple design of the parapet retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1910's cast in place concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100009

Popular Name: Kalopa Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kalopa Gulch

Feature Carried: Kalopa Road

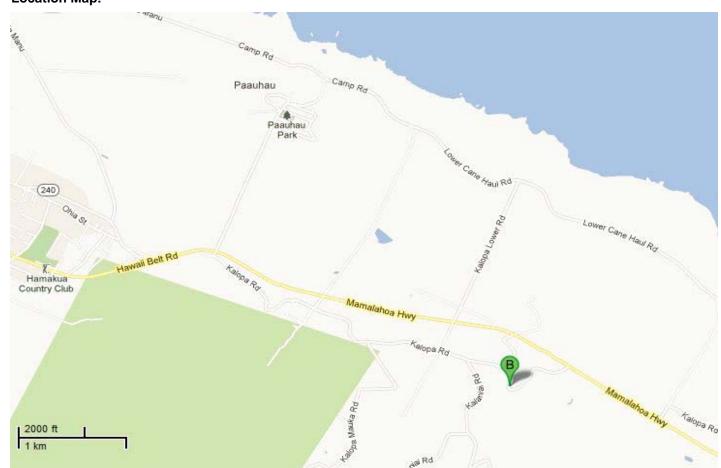
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-02:07

Historic Name: Kalopa Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer Construction Date: 1930 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2009

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Bridge was replaced in-kind in 2009.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 15.0 ft. Total Length: 53.0 ft. Deck Width: 16.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

This timber bridge was reconstructed in-kind in 2009.

It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100001

Popular Name: Kapue Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kapue Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

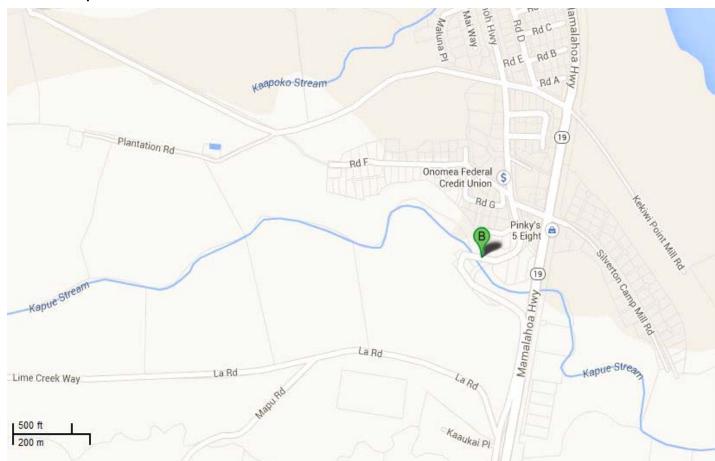
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-7-04:23

Historic Name: Kapue Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1935	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 55.0 ft.	Total Length: 68.0 ft.	Deck Width: 18.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	rete Solid		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

Significance Statement:	
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001410001100001

Popular Name: Kaula Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaula Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-17m-09.65s **Latitude:** 20d-00m-34.08s

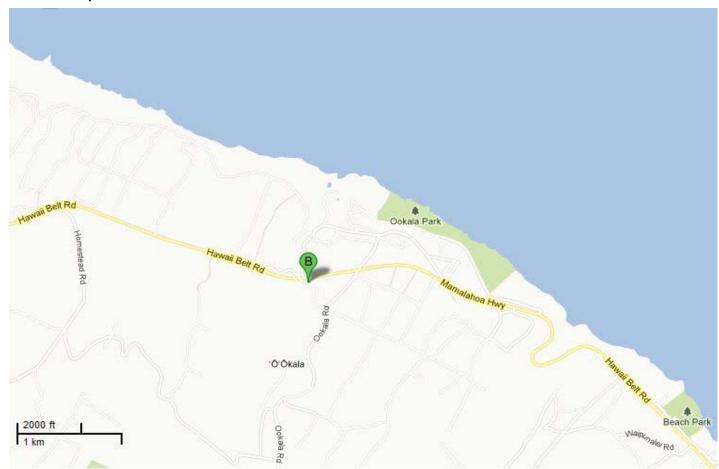
Location: TMK: 4-1-01:15

Historic Name: Kaula Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1928	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3	Max Span: 17.0 ft.	Total Length: 52.0 ft.	Deck Width: 17.0 ft.
Superstructure: Steel Multi-Gi	rder		
Substructure: Masonry Abutm	ent and Timber Multi-Col	umn Bent	
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck			
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria:	A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge		Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering		
Narrative Description:			
See Mamalahoa historic district description.			

See Mamalahoa historic district description.	Significance Statem			
	See Mamalahoa histo	oric district description.		

General Information

Bridge Number: 001430001100002

Popular Name: Kaumoali Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kaumoali Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Government Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

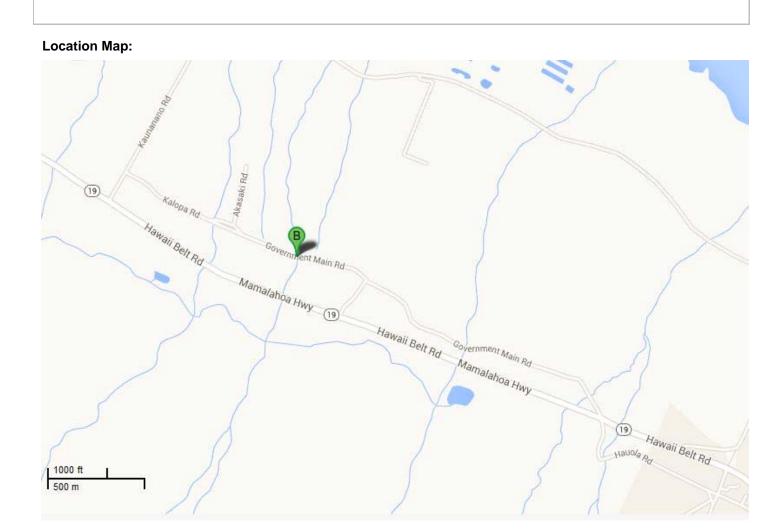
Longitude: 155d-23m-43.50s **Latitude:** 20d-03m-10.29s

Location: TMK: 4-3-05:07

Historic Name: Kaumoali Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Masonry Arch	Construction Date: 1932	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 15.0 ft.	Total Length: 55.0 ft.	Deck Width: 24.0 ft.
Superstructure: Masonry	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Masonry Al	outment		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Open Horizontal		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria:	A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge		Histori	c Function : Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering		
Narrative Description:			
See Mamalahoa historic district description.			
Gee Marrialarioa filotofio district description.			

This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100007

Popular Name: Kawainui Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kawainui Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

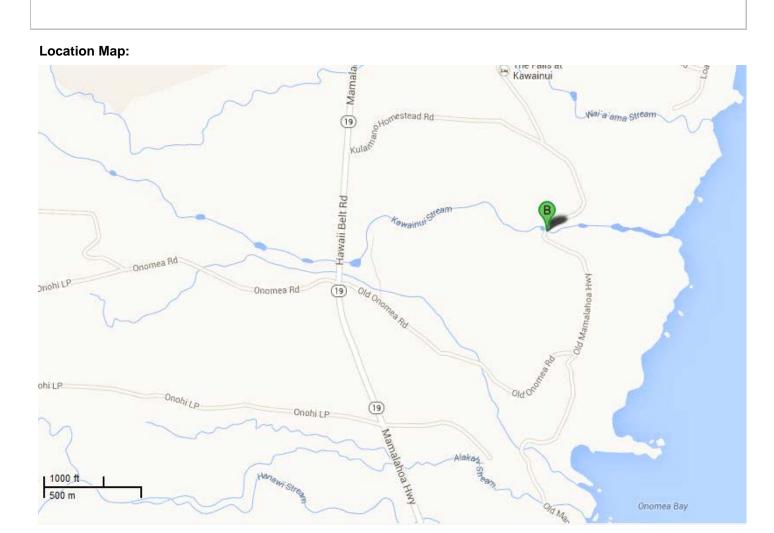
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-7-011:002

Historic Name: Kawainui Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1900	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4 Max Span: 20.0 ft. Total Length: 79.0 ft. Deck Width: 15.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

This bridge is scheduled to be replaced in-kind.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100004

Popular Name: Keaakaukau Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Keaakaukau Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

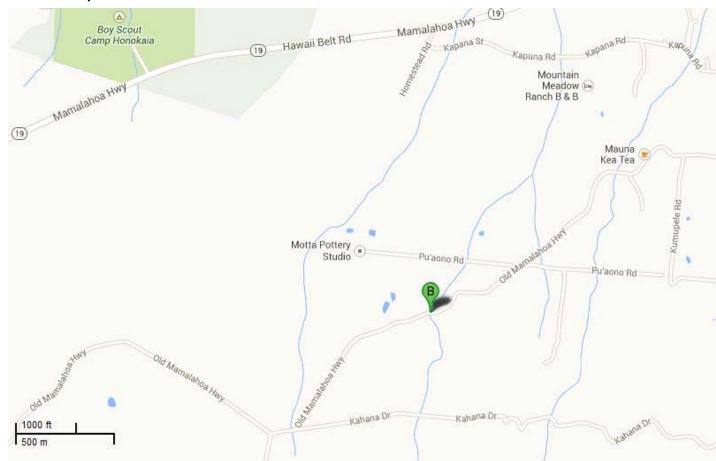
Longitude: 155d-30m-24.20s **Latitude:** 20d-03m-17.75s

Location: TMK: 4-6-009:036

Historic Name: Keaakaukau Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1925	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 12.0 ft. Total Length: 24.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Slab

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100008

Popular Name: Keaakaukau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Keaakaukau Gulch

Feature Carried: Kahana Drive

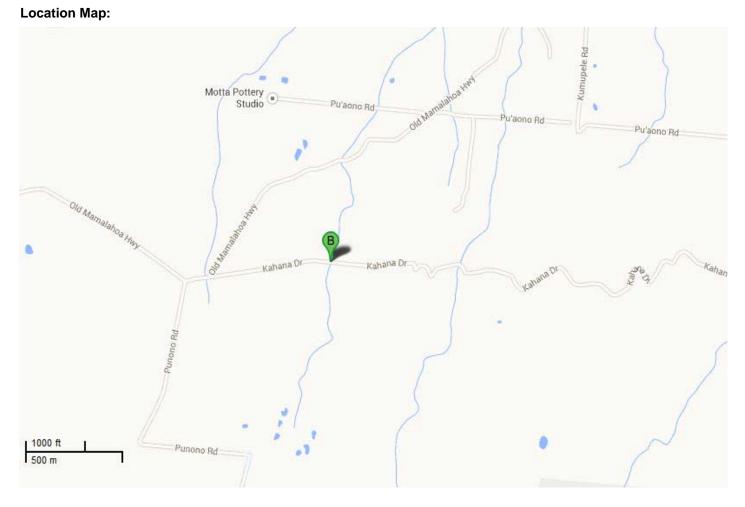
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-6-09:044

Historic Name: Keaakaukau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 22.0 ft.	Total Length: 25.0 ft.	Deck Width: 12.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber S	tringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	outment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	С	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance. Engineering			

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Keaa Kaukau Stream Bridge carries Kahana Drive across Keaa Kaukau Stream. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001230001100001

Popular Name: Keawe-Wailuku Bridge

Feature Crossed: Wailuku River

Feature Carried: Keawe Street / Puueo Street

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-05m-19.99s Latitude: 19d-43m-37.93s

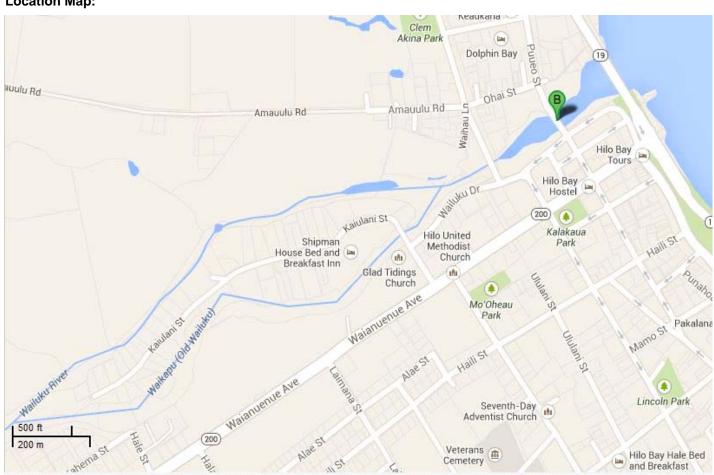
Location: TMK: 2-3-05:4

Historic Name: Keawe-Wailuku Bridge

Designer/Engineer: William Hoy Chun

Builder/Contractor: H. Isemoto Contracting Co.





Bridge Type: Rainbow Arch Construction Date: 1938 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s):

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Original street lamps replaced

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 171.0 ft. Total Length: 171.0 ft. Deck Width: 51.5 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Through Arch

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Decorative

Setting:

Other Features: Sidewalk on both sides; decorative concrete end piers with incised bridge name and date of

construction; raised concrete medallions at outside of pier columns; metal commemorative plaques

and street lamps(replaced) on four ends of arch

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Keawe Street-Wailuku River Bridge crosses the Wailuku River at the north border of downtown Hilo, historically a busy shipping port and the center of commerce on the island of Hawaii. The Keawe Street Bridge is located at the site of the first major bridge built on the island of Hawaii and is only the third bridge at this location. The bridge is a concrete open spandrel through-deck arch, also known as a "Rainbow" or Marsh arch. It is one of two remaining examples of this bridge type in the state.

The bridge remains in its original location. Its setting in historic downtown Hilo also remains essentially unchanged. With the exception of the replacement of the original street lamps, the bridge retains its original design features and materials. The bridge is the product of successful partnership between William Hoy Chun, master designer for the Hawaii County Department of Public Works and H. Isemoto, Contractor of Hilo. The workmanship is of an exceptionally high caliber, and the bridge is the pride of downtown Hilo. The bridge's historic associations, as an important civic structure associated with the development of Hilo, are readily apparent to all observers. Interpretation is aided by commemorative plaques announcing the engineer's and contractor's names and date of construction. The bridge retains its historic feeling due to the picturesque appearance.

The Keawe Street-Wailuku River Bridge is significant in the areas of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The Keawe Street Bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with public works efforts by the County of Hawaii, and as an important civic structure associated with the development of Hilo. The bridge is eligible under Criterion C since it is one of two remaining "rainbow" or Marsh arch bridges in the state. Further, the bridge is representative of the "work of a master": William Hoy Chun with the Hawaii County Department of Public Works.

By the mid-nineteenth century the town of Hilo was well-established at Hilo Bay, the island's best port. Yet communications between Hilo and the rich agricultural land to the north were hampered by the formidable and treacherous Wailuku River. The Kingdom's Ministry of the Interior, established in 1846, set as one of its first priorities the spanning of this river.(1) The first bridge built was constructed in 1859 by R.A.S. Wood, Superintendent of the Bureau of Internal Improvements.(2) It was an "experimental" suspension bridge and certainly the most impressive bridge on the island during its lifetime, when most other bridges were timber or stone, small in size and too often temporary in nature. Unfortunately, the bridge collapsed seven weeks after its completion. The suspension bridge was rebuilt with double the strength and served the community faithfully for forty years, with one major reconstruction in 1884. The road leading to it (Keawe Street) was known for fifty years as Bridge Street. The bridge's success was a spur to bridge building throughout the islands.(3)

The second bridge at this site, a steel through-truss, was completed in 1903. Between 1884 to 1904, several American-manufactured steel or iron truss bridges were erected in the islands. The bridge was constructed by contractors Louis M. Whitehouse and Robert Hawxhurst. A Hilo Tribune writer called it "the biggest and best in the Hawaiian Islands."(4) Steel truss bridges proved very expensive to maintain since the salt water spray from the ocean caused them to rust quickly. The Wailuku steel truss bridge was replaced by the current reinforced-concrete througharch or "rainbow" bridge in 1938. It is the only bridge on Hawaii Island that received Public Works Administration moneys from the U.S. government during the Great Depression.(5)

Rainbow arches are also known as "Marsh Arches" after their designer and patentee, James B. Marsh. This distinctive form of reinforced-concrete bridge construction was used extensively in portions of the mid-west from 1912 (the patent date) through the early 1930s.(6) In Hawaii, only two examples of this type remain - the Anahulu Bridge on Oahu, built in 1921,(7) and the Keawe Street Bridge. Other known examples, since destroyed, include two over Nuuanu Stream in downtown Honolulu and a six-arch rainbow bridge over the Wailua River on Kauai.(8) Arch bridges are also an uncommon bridge type.

The Keawe Street-Wailuku River Bridge was designed by William "Cappy" Chun, the project engineer and the designer of the Wailoa bridge in Hilo (previously listed on the National Register of Historic Places and since demolished). Chun was a graduate of the Illinois Institute of Technology. He also designed the sewer system of Hilo in the 1930s and served as the chief engineer for the Hilo Water Works until 1961.(9) The contractor, H. Isemoto, was a Japanese immigrant who apprenticed in stone masonry and, in 1925, began his own contracting company. He worked on some of the territorial highway bridges near Papaikou before securing this contract. His son Arthur, later a Deputy County Engineer, remembers that his father constructed the concrete forms for the Keawe Street Bridge on the beach next to the Wailoa Bridge, because there was no place to do this near the steep slopes of the Wailuku worksite and then floated the pieces around Hilo Bay and up the river.(10)

- (1) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 150.
- (2) Pacific Commercial Advertiser (June 23, 1859), 1.
- (3) Honolulu Advertiser (September 17, 1859), 2.
- (4) Honolulu Advertiser (March 18, 1904), 5.
- (5) Patricia Alvarez, HAER Inventory: Keawe Street/ Wailuku River Bridge, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation and the U.S. Department of the Interior, Historic American Engineering Record (HAER) (Honolulu, 1987c).
- (6) William P. Chamberlin, Historic Bridges Criteria for Decision Making, National Cooperative Highway Research Program, Synthesis of Highway Practice 101 (Washington, D.C.: Transportation Research Board, 1983), 21. (7) Bethany Thompson, Historic Bridge Inventory, Island of Oahu, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (Honolulu, 1983).
- (8) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 153.

- (9) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 153.
- (10) Patricia Alvarez, Historic Bridge Inventory and Evaluation: Island of Hawaii, prepared for the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Administration (Honolulu, 1987b), 153.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001360001100002

Popular Name: Kilau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kilau Stream

Feature Carried: Manowaiopae Homestead Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

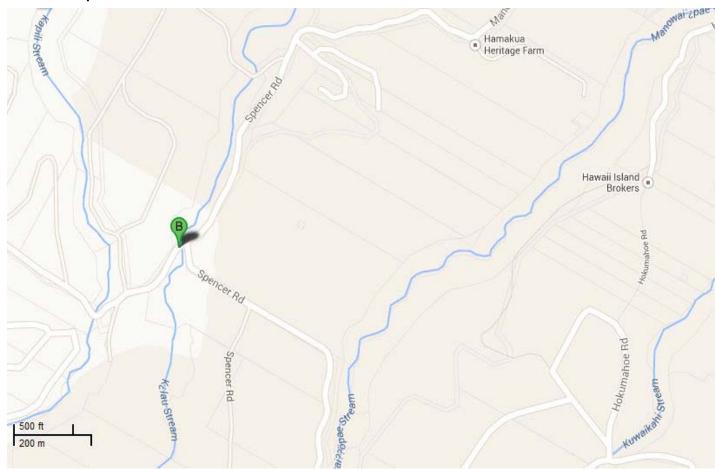
Location: TMK: 3-6-003:012

Historic Name: Kilau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4	Max Span: 16.0 ft.	Total Length: 65.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber Stringe	er		
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	ent Wall and Concrete W	all Pier	
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck			
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	С	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Cianificance. Engineering			

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kilau Stream Bridge carries Manowaiopae Highway Road across Kilau Stream. This timber girder bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and reinforced concrete pier and abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001280001100004

Popular Name: Kolekole Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kolekole Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

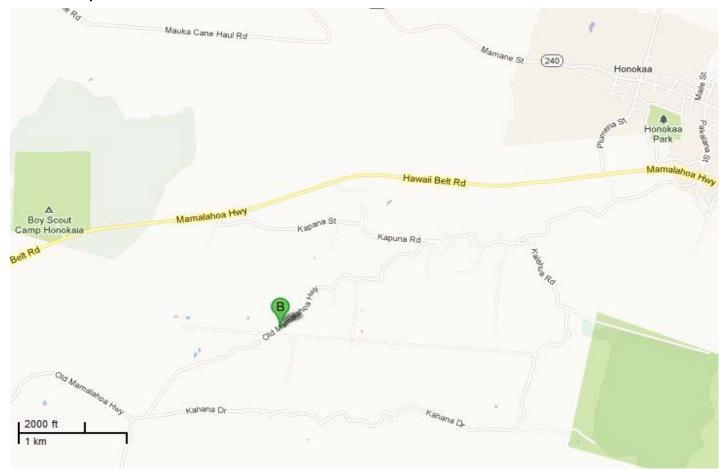
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-8-15:16

Historic Name: Kolekole Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1929	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 62.0 ft.	Total Length: 91.0 ft.	Deck Width: 23.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Open Arched		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No	
Current Function: Bridge	n: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering		
Narrative Description:			
See Mamalahoa historic district description.			

Significance Statement:					
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.				

General Information

Bridge Number: 001450001100001

Popular Name: Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch

Feature Carried: Ohia Street

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

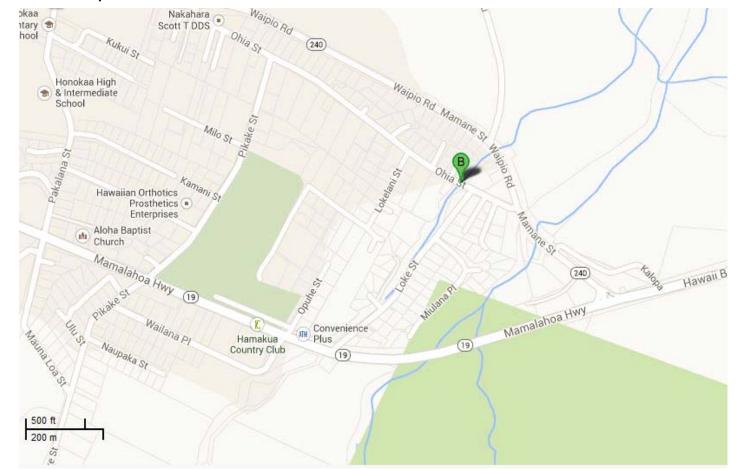
Longitude: 155d-27m-14.18s **Latitude:** 20d-04m-19.80s

Location: TMK: 4-5-20:041

Historic Name: Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 12.0 ft.	Total Length: 17.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber St	ringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	putment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	ck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch Bridge carries Ohia Street across Kukuiaonanipahu Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

The bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001420001100001

Popular Name: Lauhala Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Lauhala Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

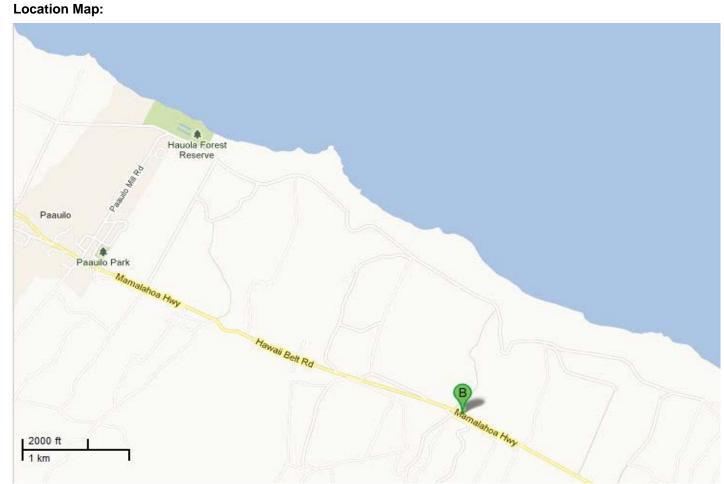
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-2-002:020

Historic Name: Lauhala Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 11.0 ft. Total Length: 36.0 ft. Deck Width: 16.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Timber Multi-Column Bent

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

Significance Statement:			
See Mamalahoa historic distri	ict description.		

General Information

Bridge Number: 001360001100001

Popular Name: Laupahoehoe Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Laupahoehoe Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

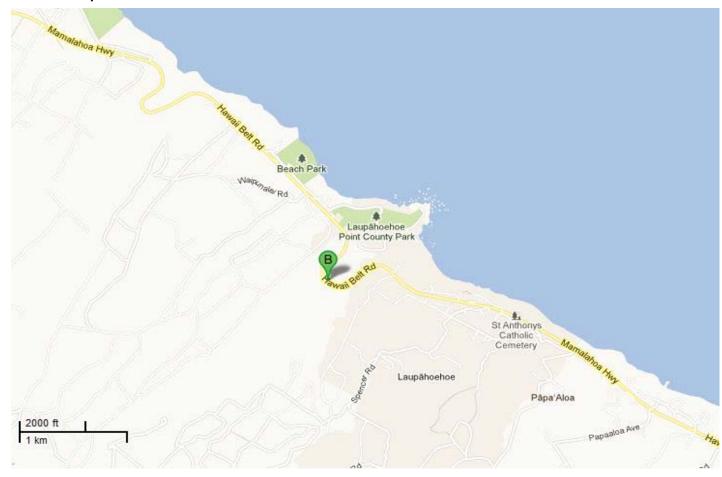
Location: TMK: 3-6-002:012

Historic Name: Laupahoehoe Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Masonry Arch	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		
, ,,		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 15.0 ft.	Total Length: 39.0 ft.	Deck Width: 18.0 ft.		
Superstructure: Masonry Cl	osed Spandrel Arch				
Substructure: Masonry Abu	tment				
Floor/Decking: AC Paveme	Floor/Decking: AC Pavement				
Parapets/Railings: Masonry Rock					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria:	A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge		Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering		
Narrative Description:			
See Mamalahoa historic district description.			
see Mamaianoa historic district description.			

Significance Statement:	
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001420001100002

Popular Name: Mahuna Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Mahuna Gulch

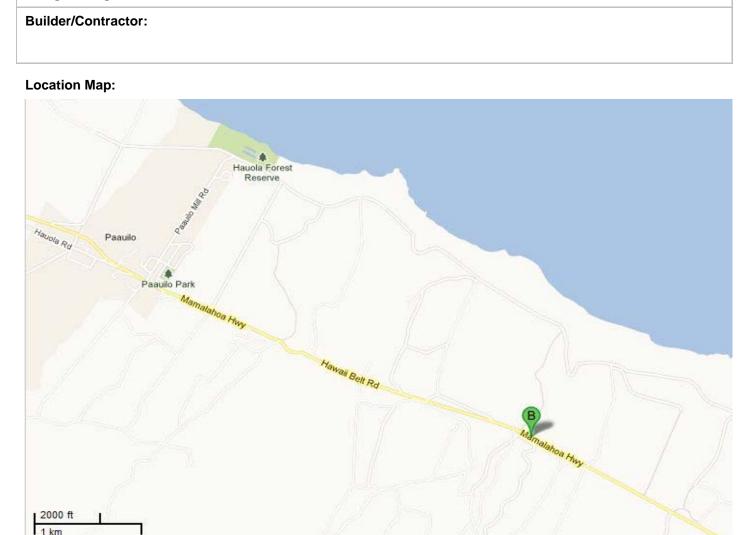
Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-2-02:19

Historic Name: Mahuna Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:



Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 4	Max Span: 16.0 ft.	Total Length: 44.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber St	tringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	outment and Timber Multi-Co	olumn Bent	
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

Significance Statement:	
See Mamalahoa historic district description.	

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100003

Popular Name: Maili Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Maili Stream

Feature Carried: Kaiwiki Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

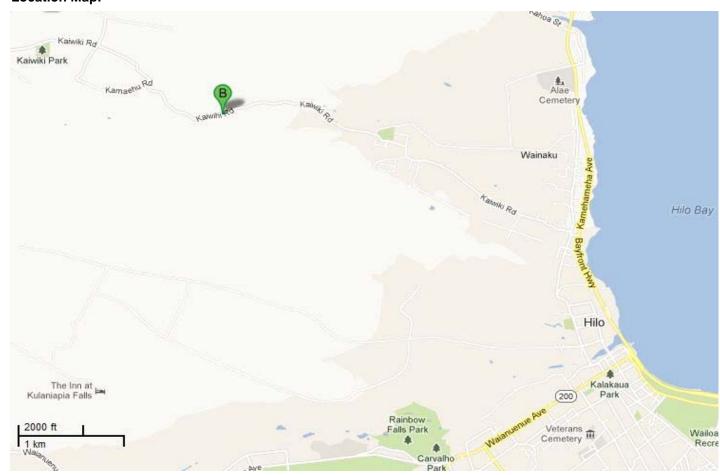
Location: TMK: 2-6-009:010

Historic Name: Maili Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1900	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 49.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.4 ft.
Superstructure: Timber Stringe	er		
Substructure: Masonry Abutme	ent and Concrete Multi-Co	olumn Bent	
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck			
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Kaiwiki Road Bridge carries Kaiwiki road across Maili Stream. This timber bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings and the timber deck is supported by a concrete pier and concrete rubble masonry abutments. The concrete pier looks to be added later but the workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured. The simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling. This bridge is scheduled to be replaced in-kind.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1910's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100004

Popular Name: Maili Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Maili Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

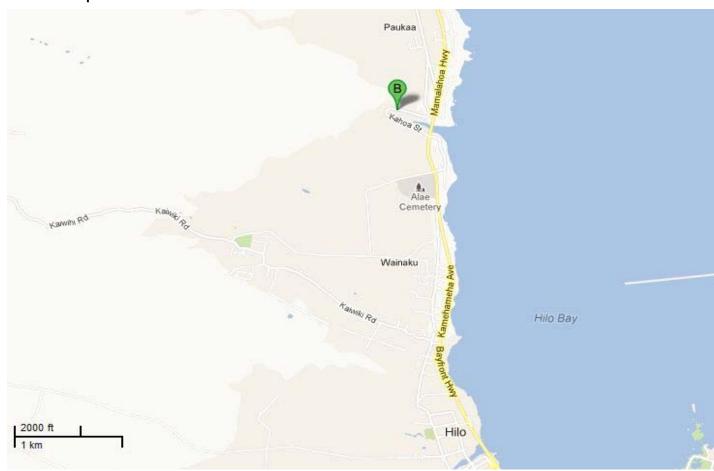
Location: TMK: 2-6-12:45

Historic Name: Maili Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1916	Replaced? No)
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 37.0 ft. Total Length: 69.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.6 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

001260001100004

Maili Stream Bridge

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001430001100006

Popular Name: Manienie Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Manienie Gulch

Feature Carried: Pohakea Mauka Road

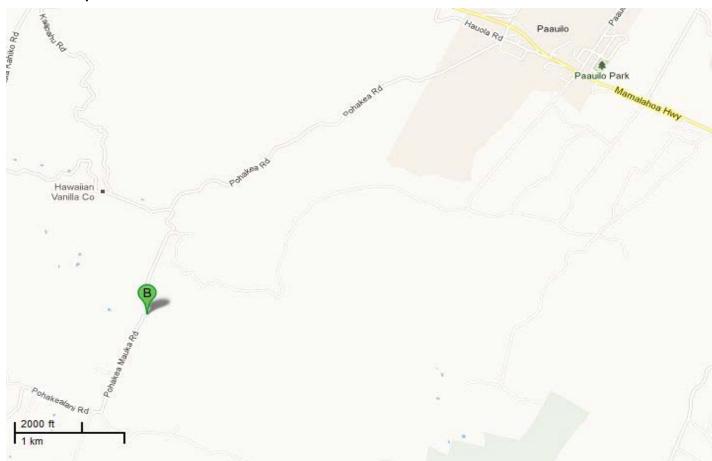
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-3-12:13

Historic Name: Manienie Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer Construction Date: 1930 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2012

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Timber deck was replaced and the abutments and center pier were rehabilitated.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 11.0 ft. Total Length: 24.0 ft. Deck Width: 16.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Timber Multi-Column Bent

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Manienie Gulch Bridge carries Pohakea Mauka Road across Manienie Gulch. This timber girder bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and concrete rubble masonry and reinforced concrete abutments. In 2012, several planks were replaced and the abutments were rehabilitated. The simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001430001100007

Popular Name: Manienie Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Manienie Gulch

Feature Carried: Manienie Road

County Private: Hawaii Milepost:

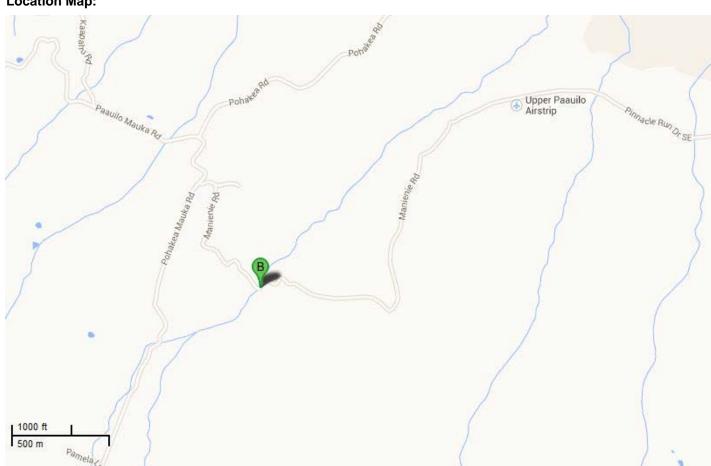
Latitude: 20d-01m-12.26s Longitude: 155d-24m-02.28s

Location: TMK: 4-3-12:03

Historic Name: Manienie Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 25.0 ft.	Deck Width: 15.5 ft.	
Superstructure: Timber S	tringer			
Substructure: Masonry At	outment			
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck				
Parapets/Railings: Wood				
Setting:				
Other Features:				

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible	Criteria:	С	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic Function: Bridge		
Area of Significance: Engineering			

Narrative Description:

The Manienie Gulch Bridge carries Manienie Road across Manienie Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks and concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001320001100001

Popular Name: Nanue Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Nanue Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

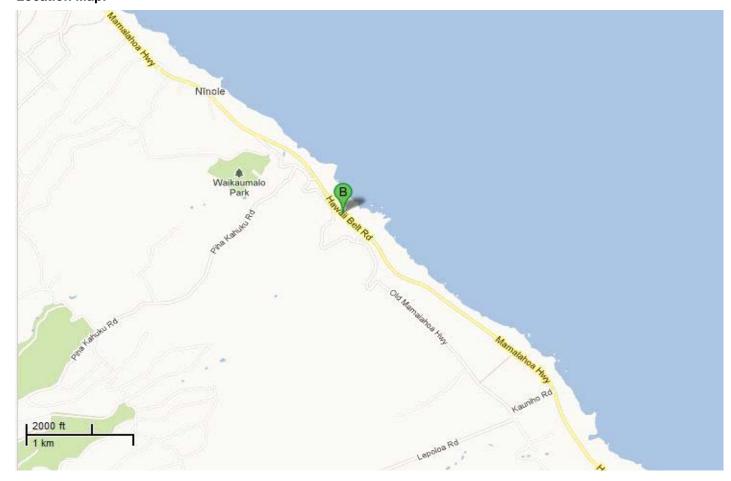
Location: TMK: 3-2-001:017

Historic Name: Nanue Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 36.0 ft. Total Length: 73.0 ft. Deck Width: 22.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100001

Popular Name: Nienie Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Nienie Gulch

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

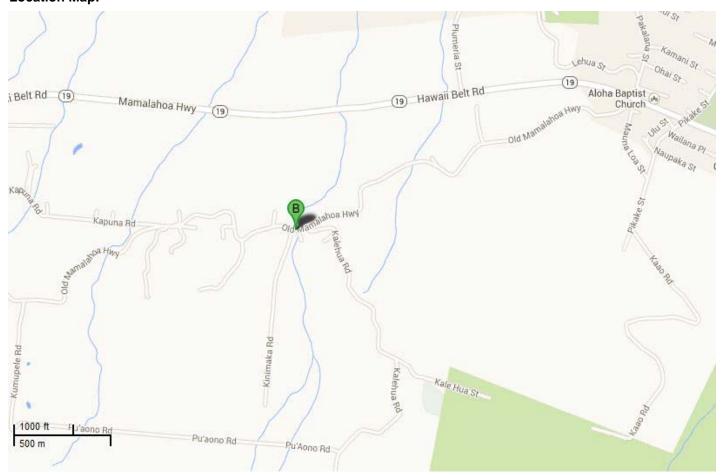
Location: TMK: 4-6-007:049

Historic Name: Nienie Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1923	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 25.0 ft. Total Length: 50.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

Significance Statement:
See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001180001100003

Popular Name: North Peck Road Bridge

Feature Crossed: Relief

Feature Carried: North Peck Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 1-8-005:021

Historic Name: North Peck Road Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1940	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 15.5 ft.				
Superstructure: Timber Stringer							
Substructure: Concrete Abutn	nent Wall						
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck							
Parapets/Railings: Wood							
Setting:							
Other Features:							

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The North Peck Road Bridge carries North Peck Road. This timber bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has a timber deck and wood railings. The timber deck is supported by concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by addition or repair and the simple design of the parapet retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its construction type built in Hawaii in this period. Most of the bridges built during the 40's are the concrete bridges however, this bridge is a single span timber bridge. It is a good example of a 1940's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001290001100002

Popular Name: Old Railroad Crossing Bridge

Feature Crossed: Railroad Crossing

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-9-002:024

Historic Name: Old Railroad Crossing Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 24.0 ft.	Total Length: 24.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Solid Panel with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No	
Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge			
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering		
Narrative Description:			
See Mamalahoa historic district description.			

This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type. See Mamalahoa historic district description.

The rock abutments are a potentially eligible historic resource.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001310001100002

Popular Name: Opea Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Opea Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

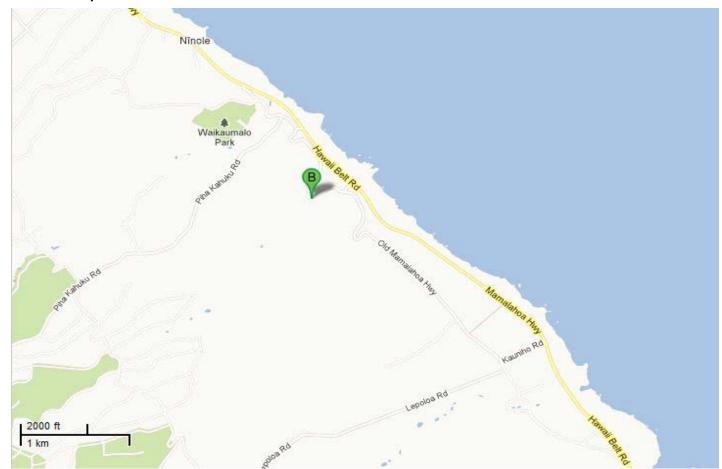
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 3-1-03:17

Historic Name: Opea Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1912	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 40.0 ft.	Total Length: 40.0 ft.	Deck Width: 18.6 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Masonry Al	outment		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Metal	Horizontal		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? N	0
Current Function: Bridge	Histor	ic Function: Bridge	
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering		
Narrative Description:			
See Mamalahoa historic district description.			
The state of the s			

It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001280001100003

Popular Name: Paheehee Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Paheehee Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

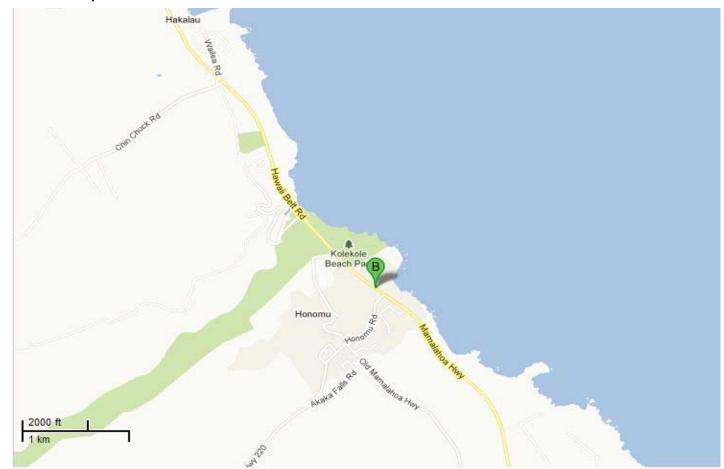
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-8-015:004

Historic Name: Paheehee Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1929	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 30.0 ft. Total Length: 61.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 High Preservation Value
 Criteria:
 A, C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

 Area of Significance:
 Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

Paheehee Stream Bridge

001280001100003

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001430001100005

Popular Name: Pohakuhaku Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Pohakuhaku Gulch

Feature Carried: Paauilo Pohakea Road

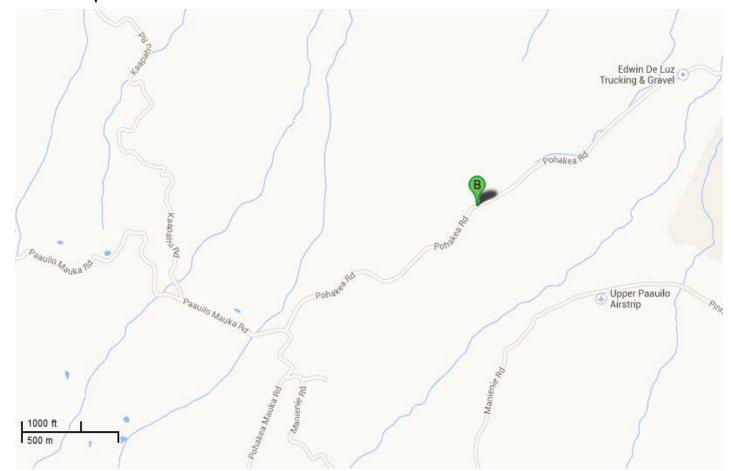
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-3-06:10

Historic Name: Pohakuhaku Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1936	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 37.0 ft.	Total Length: 39.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Tee Beam		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	outment		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Open Vertical		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Pohakuhaku Gulch Bridge carries Paauilo-Pohakea Road across Pohakuhaku Gulch. This reinforced concrete tee beam bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete open vertical parapets with flat caps and wide end posts. The concrete deck is supported by concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the parapet retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001260001100001

Popular Name: Pukihae Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Pukihae Stream

Feature Carried: Wainaku Street

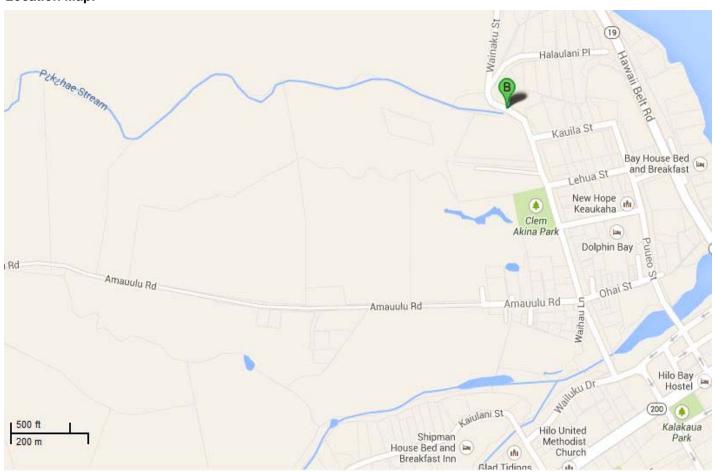
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-6-05:19

Historic Name: Pukihae Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Masonry Arch	Construction Date: 1904	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 35.0 ft.	Total Length: 65.0 ft.	Deck Width: 33.0 ft.
Superstructure: Masonry	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Masonry Ak	outment		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Mason	nry Rock with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

This bridge is one of the oldest masonry bridges remaining in Hawaii. Arch bridges are also an uncommon bridge type. See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100002

Popular Name: Puuokalepa Bridge No. 1

Feature Crossed: Puuokalepa Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

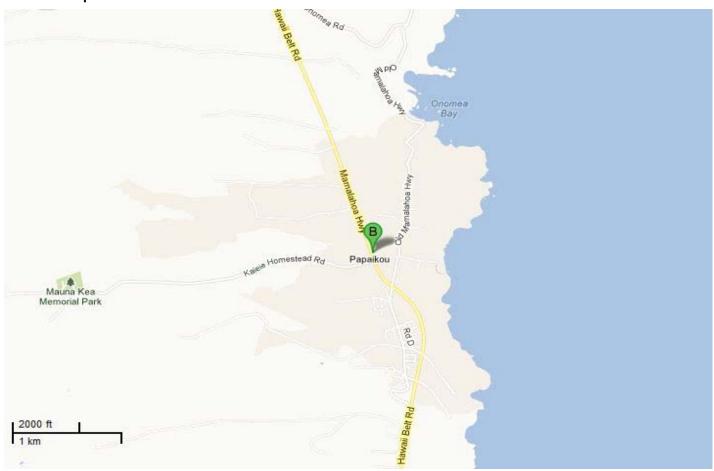
Longitude: 155d-05m-39.20s Latitude: 19d-47m-36.65s

Location: TMK: 2-7-035:013

Historic Name: Puuokalepa Bridge No. 1

Designer/Engineer:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1904	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 32.0 ft.	Total Length: 76.0 ft.	Deck Width: 17.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	ete Solid with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001470001100003

Popular Name: Relief Elevation 2760 Bridge

Feature Crossed: Relief

Feature Carried: Mamalahoa Highway

County Private: Hawaii Milepost:

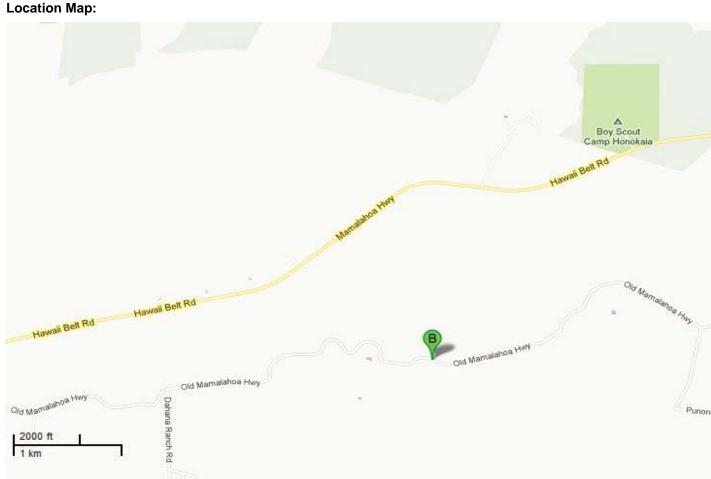
Latitude: 20d-02m-48.06s **Longitude:** 155d-32m-17.74s

Location: TMK: 4-7-007:010

Historic Name: Relief Elevation 2760 Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam Construction Date: 1924 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): Unknown

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): New galvanized pipe railing

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 28.0 ft. Total Length: 76.0 ft. Deck Width: 18.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Metal Horizontal

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

The railings have been replaced.

001470001100003 Relief Elevation 2760 Bridge

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001460001100010

Popular Name: Relief Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Relief

Feature Carried: Kahana Drive

County Private: Hawaii Milepost:

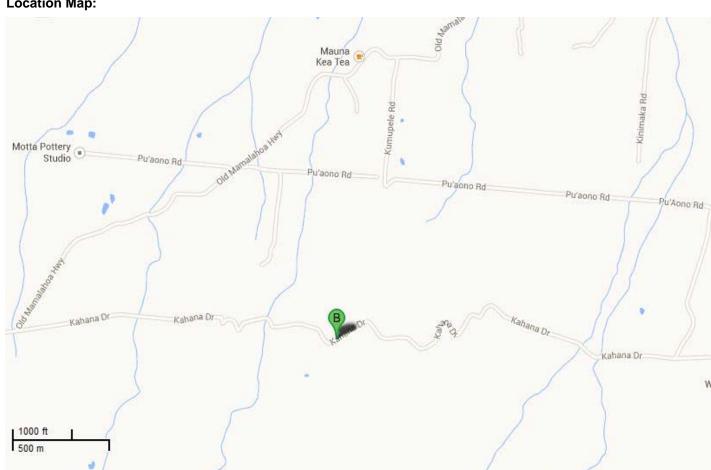
Latitude: 20d-02m-57.59s **Longitude:** 155d-29m-50.76s

Location: TMK: 4-6-009:002

Historic Name: Relief Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 11.0 ft.	Total Length: 17.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber St	ringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	putment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	ck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No **Current Function:** Bridge Historic Function: Bridge Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Relief Stream Bridge carries Kahana Drive across Relief Stream. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001310001100001

Popular Name: Umauma Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Umauma Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

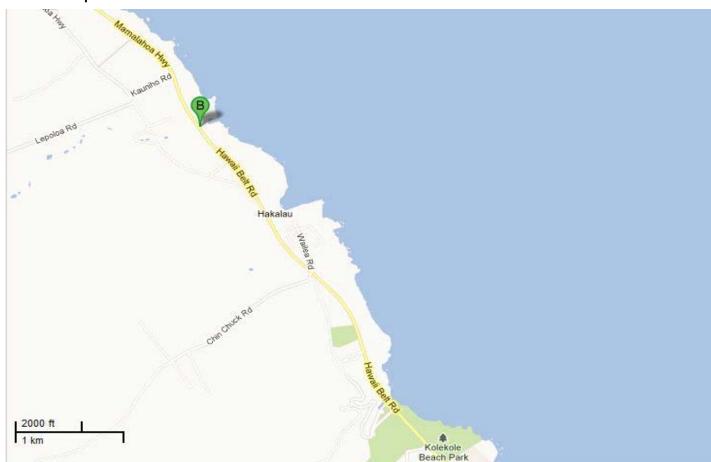
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

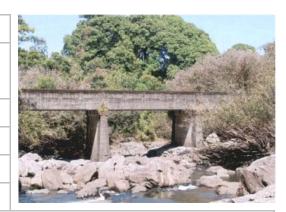
Location: TMK: 3-1-01:27

Historic Name: Umauma Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1920	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 33.0 ft. Total Length: 110.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Tee Beam

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Wall Pier

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel with Cap

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:
See Mamalahoa historic district description.

Umauma Stream Bridge

001310001100001

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001270001100008

Popular Name: Waiaama Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waiaama Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-05m-48.62s **Latitude:** 19d-49m-42.04s

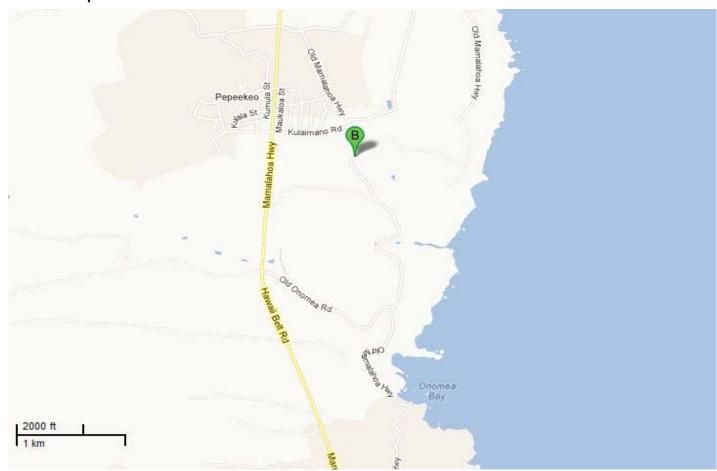
Location: TMK: 2-7-11:04

Historic Name: Waiaama Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 40.0 ft.	Total Length: 72.0 ft.	Deck Width: 17.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: AC Paven	nent		
Parapets/Railings: Concr	rete Solid with Cap		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

Significance Statement:	
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001960001100001

Popular Name: Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waiakaloa Gulch

Feature Carried: Wood Valley Homestead Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

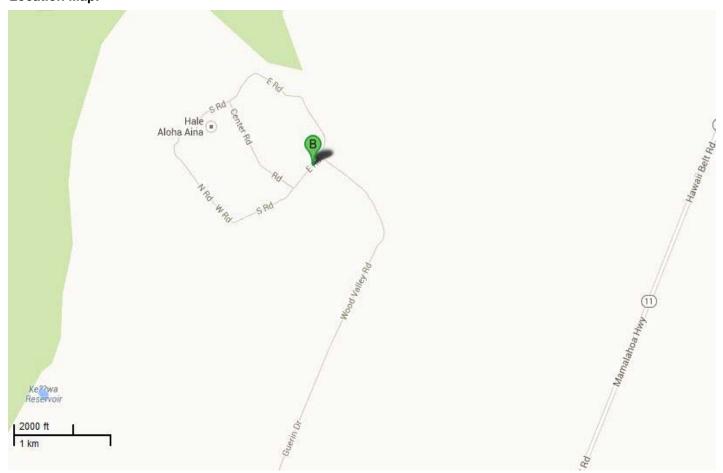
Location: TMK: 9-6-008:002

Historic Name: Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1935	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 21.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.0 ft.
Superstructure: Concrete	Slab		
Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck		
Parapets/Railings: No Pa	rapet/Railing		
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge carries Wood Valley Homestead Road across the Waiakaloa Gulch. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete solid panels. The concrete deck is supported by concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001960001100002

Popular Name: Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waiakaloa Gulch

Feature Carried: Wood Valley Homestead Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

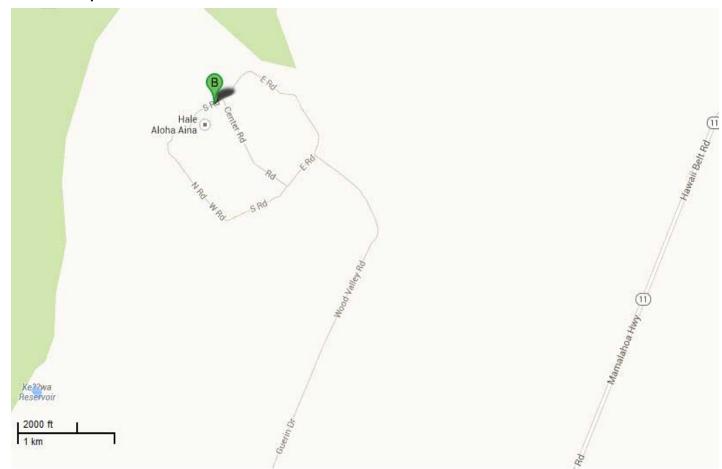
Location: TMK: 9-6-08:009

Historic Name: Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1935	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 18.0 ft. Total Length: 20.0 ft. Deck Width: 16.0 ft. Superstructure: Concrete Slab Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay Parapets/Railings: No Parapet/Railing Setting: Other Features:				
Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay Parapets/Railings: No Parapet/Railing Setting:	Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 20.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.0 ft.
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay Parapets/Railings: No Parapet/Railing Setting:	Superstructure: Concrete	Slab		
Parapets/Railings: No Parapet/Railing Setting:	Substructure: Concrete A	butment Wall		
Setting:	Floor/Decking: Concrete	Deck with AC Overlay		
	Parapets/Railings: No Pa	rapet/Railing		
Other Features:	Setting:			
	Other Features:			

Historic Association

 Eligibility Status:
 Eligible
 Criteria:
 C
 State/National Registered?
 No

 Current Function:
 Bridge
 Historic Function:
 Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waiakaloa Gulch Bridge carries Wood Valley Homestead Road across the Waiakaloa Gulch. This reinforced concrete bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete solid bottom with metal railings on top which were bent and no longer functional. The concrete deck is supported by concrete rubble masonry abutments. Except the railings, the workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in concrete bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's reinforced concrete bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001027201400020

Popular Name: Waianuenue Bridge

Feature Crossed: Ainako Stream

Feature Carried: Waianuenue Avenue

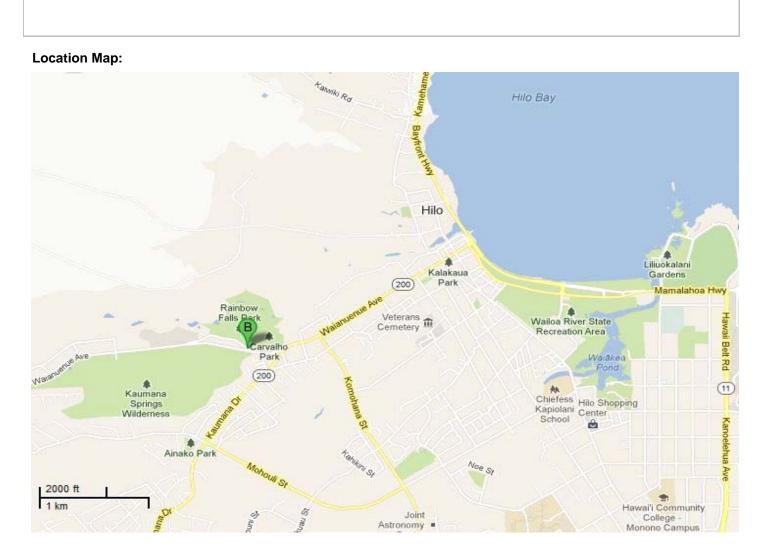
Milepost: 0.20 mi. County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 2-3-32

Historic Name: Waianuenue Bridge

Designer/Engineer: En Leong Wung

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch Construction Date: 1924 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s):

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Street lamps on each of four end piers removed sometime after 1951

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 45.0 ft. Total Length: 45.0 ft. Deck Width: 33.4 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Closed Spandrel Arch

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: AC Pavement

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Decorative

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering, Transportation

Narrative Description:

The Ainako Stream-Waianuenue Avenue Bridge was constructed in 1924 to carry Waianuenue Avenue across the Ainako Stream in Hilo on the island of Hawaii. The bridge is a reinforced-concrete, single-span, parabolic-shaped solid-spandrel arch. The neo-classical or "Italianate" design and graceful concrete elliptical arch of the Ainako Stream-Waianuenue Avenue Bridge make it one of the most decorative bridges on the island of Hawaii.

The Ainako Stream-Waianuenue Avenue Bridge is in its original location and its residential setting has continued to develop. The bridge's original solid-spandrel arch design and reinforced-concrete materials remain intact, with the exception of minor spalling concrete on the parapets. The bridge is obviously the work of skilled builders, who constructed the ornate concrete bridge. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by additions or repairs. The bridge's superstructure is highly visible from the roadway. The bridge's historic association, as a significant civic statement reflecting Hawaii County's aspirations for Hilo as a beautiful and urbane city, are readily apparent to informed observers; the bridge retains its historic feeling due to its ornamental nature and now uncommon structural type.

The Ainako Stream-Waianuenue Avenue Bridge is significant for its contributions to the fields of engineering and transportation in Hawaii. The 1924 bridge is an excellent example of reinforced-concrete solid-spandrel arch construction in the Italianate style. The Ainako Stream-Waianuenue Avenue Bridge is eligible under Criterion A for its associations with public works efforts by the County of Hawaii, and as an important civic structure associated with the development of Hilo. Moreover, the bridge contributed to the development of Hilo by providing reliable vehicular access to the recently established residential area along the banks of the Wailuku River. It is eligible under Criterion C as a rare remaining example of this once common bridge type, as well as for its aesthetic merit. Arch bridges are also an uncommon bridge type.

The bridge is representative of County Engineer En Leong Wung's work. The design of the bridge reflects the popular neo-classical architectural style of the early twentieth-century. The design of public improvements in the mode popular on the United States mainland reflects Hawaii's striving for legitimacy as an American territory. The World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago in 1893 served as the inspiration for the City Beautiful movement and the ensuing neo-classical revival in the United States. The City Beautiful movement reached its height on the U.S. mainland between 1900-1910, but affected Hawaii somewhat later. This movement is characterized by an attempt to create beautiful and functional cities. Aesthetic principles such as beauty, order, system, and harmony found physical realization in urban design. Architecture and public works projects, such as road and sewer systems, became civic statements which strengthened the identification of Hawaii to the U.S. mainland. The improved physical environment would persuade urban dwellers, many of them recent immigrants to Hawaii from Asia, to become imbued with civic patriotism and better disposed toward community needs.

The Ainako Stream-Waianuenue Avenue Bridge is the earliest of the decorative arch bridges built by the county in the 1920s and 30s. The bridge was designed by En Leong Wung of the County Engineers office. Little is known of Leong, however much of the work done during this time was in collaboration with another County Engineer, William Hoy Chun. Chun was educated as an engineer at the Illinois Institute of Technology.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100005

Popular Name: Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikaalulu Gulch

Feature Carried: Paauilo Mauka Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

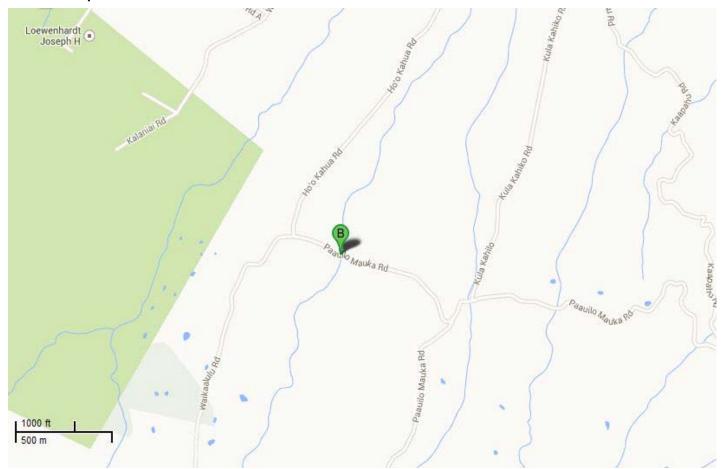
Location: TMK: 4-4-11:13

Historic Name: Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 18.0 ft.	Total Length: 22.0 ft.	Deck Width: 14.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber St	ringer		
Substructure: Masonry Ab	putment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	ck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waikaaluku Gulch Bridge carries Paauilo Mauka Road across Waikaaluku Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, and reinforced concrete abutment on east side and concrete rubble masonry abutment on west side. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100006

Popular Name: Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikaalulu Gulch

Feature Carried: Kaapahu Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-09:09

Historic Name: Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:



Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 20.0 ft.	Total Length: 24.0 ft.	Deck Width: 16.0 ft.
Superstructure: Timber S	tringer		
Substructure: Masonry At	outment		
Floor/Decking: Timber De	eck		
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waikaaluku Gulch Bridge carries Kaapahu Road across Waikaaluku Gulch. This timber stringer bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has timber railings, timber planks, concrete rubble masonry abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured and the simple design of the bridge retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its association with early developments in timber bridge construction in Hawaii. It is a good example of a 1930's timber bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001440001100008

Popular Name: Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikaalulu Gulch

Feature Carried: Kalopa Road

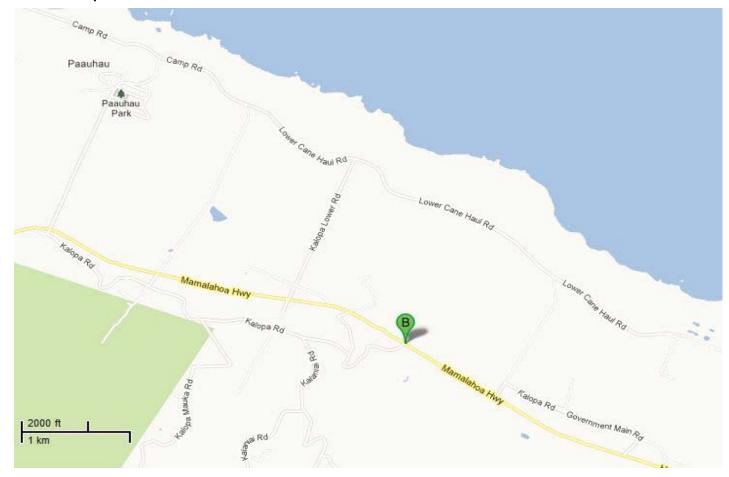
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 4-4-02:06

Historic Name: Waikaalulu Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer Construction Date: 1930 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2009

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Bridge was replaced in-kind in 2009.

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 20.0 ft. Total Length: 51.0 ft. Deck Width: 18.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Concrete Multi-column Bent

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

This timber bridge was reconstructed in-kind in 2009.

It is one of the seven bridges listed under the 2000 MOA which includes: Honomu, Kalaoa, Opea, Kalopa, Inoino, Waikaalulu, and Kaahakini.

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001320001100002

Popular Name: Waikaumalo Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikaumalo Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

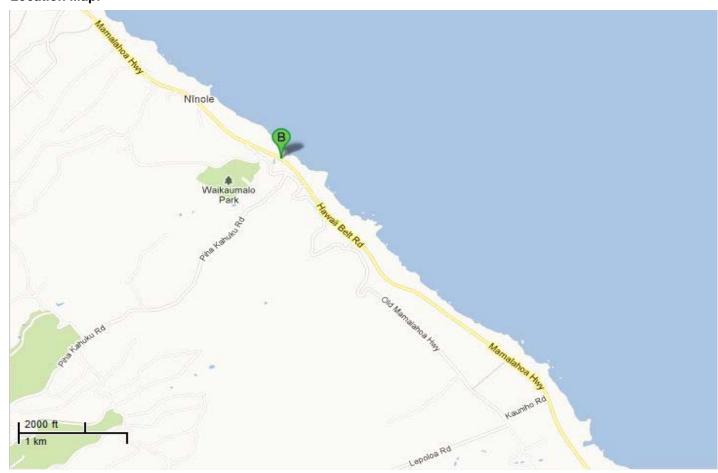
Location: TMK: 3-2-002:062

Historic Name: Waikaumalo Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer	Construction Date: 1920	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 5 Max Span: 30.0 ft. Total Length: 109.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Masonry Abutment and Timber Multi-Column Bent

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:
Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

Parts of the bridge were replaced in kind throughout the years as a way to preserve the integrity of the wooden structure.

001320001100002

Waikaumalo Stream Bridge

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001320001100003

Popular Name: Waikaumalo Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waikaumalo Stream

Feature Carried: Unnamed Road off Piha Kahuku Homestead Road

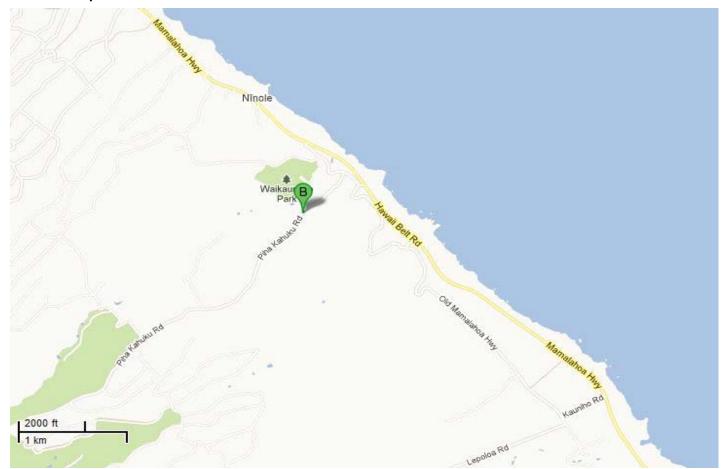
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Location: TMK: 3-2-004:027

Historic Name: Waikaumalo Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Timber Stringer Construction Date: 1930 Replaced? No

Altered? Yes Alteration Date(s): 2011

Alteration Type(s):

Alteration Description(s): Half the bridge replaced in-kind

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2 Max Span: 21.0 ft. Total Length: 41.0 ft. Deck Width: 14.0 ft.

Superstructure: Timber Stringer

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall and Concrete Double Column Pier

Floor/Decking: Timber Deck

Parapets/Railings: Wood

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waikaumalo Stream Bridge carries unnamed road off Piha Kahuku Road across Waikaumalo Stream. This two span timber stringer bridge is in its original location and is generally in good condition. The bridge has timber railings, timber deck, concrete columns and abutments. One span (half of the bridge) was replaced in-kind in 2011 as part of routine maintenance.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of a 1930's timber bridge. Although half the bridge was replaced in 2011, the materials were replaced in-kind allowing the bridge to retain its historic character.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001230001100002

Popular Name: Wailuku Bridge No.1

Feature Crossed: Wailuku River

Feature Carried: Wainaku Street

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-05m-25.63s **Latitude:** 19d-43m-34.24s

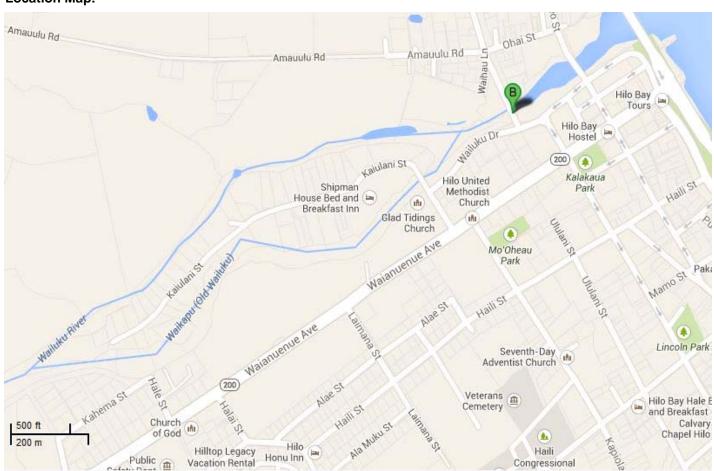
Location: TMK: 2-3-14:4

Historic Name: Wailuku Bridge No.1

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Tee Beam	Construction Date: 1919	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date	s):	
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 2	Max Span: 63.0 ft.	Total Length: 129.0 ft.	Deck Width: 41.2 ft.		
Superstructure: Concrete Tee	Beam				
Substructure: Concrete Abutm	nent Wall and Concrete W	/all Pier			
Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck	with AC Overlay				
Parapets/Railings: Concrete 0	Open Decorative				
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value	Criteria: A, C	State/National Registered? No
Current Function: Bridge	Historic	Function: Bridge
Area of Significance: Transportation, Engine	eering	
Narrative Description:		
See Mamalahoa historic district description.		

	Significance Statement:	
5	See Mamalahoa historic district description.	

General Information

Bridge Number: 001280001100001

Popular Name: Waimaauau Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waimaauau Stream

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

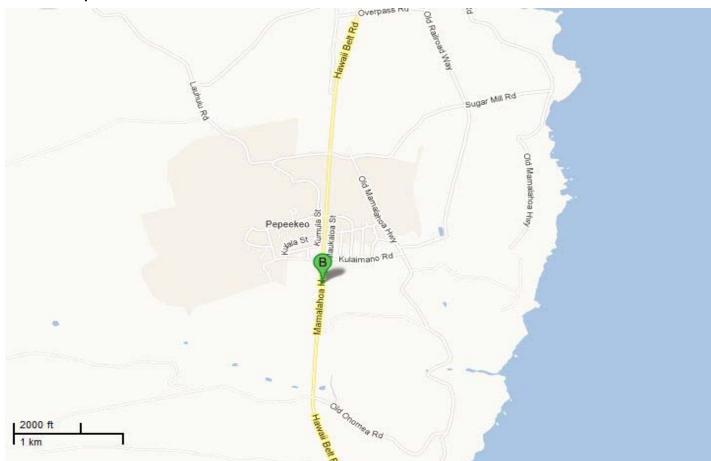
Longitude: 155d-05m-57.66s **Latitude:** 19d-50m-03.53s

Location: TMK: 2-8-07:06

Historic Name: Waimaauau Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Concrete Slab	Construction Date: 1930	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1 Max Span: 17.0 ft. Total Length: 20.0 ft. Deck Width: 20.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Slab

Substructure: Masonry Abutment

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid Panel

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:
See Mamalahoa historic district description.

001280001100001

Waimaauau Stream Bridge

Significance Statement:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001020001400450

Popular Name: Waipahoehoe Stream Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waipahoehoe Stream

Feature Carried: Kaumana Drive

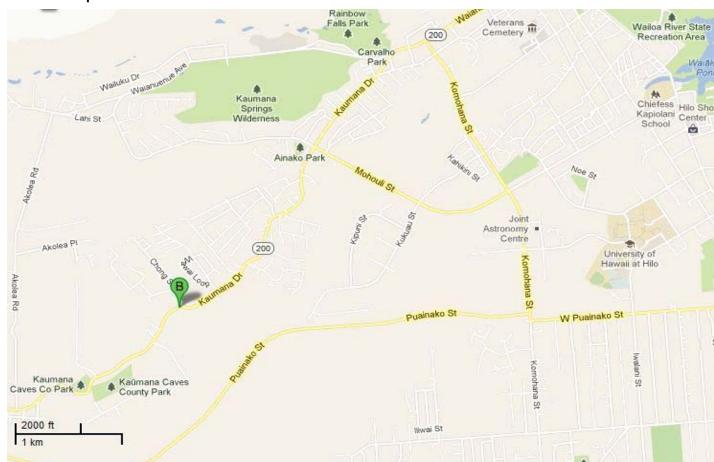
Milepost: 4.60 mi. County Private: Hawaii

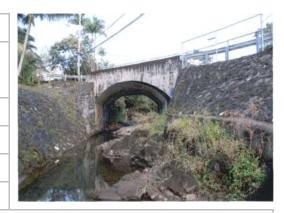
Location: TMK: 2-5-011:016

Historic Name: Waipahoehoe Stream Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Closed Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1924	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 24.0 ft.	Total Length: 34.0 ft.	Deck Width: 30.0 ft.	
Superstructure: Concrete	Closed Spandrel Arch			
Substructure: Concrete Al	outment Wall			
Floor/Decking: AC Pavement				
Parapets/Railings: Concrete Solid with Cap				
Setting:				
Other Features:				

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Engineering

Narrative Description:

The Waipahoehoe Stream Bridge carries Kaumana Drive across Waipahoehoe Stream. This cast in place concrete arch bridge is in its original location, is generally in good condition, and its materials remain intact. The bridge has concrete solid parapets with curved caps. The concrete deck is supported by concrete abutments. The workmanship of the bridge has not been obscured by additions or repairs. The simple design of the parapet retains its historic feeling.

This bridge is eligible under Criterion C as a rare example of a 1920's reinforced concrete round arch bridge that is typical of its period in its use of materials, method of construction, craftsmanship, and design. Arch bridges are also an uncommon bridge type.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001430001100001

Popular Name: Waipunahina Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waipunahina Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Mamalahoa Highway

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

Longitude: 155d-22m-48.63s **Latitude:** 20d-02m-37.42s

Location: TMK: 4-3-03:31

Historic Name: Waipunahina Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer:

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Open Spandrel Arch	Construction Date: 1928	Replaced?	No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):			
Alteration Type(s):			
Alteration Description(s):			

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 3 Max Span: 80.0 ft. Total Length: 118.0 ft. Deck Width: 23.0 ft.

Superstructure: Concrete Open Spandrel Arch

Substructure: Concrete Abutment Wall

Floor/Decking: Concrete Deck with AC Overlay

Parapets/Railings: Concrete Open Decorative

Setting:

Other Features:

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: High Preservation Value Criteria: A, C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Transportation, Engineering

Narrative Description:

See Mamalahoa historic district description.

In 2006 the Kiholo Bay Earthquake damaged the Hamakua side of the bridge. Repairs made in-kind were completed in September 2010.

Significance Statement:	
This bridge is an arch bridge which is an uncommon bridge type.	See Mamalahoa historic district description.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001620001100001

Popular Name: Waiulaula Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waiulaula Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Puako Road

Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

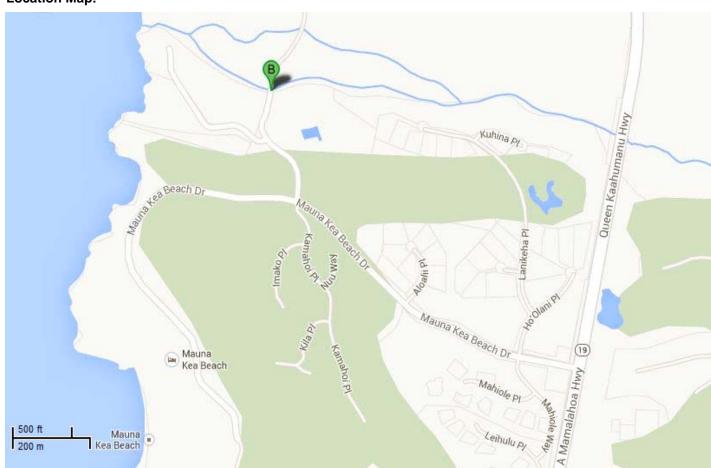
Longitude: 155d-49m-18.99s **Latitude:** 20d-00m-44.51s

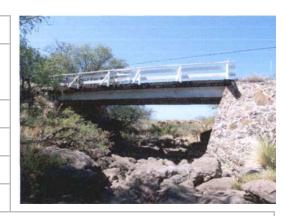
Location: TMK: 6-2-02:005

Historic Name: Waiulaula Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer: Y. Inaba and A. W. Bryie

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1951	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 37.0 ft.	Total Length: 42.0 ft.	Deck Width: 19.0 ft.
Superstructure: Steel Multi-Gir	rder		
Substructure: Masonry Abutme	ent		
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck			
Parapets/Railings: Wood			
Setting:			
Other Features:			

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Structural type

Narrative Description:

The Waiulaula Gulch Structure #1 is a steel girder structure, constructed in 1951 to carry Old Puako Road (Kawaihae-Puako Road) over Wailaula Gulch. It was planned to assist with the construction of Kawaihae-Puako Road from Kawaihea Park through the Puako Beach Subdivision. The rural setting is surrounded by the lush vegetation at the Mauna Kea Resort and Puako subdivision nearby. There has been no change to the original design or materials. The engineering of the bridge is neither complex nor typical for the era, but the workmanship of the bridge is good, and is not obscured by repairs or additions. The superstructure consists of stringers laid on the diagonal. The guardrails are painted wood and the decking is made up to 3x12 timbers. The timber decking is consistent with the original design and materials and is an important element of this bridge's rating. Nuts and washers securing the planks to the steel stringers are missing in places. The rustic setting along with the painted wood railing, unfinished wood decking and narrow width contribute greatly to the overall historic feeling of the bridge.

This bridge is located on private land and in 2013 the County of Hawaii was in the process of turning over the ownership to the private property owner.

The Waiulaula Gulch Structure #1 is eligible under Criterion C due to its distinct structural type for the area. Steel stringers were constructed in Hawaii primarily for industrial and railroad bridges. Ornamentation, if any, was usually limited to the pattern of the railings. The use of steel was uncommon in Hawaii due to the extreme marine environment. Since very little steel is used for bridge construction in Hawaii, this bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its distinctive structural type.

General Information

Bridge Number: 001620001100002

Popular Name: Waiulaula Gulch Bridge

Feature Crossed: Waiulaula Gulch

Feature Carried: Old Puako Road

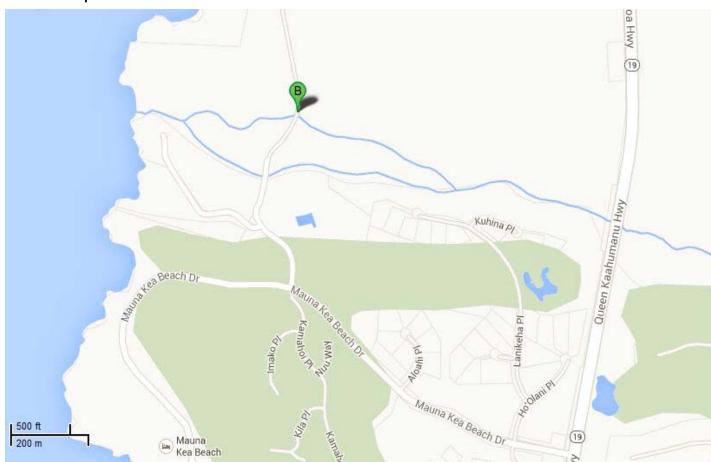
Milepost: County Private: Hawaii

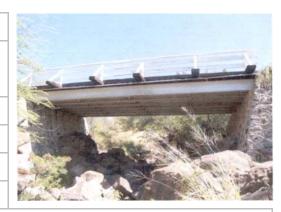
Location: TMK: 6-2-002:006

Historic Name: Waiulaula Gulch Bridge

Designer/Engineer: Y. Inaba and A. W. Bryie

Builder/Contractor:





Bridge Type: Steel Stringer	Construction Date: 1951	Replaced? No
Altered? No Alteration Date(s):		
Alteration Type(s):		
Alteration Description(s):		

Bridge Information

Number of Spans: 1	Max Span: 37.0 ft.	Total Length: 42.0 ft.	Deck Width: 20.0 ft.		
Superstructure: Steel Multi-Gi	Superstructure: Steel Multi-Girder				
Substructure: Masonry Abutment					
Floor/Decking: Timber Deck					
Parapets/Railings: Wood					
Setting:					
Other Features:					

Historic Association

Eligibility Status: Eligible Criteria: C State/National Registered? No

Current Function: Bridge Historic Function: Bridge

Area of Significance: Structural type

Narrative Description:

The Waiulaula Gulch Structure #2 is a steel girder structure, constructed in 1951 to carry Old Puako Road (Kawaihae-Puako Road) over Wailaula Gulch. It was planned to assist with the construction of Kawaihae-Puako Road from Kawaihea Park through the Puako Beach Subdivision. The rural setting is surrounded by the lush vegetation at the Mauna Kea Resort and Puako subdivision nearby. There has been no change to the original design or materials. The engineering of the bridge is neither complex nor typical for the era, but the workmanship of the bridge is good, and is not obscured by repairs or additions. The superstructure consists of stringers laid on the diagonal. The guardrails are painted wood and the decking is made up to 3x12 timbers. The timber decking is consistent with the original design and materials and is an important element of this bridge's rating. Nuts and washers securing the planks to the steel stringers are missing in places. The rustic setting along with the painted wood railing, unfinished wood decking and narrow width contribute greatly to the overall historic feeling of the bridge.

This bridge is located on private land and in 2013 the County of Hawaii was in the process of turning over the ownership to the private property owner.

The Waiulaula Gulch Structure #2 is eligible under Criterion C due to its distinct structural type for the area. Steel stringers were constructed in Hawaii primarily for industrial and railroad bridges. Ornamentation, if any, was usually limited to the pattern of the railings. The use of steel was uncommon in Hawaii due to the extreme marine environment. Since very little steel is used for bridge construction in Hawaii, this bridge is eligible under Criterion C for its distinctive structural type.